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# History of the 10th Battalion A.I.F.



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To -  
"THE DIGGER"





## Preface

It was not intended that this should be a detailed history of the battalion, but rather a brief sketch of the chief events during the past four years.

Owing to the difficulties both in writing and preserving, many of the earlier records, even when written, have been mislaid or destroyed, leaving in one case a gap of many months.

Later, however, when some of these records do come to hand, a fuller account will doubtless be written.

The majority of the material has been taken from The Battalion and 3rd Brigade War Diaries, Sir Ian Hamilton's Dispatches, and John Masefield's "Gallipoli."

I have to thank Major J. L. Treloar, Lieut. J. Balfour, and "War Records" Staff for the great assistance they have given, and for permission to use the official photographs. Many of the more recent of these are not yet available, but will be within a few weeks.

The book I have dedicated to The Australian "Digger." A man of "infinite variety"; rough often in manner and speech, but warm of heart and true as steel, with a never-failing sense of humour that has carried him through many a hard time; and with a capacity for being led only equalled by that of refusing to be driven. In all—soldier, sportsman, friend.



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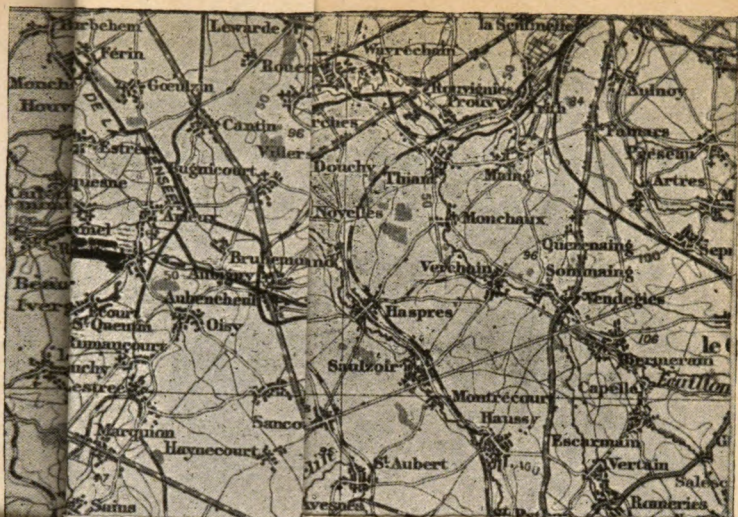
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## History of the 10th Battalion A.I.F.

CONTRARY to the expectations and hopes of Germany, Australia did not seize the apparently golden opportunity, which the war presented, of casting herself free from British rule, but instantly decided that where the mother country was threatened there Australia must be represented.

England declared war on the 4th of August, and by the 5th many men had already offered their services; and when, by the 16th, the machinery for enrolling and attesting had been set in motion, there was a great rush to join up.

**1914  
August  
5—16**

The medical test was too stringent to allow many who wished to come away, and hundreds of men not quite up to the standard were turned down, most of them to reappear shortly for further attempts.

**Medical test**

On the 19th, Lt.-Col. Weir, having been chosen to command the 10th Infantry Battalion, which was to be South Australia's quota to the Australian Expeditionary Force, and having previously selected his staff, proceeded to Mr. Hawke's estate at Morphettsville, and commenced enrolling and attesting.

The next few weeks were busy ones spent in equipping, organising, and training men of all ages, occupations and dispositions into something like a fighting unit.

By the middle of October arrangements were sufficiently completed for transferring the force to its unknown but much conjectured destination, and, after one or two false alarms, the 10th Battalion, 1,001 strong, embarked on s.s. *Ascanius* on 20th October, and at 4.30. P.M. the same day left the Outer Harbour.

**October 20  
Ascanius**

Those who saw them, South Australia's first contri-

bution to the world war, leave, and many who did not, will never forget that day.

Some of them were men who had already seen service and knew something of the meaning of war ; many were mere boys who did not realise what they had to face—nor had they known, would it have made any difference—others were men in or past the prime of life, leaving behind a business or trade which would never afterwards be the same, but the same spirit possessed them all as they left the shores of their birth. England's and humanity's cause needed help, and what small assistance they could render they were willing to give.

Some would not return to the country for many months, some would come back crippled for life, many there were amongst that crowd who, before many months had elapsed, would have given their all without a murmur for those things they valued more dearly than life itself.

Such was the battalion as it left Australia. The men were keen, resourceful and fearless, from every State in Australia, and from almost every town in the Central State.

Men from banks, mines, shops, foundries, farms and business houses, of utterly different dispositions and tastes, all welded into one single body, with a common desire to see the Motherland, Europe, the World through the crisis through which it was passing.

As a fighting entity then totally unknown to themselves, to the British Empire, to the world in general, they have made the traditions which have been so jealously guarded and upheld ever since.

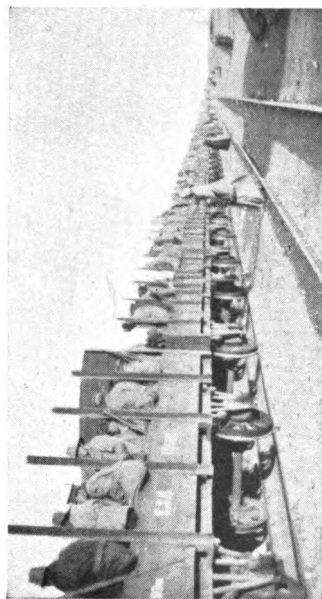
On the 25th, after picking up the greater part of the 11th Battalion at Fremantle, which was left on the 2nd November, the *Ascanius* set out for the main convoy which it joined on the 4th.

At 7.15 on the morning of the 9th, the wireless intercepted an S.O.S. message from Cocos ; H.M.A.S. *Sydney* immediately steamed West, and at 11.15 A.M. the following message was received.

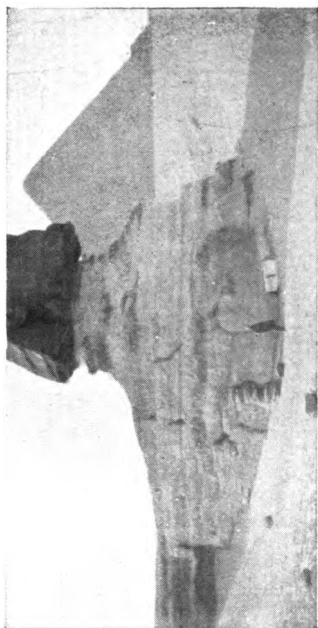
"*Emden* beached and done for." The enthusiasm was tremendous on board the boats. The Australian Navy had tasted blood in its first naval engagement, and had been successful.

After this the trip to Colombo was uneventful, and that port being reached on the 15th the convoy lay out-

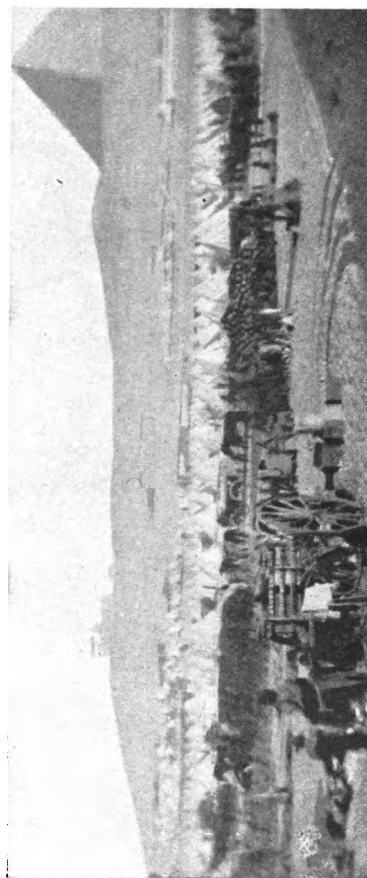
11th Bat-  
talion  
Fremantle  
October 25



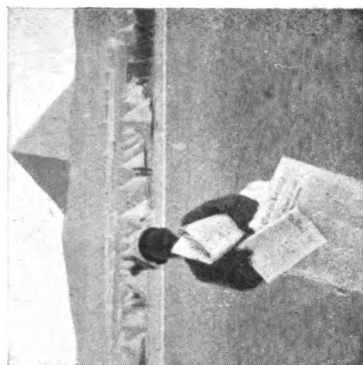
Entraining for Suez Canal



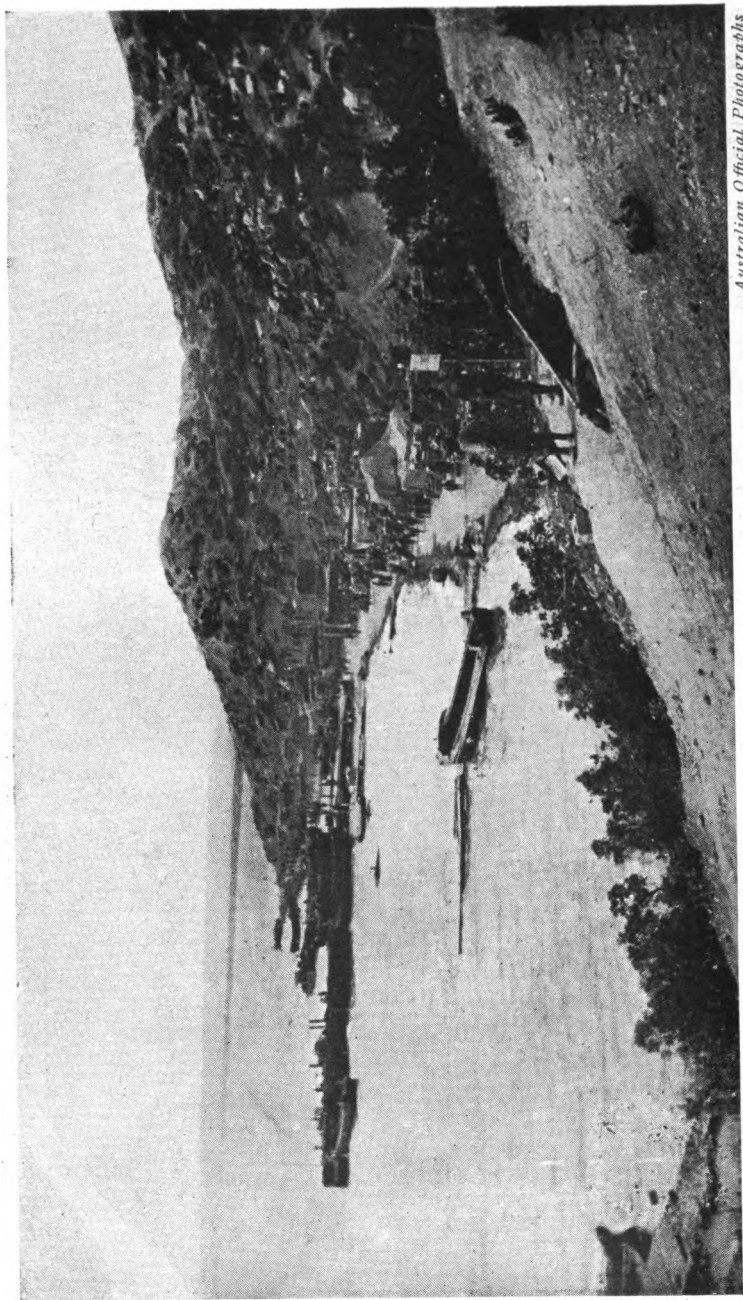
Sphinx



Camp at Mena, November, 1914



"Good News!  
*Egyptian Times to-morrow*"



*Australian Official Photographs*

**Beach Scene where the Anzacs landed, Dardanelles**

side till the 17th. Shortly after leaving Colombo the *Ascanius* collided with the *Shropshire*, causing a rent 26 feet in length in the side of the forward bow of the former.

The men fell in in perfect order with lifebelts, and *Shropshire* stood to on the boat decks. Luckily, however, the rend was above the water line, the sea calm, and no water was made.

On December 5th, after passing Aden, Suez, and Port **Alexandria** Said, the boat arrived at Alexandria.

The next day, Sunday, 6th, the wharf was reached, **1914—Mena** and on Monday the battalion disembarked and entrained to Cairo, moving from there to Mena Camp, where it remained in training for nearly three months.

After a training as vigorous as it was thorough—combing out as it did all who were not in the “pink” of condition—the battalion set out on its next step in the great adventure.

During the few short weeks, however, Cairo and its environs saw a great deal of these brown and hefty trainees, and by the end of that time, there were few places which were not known and explored by them.

The pyramids. Sphinx, and the thousand wonders of a country with such a past, the very antiquity of the place, the spirit of the desert, which somewhat resembled their own land in some of its characteristics, cast their inevitable spell over the hearts of the men, and many there were who were genuinely sorry to leave it.

On February 28th the camp at Mena was left. The **Ionian** battalion entrained at Cairo for Alexandria, and the **March 1** next day, together with the 9th Battalion, embarked on the s.s. *Ionian*.

Leaving on March 2nd, the boat arrived at Lemnos on the 4th after an uneventful trip. Here the 9th Battalion disembarked, landing at Mudros, where it camped in tents; the 10th, however, remained on board the *Ionian* for their seven weeks' stay, landing when the weather permitted at Telikna Point for training.

The accommodation on board the ship, however, was not all that could be desired from the men's point of view; the ventilation was far from good, men slept on the decks, which were hard, often damp, and always alive with vermin.

Towards the middle of April, the project of the land-



ing on Gallipoli became known, and on the 16th the battalion was taken in boats to H.M.S. *Prince of Wales*, to practise disembarking and landing. This was repeated two or three times and the men soon became expert in rope climbing and descent.

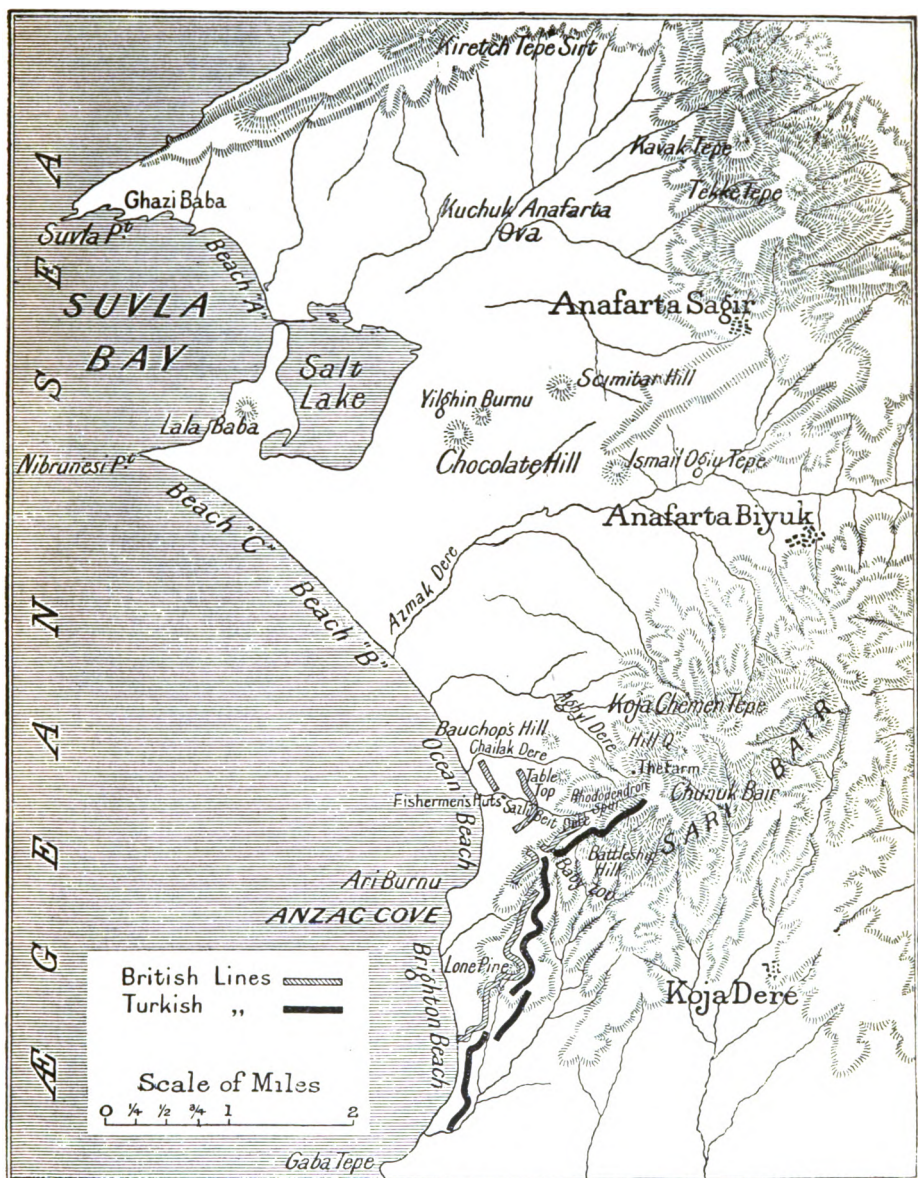
It was here that the colours, purple and blue, were issued to the men to sew on their tunics. By the 24th, all preparations being complete, "B" and "C" Companies, under Major Oldham and Captain Jacob, plus Battalion H.Q., transferred from the *Ionian* to H.M.S. *Prince of Wales*, and later on "A" and "D" Companies, under Major Beevor and Captain Herbert, to the destroyers *Foxhound* and *Scourge*.

Sir Ian Hamilton had made a personal reconnaissance of the Peninsula, and had selected S. Y. X. V. W.—Z (Gaba Tepe)—Kumkale as landing places. At the first five, the main thrust, the 29th Division were to attack, Z beach, near Gaba Tepe, being allotted to the Australian and N.Z. Army Corps, while the French were to create a diversion and draw fire at Kumkale.

The boats, escorted by a squadron of the Fleet, sailed out of Mudros Bay on the afternoon of April 24th, and arrived at the rendezvous just after 1.30 A.M. At 3 A.M. Sunday, "B" and "C" Companies and B.H.Q. left H.M.S. *Prince of Wales* in lifeboats, and were towed to within 50 yards of the shore—this was done in absolute silence. The weather was perfect, dawn was just breaking, and the tension of feeling was almost at breaking point; so still was everything that it was thought that the landing would be unopposed, but when about 30 yards from the beach, one solitary rifle opened fire closely followed by others, until the whole beach was swept with a terrific rifle and machine-gun fire—but still the boats moved on.

They were rowed in as close as possible to the beach in about 3 feet of water, often more, and the men leapt into the water and with full packs waded ashore. Some were killed before they left the boats, some, wounded in the water, never got out alive, but the others, flinging aside their packs and fixing their bayonets, charged the Turks, who broke and fled, closely pursued by men of the 9th, 10th, 11th Battalions, who were all mixed together.

Shortly after the "A" and "D" Companies reached the beach, and under heavy shrapnel and machine-gun



[By permission of Stanford's Geographical Establishment, London.]

## GALLIPOLI



fire pushed on and joined in the general advance. By 8.30 A.M. they were about one mile inland and holding the big hill and ridge in front of it ; then, pushing on to Shrapnel Hill, tried to reorganise.

"All over the broken cliffs there were isolated fights to the death. No man on our side knew that cracked and fissured jungle. Men broke through it on to machine guns and bombs. It was only just light. Theirs was the first survey of that wild country. They pressed on up the cliff—dropped—fired—died. They drove the Turks back, wormed their way through bushes, stalking and sniping.

"There was no thought of surrender—they were the flower of this world's manhood, and they died as they had lived, owning no master on this earth."\*

The shape of the ground which had been won was a rough semicircle, with the beach, about 1,000 yards, for its diameter.

By 2 P.M. the 12,000 men of the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Brigades had been landed, together with two Indian Mountain Batteries.

At 4.15 P.M. the Turks delivered two counter-attacks against the 3rd Brigade and the left of the 2nd, and for four hours they attacked from superior positions with many guns, in overwhelming numbers and with fresh troops, 8,000 at most of our tired and disorganised men.

The guns from the ships opened on them, and the attack for the time gradually withered away.

Then came the darkness, but with it no rest—the night was bitterly cold, and all night long the men toiled at the digging, only stopping to beat back an enemy attack.

All night long they laboured with little or no food, digging, carrying, fighting, and when day came the Turks again attacked with overwhelming superiority in men and artillery and position, but again, with the aid of the guns from the ships, the Turks were driven back, beaten and broken, and our men, seizing the opportunity, charged and seized new ground and dug in. By the night of the 26th the position had been consolidated.

"They had proved how vain the German brag that we would never be able to land."

On the body of a Turk officer was found a letter to his wife full of personal matters containing the following :

\* John Masefield's "Gallipoli."

"These British are the finest fighters in the world; we have chosen the wrong friends."

To use Vice-Admiral John de Robeck's words:—"At Gaba Tepe the landing and dash of the Australian Brigade for the cliffs was magnificent—nothing could stop such men. The Australian and New Zealand Army Corps in this, their first battle, set a standard as high as that of any army in history, and one of which their countrymen have every reason to be proud." The news of their landing flew across the seas. Their country was proud of them and paid tribute to the men who had fallen in their first battle.

**"Shell  
Green"**

In the meantime the men, completely exhausted by the tremendous exertion, without proper food or rest, and under the constant strain of counter-attacks, made by a desperate and ever reinforced enemy, on the 28th were relieved by a Battalion of the R.M.L. Infantry, and marching to "Shell Green," bivouacked in the small gully.

**May 1**

Thirteen officers, 380 other ranks answered the roll call. Here the battalion rested until the 1st of May, when it relieved the 9th Battalion on the extreme right, and on the 5th of May relieved the 11th Battalion further on the left.

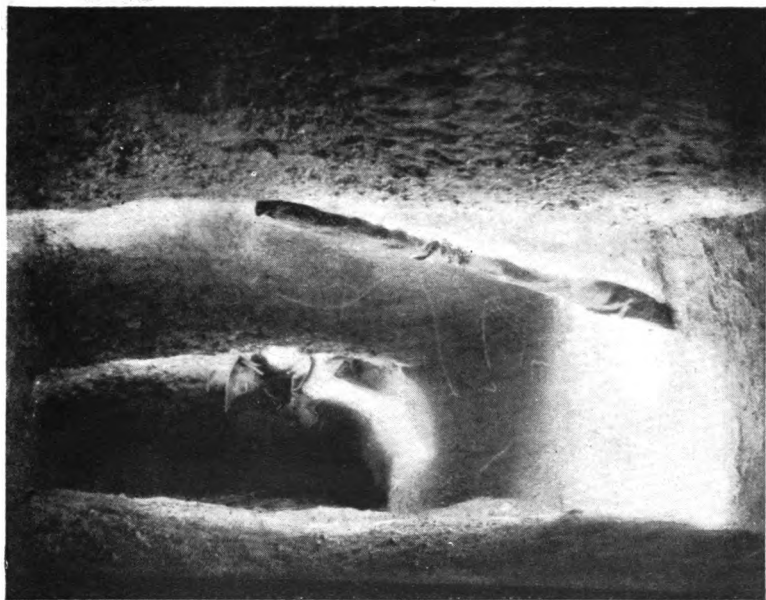
During the next three weeks the artillery fire was constant and the fighting continuous.

On the night 9-10th, an assault was delivered against the enemy positions at Quinn's Post, which was captured at the point of the bayonet, but the next day, during the counter-attack, had to be evacuated; but our guns did great work, and a captured Turk diary said that 600 Turks had been killed and 2,000 wounded. So the days wore on. Russia, who was to have rendered assistance by an attack in the North, was hard pressed in Poland, and the Turk reserves, which she would have diverted, were now available for use against our forces on the Peninsula.

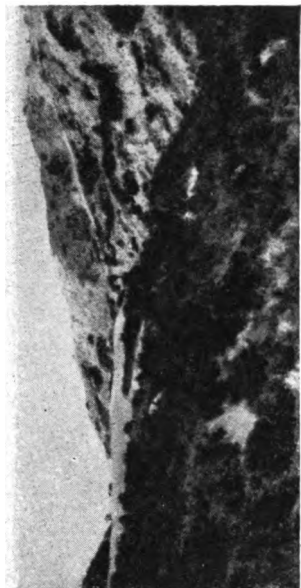
Nothing more could be done until further and fresh forces could be obtained—until then there was nothing to do but to hold on.

**Great attack**

On May 19th the enemy attacked in great force. They came on in two solid lines, but they were mown down by our fire, and the attack like the others came to nothing.



**Fire Trench, Silt Spur**

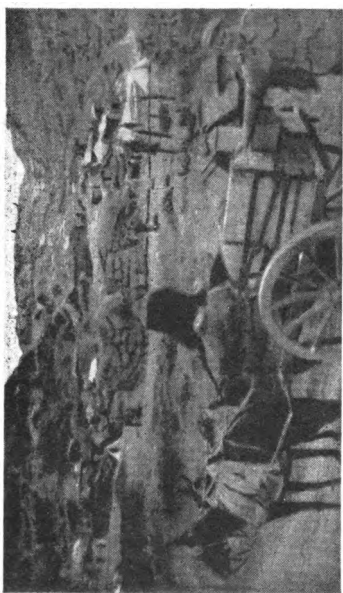


**Shell Green where Battalion bivouacked after landing**

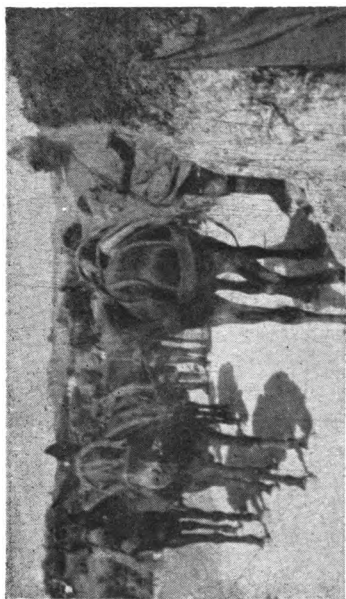


**Water Carriers, Peninsula**

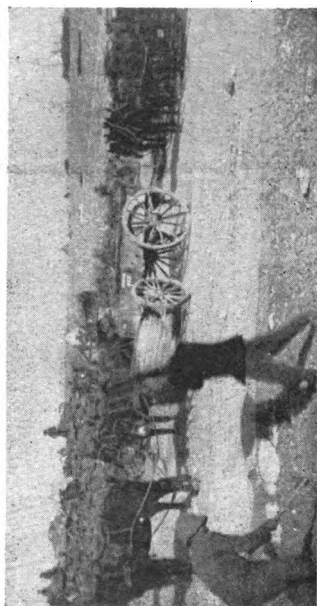




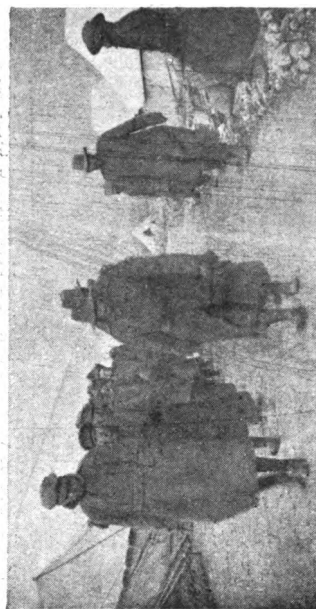
Indian Camp, Shrapnel Valley



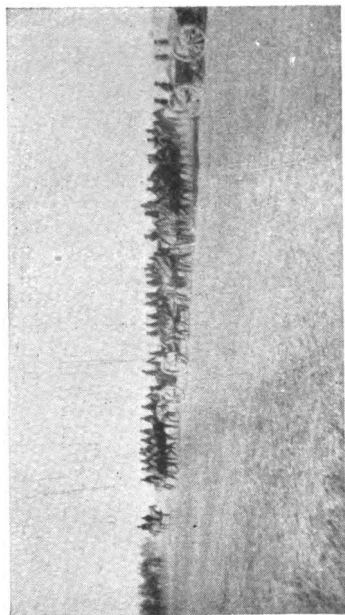
Indian Mules with Stores



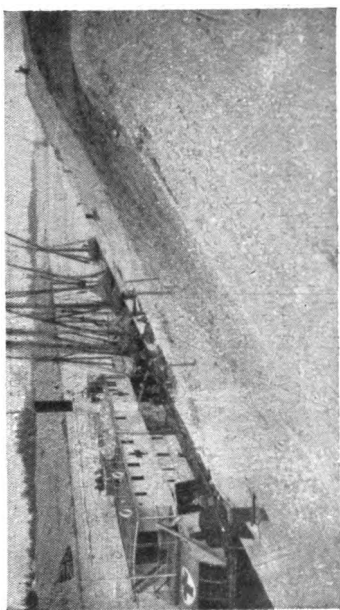
Landing at Lemnos



Cold Weather at Lemnos



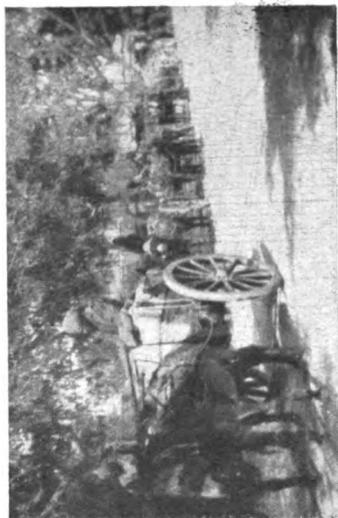
Review by Sir Archibald Murray



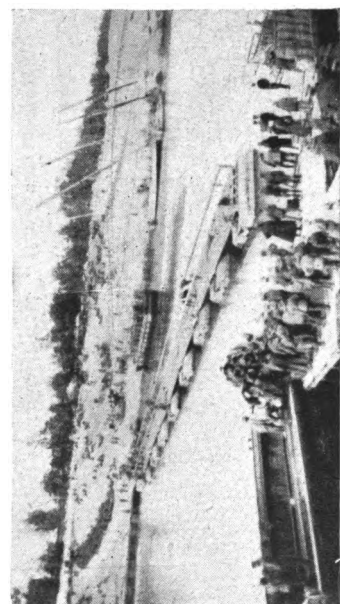
Canal Hospital Boat



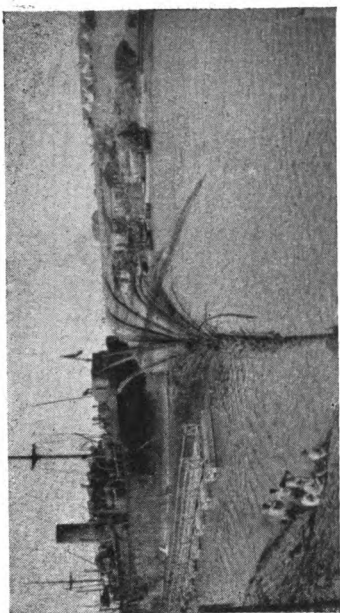
Ismailia. Sweet Water Canal



Ismailia



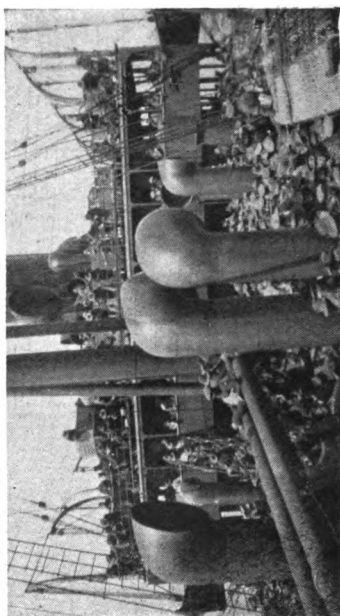
Serapeum, February, 1916



Serapeum



Gebel-Habieta



En route for Marseilles

So great was the stench from the bodies that, on the 24th, an armistice was granted from 7.30 A.M. to 4.30 P.M. for the purpose of burying the dead, and over 3,000 Turks were buried that day.

**Armistice  
May 24**

Summer was almost at hand, and with it came the plague of flies and other insects which made life almost unbearable. The heat was awful, good water, scarce at the beginning, was daily becoming scarcer—the wells which had supplied much of it had with the hot weather completely given out, and two-thirds of the water supply had to be brought from abroad and stored.

The daily ration of water, sometimes in the intensest heat, for all purposes did not exceed a pint or at most a pint and a half.

On the top of this came diarrhœa, dysentery and fever, until nearly every man on Gallipoli was suffering from disease, with vitality considerably lowered. From the 8th to the 11th of June the battalion had a short respite at Imbros. The men lived in tents, with an ample supply of wood, water and rations. Bathing was frequent, and fruit and sundry groceries were obtainable there. The spell, short though it was, was much appreciated, being like a huge picnic.

**Imbros  
June 8-11**

On the 11th, Sunday evening, the battalion returned to Anzac, and on the 13th relieved the 11th Battalion in the line.

With the return, under the constant fatigues and strain, the diarrhœa became very bad.

And yet while these things were going on, in addition to their own duties in the front line, the men at Anzac in preparation for the force which had to be landed and hidden until ready for the vital attack in August, dug no less than 20 miles of trenches—accommodation for 30,000 men, and during the nights 3rd, 4th, and 5th August, besides helping to disembark that force, carried ashore 1,000 tons of shells, cartridges, and food, hundreds of horses and mules, many guns, and 200 or 300 water and ammunition carts.

The first blow in April had failed to open the Narrows to the Fleet, owing to the inability to press on, due to lack of fresh troops. It was believed and hoped that the second attempt—consisting of an attack at Helles to contain the Turks in the South, one on the right of Anzac to hold the Turks at Anzac, and men on the left

of Anzac landing at Suvla to deal the main blow on Sari Bair—would be successful.

And if Sari Bair—the ridge that dominated the Anzac position—were taken, it would mean the closing of the road to Turk reinforcements and the opening of the Narrows to the Fleet. It meant victory, and the beginning of the end of the war.

#### **August operations**

In the August operations, the battalion, with the exception of holding the existing lines played no active part.

##### **1. Helles**

On the 6th a desperate battle began at Helles which lasted for seven days, and certainly succeeded in achieving its end of holding the Turks forces in the South.

##### **2. Lone Pine**

During the 3rd, 4th, 5th, and 6th, Lone Pine defences in front of Anzac Position were subjected to bombardment from the warships, and at 5.30 P.M. on the 6th the attacking force of the 1st Brigade rushed the enemy trenches, and after a tremendous hand-to-hand conflict had, by 6.20 P.M. captured and consolidated the position.

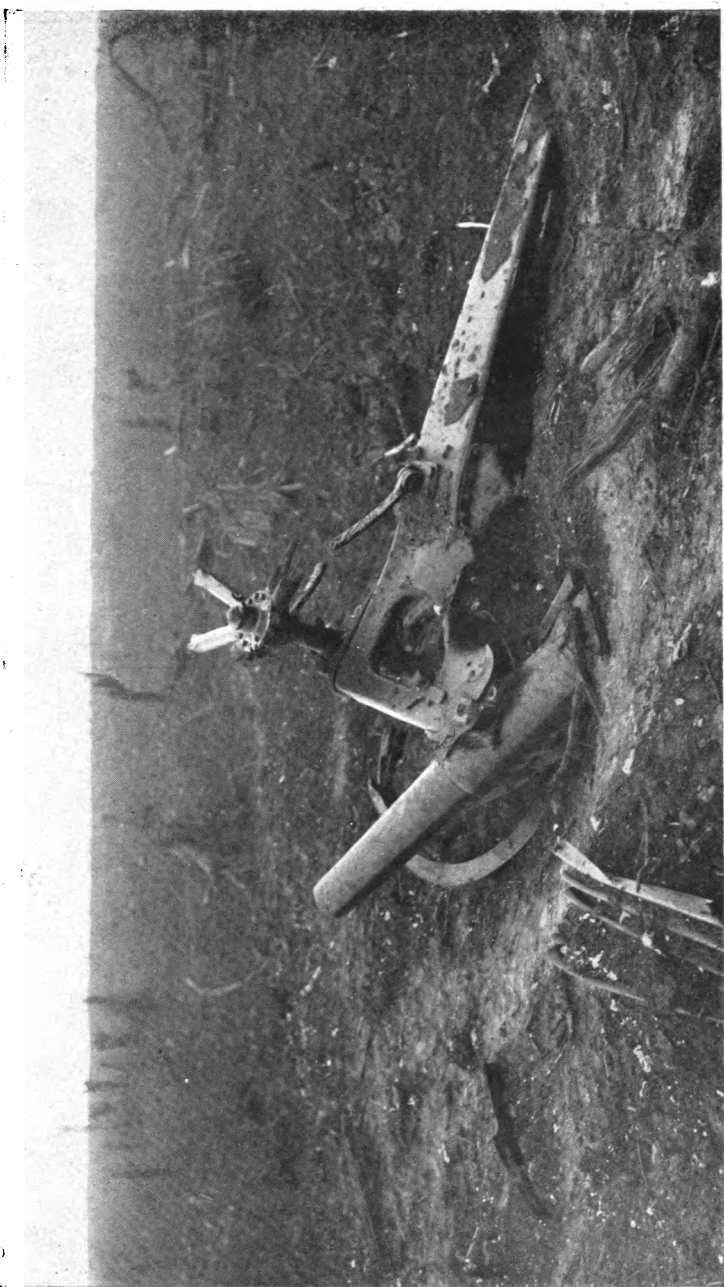
The next day, August 7th, for five hours the enemy attacked, and with bomb and bayonet tried to drive out our men, but despite the casualties, which were great, the position was held. During this time the men held on for five more days amid the stench of corpses five to the yard, until Lone Pine was ours.

##### **3. Suvla**

In the main battle of Suvla, the four columns, two to protect flanks, and two to work up the Deres, the dry water courses, which led to the heart of the high ground of Chunuk Bair and Kojia Chemin Tepe, met strong opposition.

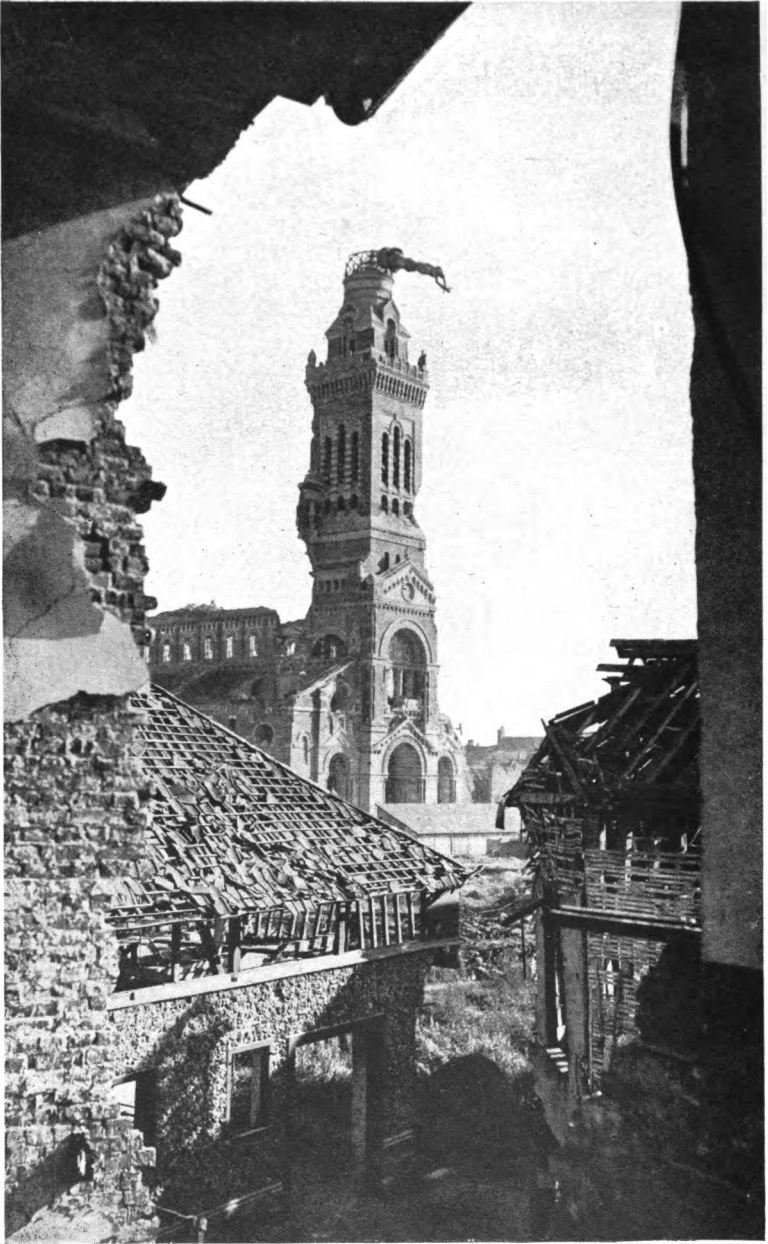
These Deres, however, were taken and cleared, and after tremendous losses on the 8th, Chunuk Bair was taken on the right; the centre was held near Hill Q, while the left had been forced back. Both sides were practically exhausted. Fresh troops would turn the tide of victory in favour of either side. It was a race with the Turk for reserves. Would the troops landing at Suvla be in time?

The confusion in landing, and the difficulty in communication, preventing the earlier despatch of the sorely needed troops, decided the issue. When they arrived it was too late. The race had been run and the Turk had won, and when the troops did arrive the Turks were there before them.



*Australian Official Photographs*

## Pozières



*Australian Official Photographs*

**Albert Cathedral**

"The left had failed; the main blow of the battle of Sari Bair (to which Lone Pine was but a side show to divert the enemy) was to receive no help from Suvla."

A blow was delivered, however, despite the lack of help from Suvla, but at the last moment, when the issue seemed certain, victory was snatched from our hands, and on the 10th the Turks, seeing our line waver, attacked in mass with 15,000 men. "They came packed shoulder to shoulder," and swept down on our men. Rank after rank was shot down and still they came on, but when they swarmed over the crest at Chunuk Bair, from which our men were driven, the guns from the ships opened on them. "They died in thousands," but they still came on until finally they were brought up by our reserves.

The thrust for Sari Bair had failed. On the 21st of August the 29th Division by a brilliant success at Scimitar Hill secured the position at Suvla Bay, but after that no other attempt was made to pierce the Peninsula.

In the five days' fighting one quarter of the Army had been lost, and the reserves of ammunition shot away.

And now the dysentery which had been bad before, increased beyond all measure. Flies and vermin were everywhere, and the men's health gave way under the strain. They were evacuated at the rate of hundreds per day, utterly exhausted and worn out by privation and disease.

Since the main object had failed, the question arose as to whether the force of 100,000 men on Gallipoli were containing enough Turks to justify their remaining on the Peninsula. It was decided that they were not, and the blizzard towards the end of November hastened the preparations for embarkation.

The 3rd Brigade, however, did not wait until the general evacuation in December. At 21.00 on the 16th November, the 9th and 11th Battalions embarked for Mudros, followed by the 10th and 12th on the 21st and 25th respectively.

They had no sooner arrived at Mudros than the blizzard which caused so many casualties on Gallipoli, came upon them. That blizzard "which in four days by flood and frost caused 200 deaths, 10,000 unfit for further service, and 30,000 sickened and made old."

On the 8th of December the evacuation of Anzac



was ordered to begin, and on the night 19th—20th, our men left Anzac unmolested.

"They had lost no honour—they had failed to take Gallipoli, but they had fought a battle such as has never been fought upon the earth. What they had done will become a glory for ever, wherever the deeds of heroic and unhelped men are honoured, pitied and understood.

"They went up against an impregnable fort, without guns, without munitions, without help, and without drink; they climbed a scarp, and held it by their own glorious manhood, quickened by a word from their chief."\*

So they left the country of their first great adventure, but often their thoughts turned back to that little cove where:—

"There's a lonely stretch of hillocks:  
There's a beach asleep and drear:  
There's a battered broken fort beside the sea.  
There are sunken trampled graves:  
And a little rotting pier:  
And winding paths that wind unceasingly.

"There's a torn and silent valley:  
There's a tiny rivulet  
With some blood upon the stones beside its mouth  
There are lines of buried bones:  
There's an unpaid waiting debt:  
There's a sound of gentle sobbing in the South."†

#### Egypt, 1916

On the 26th of December the battalion left Lemnos and arrived on the 29th at Alexandria, where it disembarked and entrained to Tel-el-Kebir.

Towards the end of January, after having spent the time in resting, reorganising and training, the 3rd brigade proceeded to the Suez Canal Defences at Habieta, where it spent nearly two months in an outpost system digging trenches that filled in often as fast as they were dug.

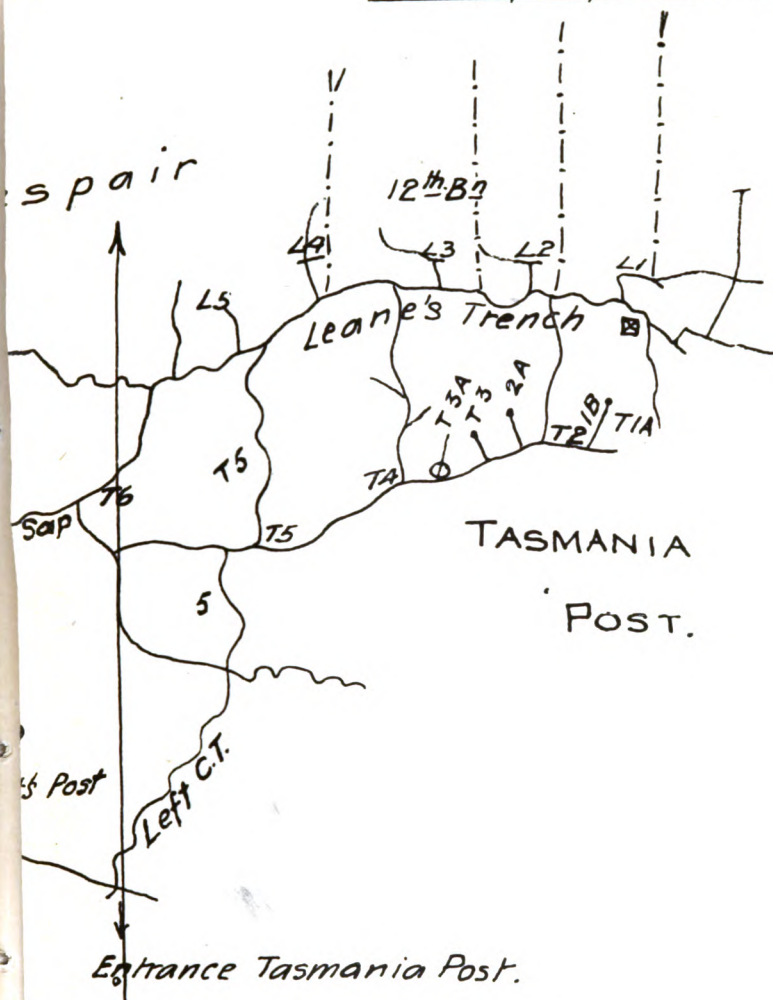
Here it was that the battalions were split to form the 4th division, each battalion sending 500 all ranks. The sister battalion to the 10th was the 50th battalion.

Despite this drain on its strength the battalion was soon full strength again, and on the 28th of March it embarked on the *Saxonia*, together with the 9th battalion and brigade headquarters bound for France.

\* Masfield's "Gallipoli."

† "Songs of a Campaign" —Leon Gellert,

Corrected up to Sept: 14<sup>th</sup> 1915 L.W.B.



3<sup>rd</sup> Bn H.Q.



## FRANCE, 1916

Marseilles was reached on April 2nd, and after a three-days' train journey through some of the most beautiful parts of France, a revelation in freshness and beauty after the barren plains of Egypt, the battalion billeted in the vicinity of Strazeele. **Strazeele**

Two days later the transport, which had been re-equipped at Abbeville, rejoined the battalion.

At Strazeele, the time was spent in training and instruction in the new kind of gas helmet (P.H.), and after about a fortnight the battalion proceeded on the 20th to Saily where it billeted in divisional reserve.

Here, the battalion had a very happy training ground, the sector was a quiet one, the inhabitants were living practically in the line, and they were nothing if not hospitable. If this was a sample of warfare in France the "Digger" was convinced that "it would do him."

The 25th of April, the anniversary of the landing on Gallipoli, brought back many a memory both pleasant and otherwise to the men who, for seven months, had made that small patch of land a home. The same day an inspection was held by Generals Plumer, Walker, and McLagan, followed, two days later, by one by Sir Douglas Haig, Commander-in-Chief of the British Armies in France. **"Anzac Day"**

On the night of June 6th, the Battalion went into the line for the first time in France, and remained in for the rest of the month. Twice during that time gas alarms were sounded, but no gas came.

Though at times the artillery fire on both sides was fairly heavy, and a raid was made on the 11th battalion, the sector was a quiet one—the casualties for the month in the line not amounting to more than twenty-five.

This sort of thing, however, could not last—in the next two months events occurred which again proved the worth of the Australians who had stood the test so well fifteen months before at Gallipoli.

For the first time, the British leaders in France felt that they had sufficient troops and munitions on the Western Front to justify a departure from the defensive which had been forced on them owing to the shortage of both.

The place chosen for this offensive was the Somme area in the vicinity of Albert, a place as yet unknown to the men—but a place which came to be known later as no other part of France.

**June, 1916**

Here, twice within a month, supported and opposed by a barrage of which they had never seen or heard the like, where more shells were fired in one day than they had seen in a month, where whole armies were massed on small fronts, with a gun for every few yards of front, were they to meet and pit themselves against a foe, often unseen, armed with every weapon modern warfare could invent, and trained in the use of them all from youth up, waiting for an opportunity such as this to use them.

**Pozières**

On Saturday night, 22nd July, the battalion left Sausage Valley and proceeded via Black Watch Alley to support the 9th battalion in the attack on Pozières.

On the morning of the 23rd, the 9th battalion met strong opposition. "A" Company, under Captain McCann, was sent to their assistance; their advance also was held by machine-gun fire, and Captain McCann wounded. A barricade was erected. "D" Company, under Major Giles, was then despatched to the help of "A."

**Lieut.  
Blackburn  
V.C.**

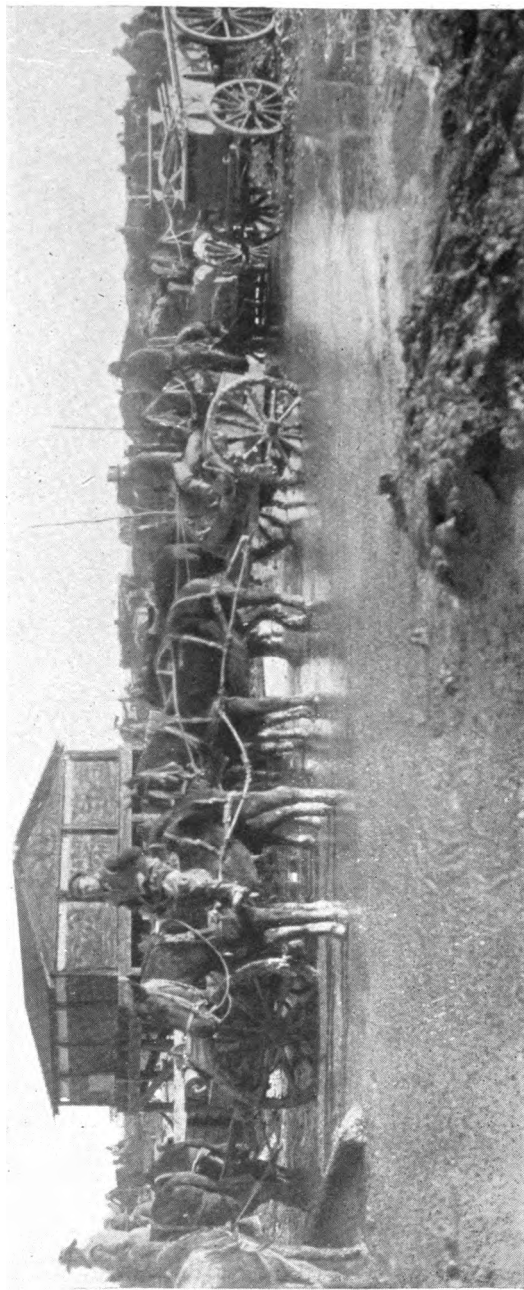
Here Lieut. Blackburn won his V.C. Detailed with a party to clear up the position which was holding up the advance, he broke down the barricade in the trench, and bombed back the enemy.

Then with four men he tried to locate the machine gun fire which was doing the damage. The four men with him were killed, and he had to return for help. Again, with another four he advanced supported by trench mortars, but losing these men also he returned and reported.

Supported at this time by artillery, and with Sergeant Inwood and three men, he again went forward and discovered a trench cutting the one they were occupying at right angles, this was captured and consolidated, but Sergeant Inwood, who had done magnificent work, and his men were killed.

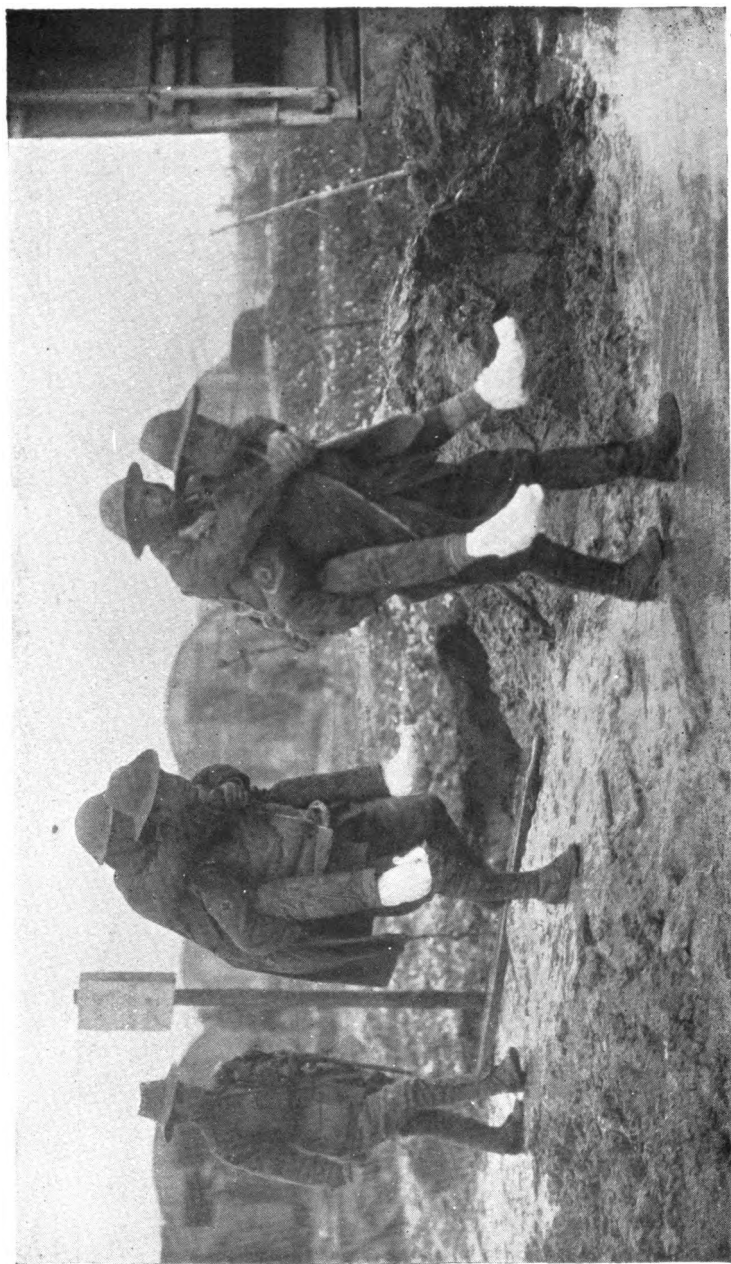
**August  
19-23  
Moquet  
Farm**

After three days without sleep, often without other food than the troops had with them, and even when the food was available with little time or desire to eat, with a fire around them that was deafening and unceasing, and which threatened every moment to become unbearable;



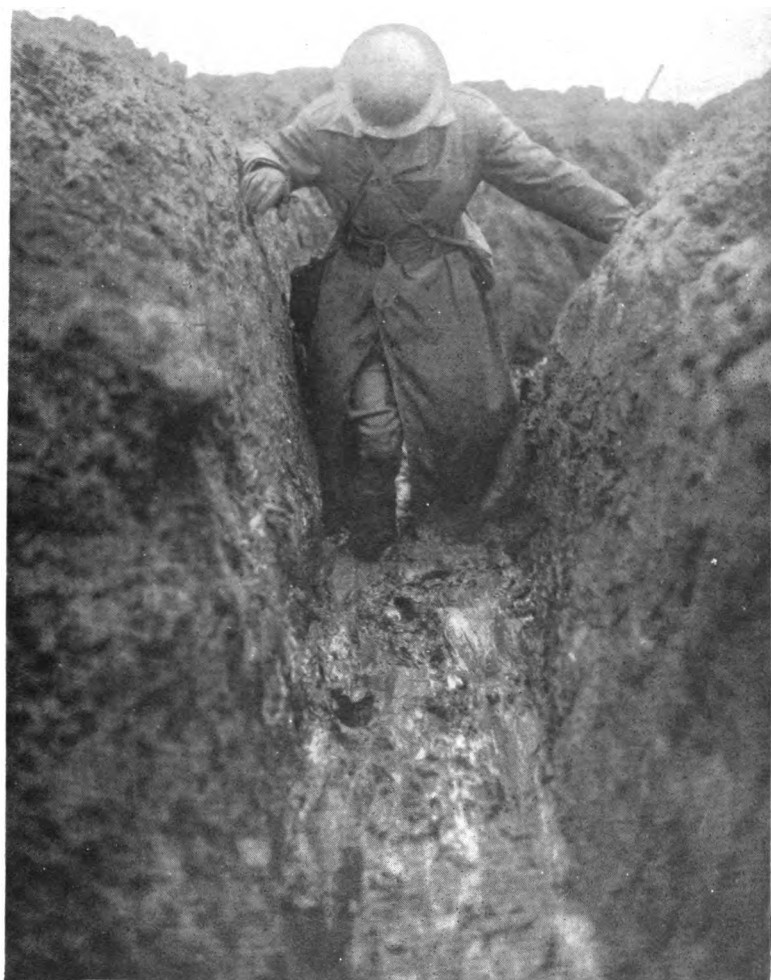
*Australian Official Photographs*

**Water Point, Montaubon Road**



*Australian Official Photographs*

**Men with Trench Feet, November, 1916**



*Australian Official Photographs*

**Mud near Gueudecourt**





*Australian Official Photographs*

**Switch Trench, Gueudecourt**

living in trenches that were trenches no longer, but mere shell holes of churned and beaten soil, buried, dug out, gassed and tired, they staggered out from the battered trenches lined with mangled bodies, choked with wounded, almost stunned and exhausted, and after a little more than three weeks' spell—having lost roughly half their rifle strength, though reinforced a little since—they were back again, hammering away at a similar sector which went by the name of Moquet Farm, on ground which seemed to spit death at every yard.

Before the attack was launched over 120 casualties had been sustained, and before the battalion was relieved many more were added to that already long list. Often the officers and men hadn't had a chance to see the ground before, and had no definite idea of what or where they were to attack, except that it was somewhere "out there." So mixed did the affair become that several times, before the end of the fight, our own battalions found themselves fighting one with the other, and not realising it till many casualties had been inflicted.

Men disappeared, were posted as missing, believed killed, and not heard of again till two years or so later, when postcards were received from Germany telling of their capture.

The runners here, as always, did wonderful work. Like men possessed, heedless of the risk they ran, they dashed from one place to another, delivering messages that broken telephone wires refused to let through.

On the night 22-23 the battalion was relieved by the 21st battalion and entrained shortly afterwards at Doullens for Belgium.

The brief spell following, and the quiet sector somewhat similar to Sailly, worked wonders in the battalion, and the constant arrival of large batches of reinforcements quickly filled the gaps made vacant by the wasting operations of the Somme.

The casualties when the battalion came out of the Hill 60 sector after about a month in the forward area, amounted to 1 officer and 29 other ranks, a marked decrease on the previous month.

On the 9th October the battalion, in conjunction with the brigade, began a four days' route march, stopping at nights at Steenvoorde, Oosthouck, Mouille, and Tournhem respectively, and after three days' rest and training at

**Belgium  
1916**

**Hill 60**

**October 9**

the last-mentioned place, entrained at Audruicq for the South.

Detraining at Pont Remy (near Abbeville), the battalion began working up by motor bus and route march to the Somme area again.

Up to now the weather, which had been fairly fine, began to break, and as the battalion moved up into areas only too familiar, they found that the rain and constant traffic had turned the churned earth into mud.

As railways were just being laid, most of the supplies had to be transported by the roads, which were taxed to their uttermost day and night. Guns, lorries, wagons, ambulances, cars, in strings of many miles blocked the roads holding up the traffic for hours on end.

For travelling distances of a few kilometres it became necessary to leave at daybreak to get back before dark. The march from Fricourt to Bernafay Wood, a distance of about five kilometres, started at 10 A.M., was not completed till about half-past four in the afternoon, and when the camp was finally reached, the men, drenched to the skin by pouring rain, covered with mud from head to foot, had to bivouac in shallow dugouts in places inches deep in water.

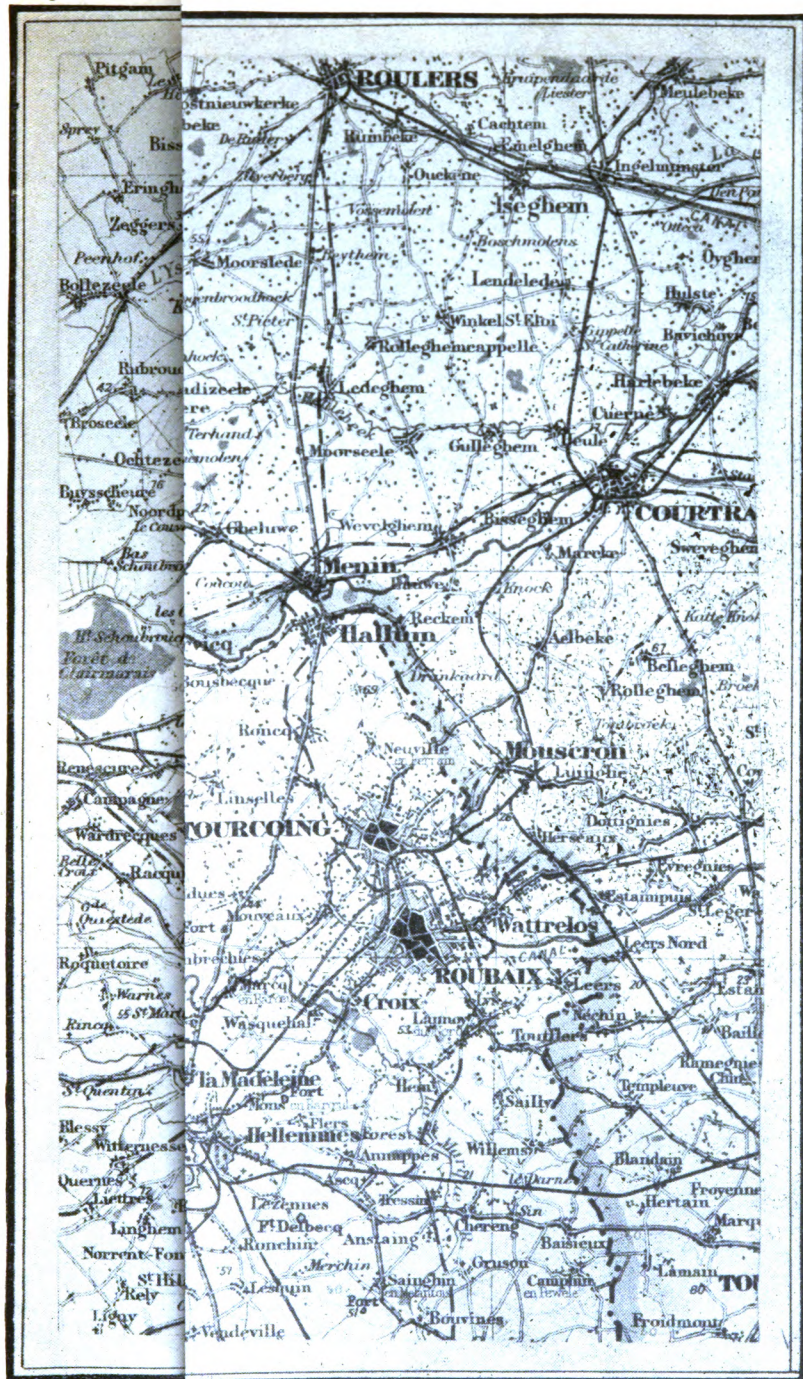
The constant rain had soaked the sides of the trenches until both parapet and parados collapsed, falling into the already deep mud and making the whole an impassable bog.

**November 6**  
**Gueudecourt**

It was into this that the battalion moved on November 6th near Gueudecourt. The men, weighed down by the endless string of things that had to be carried when going into the line, extra ammunition, bombs, rations, sand-bags, and water; in the dark sliding along loose, slippery and sloping duck-boards, with a fair chance of missing them at least once, and plunging into a shell hole up to the neck in ice-cold mud.

Finally, after leaving the duck-boards far behind, and travelling over what was worse, mud deep and sticky, the trenches were reached. Then the rain which for a time had held off came on again, and the water rose knee- and thigh-deep in places. Nowhere was there a dry place. Men moving about from place to place sank in the mud, and, struggling to release themselves, sank deeper into the mire till pulled out by someone more fortunate.





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Men fortunate enough to have gum boots had to leave them in the mud and wander in their socks across the mud and mire.

A week of this, lasting from the 6th to the 12th, tried the hearts of the strongest. For the first day there was little sickness, but after that the exposure and continuously sodden feet began to give trouble. Men with feet aching beyond endurance had to give in, dragging themselves back to the aid-post for treatment and evacuation. Many having removed their boots to rub their feet found that they could not get them on again and had to walk out without them. Men, whom no Turk or German bombardment had ever daunted, gave way under the strain, and in that week 150 were evacuated for feet trouble alone, and another 70 shortly after, as unable to march.

There was little or no hot food : a few Tommy cookers were supplied, but out of all proportion to the number of men. Despite this the men were wonderfully cheerful. The Q.M. and Transport had no easy task. Wandering over trackless mud at all hours of the night, sinking in the mud, slipping into shell holes and keeping the direction in spite of all was no easy task, but it was accomplished without mishap.

It was the first and worst winter in France, and on one of the worst sectors, and the battalions were learning by bitter experience. The percentage of trench feet for this period was enormous, and was the highest in the British Armies in France.

Right throughout the Army it was felt that something must be done, and done quickly, and when three weeks later, after having a brief spell in the area of Cardonette (near Amiens), the battalion once more found itself in the same area, the good effects of the new system, consisting of hot drinks and foods, together with changes of socks with specially prepared powder, speedily showed themselves, and for the period from December 12th to 22nd spent by the battalion in the line in a very similar sector to the previous one—the total evacuations for sickness dropped to one officer, 26 other ranks, and about this time the figures for the A.I.F. dropped from the highest to the lowest in the army.

**Cardonette**

A tribute might here be paid to the magnificent work done by the Y.M.C.A., Red Cross, and Australian Comforts Fund. At all hours of the day and night, and as near

**Christmas  
1916**

the line as they were permitted to go, the men of these institutions, cheery and tireless, served out hot drinks of tea, cocoa or coffee, and biscuits to men utterly exhausted, putting fresh life and hope into them.

On the 24th December the Christmas parcels were distributed, and the next day the men spent an enjoyable Christmas on fatigues.

January saw the men looking forward to the Spring. First, because the sun would begin to have a little warmth ; secondly, because it was hoped that the Spring Offensive would go a long way towards finishing what the Somme offensive had begun, and perhaps a break through obtained.

This, however, to a certain degree, was avoided by the enemy. Knowing that the position he now occupied was much inferior to one but a few kilometres in the rear, and ground being no object to him ; besides hoping to postpone the Allied offensive in the Spring by causing disorganisation, towards the end of February, having made his preparations, he quietly evacuated his old line and retired, fighting a rear-guard action the while, to a line afterwards known as the Hindenburg Line.

It was some time before his withdrawal was noticed. Patrols sent out by this battalion, which at the time happened to be in the line, returned and reported, " No signs of enemy—appears to have evacuated the front line."

On the 25th February the battalion, moving forward in extended order, attacked and occupied Le Barque Switch.

It was not at all an unopposed advance, however. Fritz had left behind many surprises in the shape of cleverly concealed strong posts, which often did not fire until the men had passed, taking them in rear and causing many casualties before they could be silenced.

**Le Barque**

Three days after congratulations were received from the Army Corps and Divisional Commanders for the excellent work done at Le Barque.

The retirement undoubtedly upset slightly the plans for the Spring, but these were not forgotten.

In the meantime the whole of March was spent in the vicinity of Shelter Wood and Bresle in training, competitions and salvaging.

April 4th saw the battalion again on its way forward



*Australian Official Photographs*

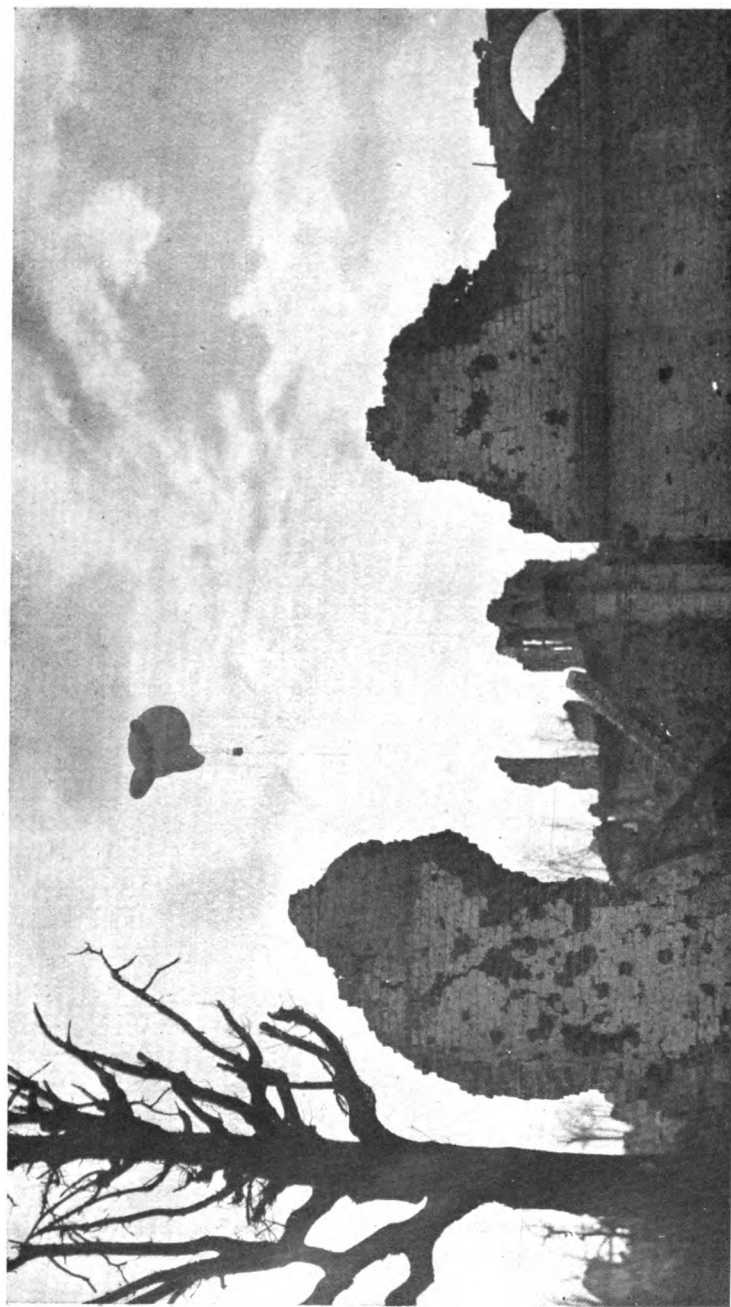
**Bapaume as the Hun left it**





*Australian Official Photographs*

**Louverval Chateau**



*Australian Official Photographs*

**Observation Balloon, Ypres**



*Australian Official Photographs*

**Wounded on Menin Road, Sept. 20th, 1917**

passing through Montauban and Fremicourt on the 4th and 5th, and into the Front line on the 7th.

Next morning (8th) the line was advanced 1,000 yards, **Louveral** with casualties to 4 officers and 40 other ranks.

On the 9th the line was again advanced, with casualties to 1 officer and 40 other ranks, and the next day at 02.00, with the assistance of "C" Company of 11th Battalion, the line was pushed well forward of Boursies with practically no opposition.

On the evening of the 11th the 11th Battalion relieved **Lagnicourt** the 10th, and the next three days were spent in support. By this time the enemy, probably being pressed rather more closely than he liked, delivered a strong counter-attack at 04.20 (on the 15th), and "A" and "B" Companies were sent to support the 11th and 12th Battalions respectively, and in the evening the battalion took over part of the 11th Battalion line with "A," "C" and "D" in line and "B" in reserve.

The relief from the line was carried out on the following night (16-17) by the 7th Battalion, and for the rest of the month of April till the 4th of May the battalion spent in rest at Bancourt on fatigue and training.

Now that the high ground of his new defence position had been reached, the enemy opposition, which had been stiffening, became exceedingly firm.

He was now occupying the position which he intended to hold.

We know now something of what the "Hindenburg Line" really was. In the light of after events, when attacks were made on 30, 50, and 80-mile fronts, and in many places at one time, calculating to draw enemy reserves in several places so that nowhere the line could be held in strength, we can see what an undertaking it was to attempt to storm such a position, fortified by every sort of wire entanglement imaginable, backed by an artillery not much, if at all, inferior to our own, with an observation on the enemy who had little or none on him, with an interior system of railways and roads which enabled him to throw an army into any weak spot in practically half the time it took us, advancing as we were over newly evacuated country.

And yet, despite the difficulty, the apparent impossibility, the thing was done. On the 4th, the battalion, as part of the attacking force in support of the 9th Bat-

**May 4**  
**Bullecourt**  
**5-9th**

talion, moved up into the forward area, and by 03.30 on the 5th, were in position.

The enemy shelling was heavy and accurate. "C" company was placed at the disposal of the 12th, who were hard pressed, "B" and "D" went into the line and retook by counter-attack the ground taken by the enemy. The fighting was desperate, the bombardment terrific, the enemy delivered counter-attack after counter-attack, but the line now re-established held through all. In 10 days no less than twelve counter-attacks of tremendous force were delivered against the Australians in that sector.

It was Pozières again on a grander scale, against even greater odds and against a far more formidable position, and though a little ground dear to the heart of the enemy was taken, yet a break through had not been achieved.

After a winter spent mainly in the line, and having delivered in the early spring three attacks in three months, the battalion with the division went out for a well-earned rest, and nearly four months had elapsed before they were again called upon to pass in front of the balloons.

During this time the battalion won the Brigade Cup (30th May) with 17 points, the 12th being next with 11, and in June "D" Company, under Captain Cornish, was placed second in the division in the Company Competition.

On the 12th of June the battalion marched to Henencourt, where it bivouacked for the Divisional Sports, returning to Ribemont on the 14th. Col. Jacobs having gone to England to the Overseas Training Battalion, Col. Neligan assumed command.

Much time for the next few weeks was spent in advanced training in the areas of Mailly Maillet and Bray. Practice in advance and rearguards, outposts, night marches, deployment in attack, trench to trench attacks with live ammunition brought the battalion to a high state of efficiency.

On July 26th, entraining at Albert, the battalion set out for the north.

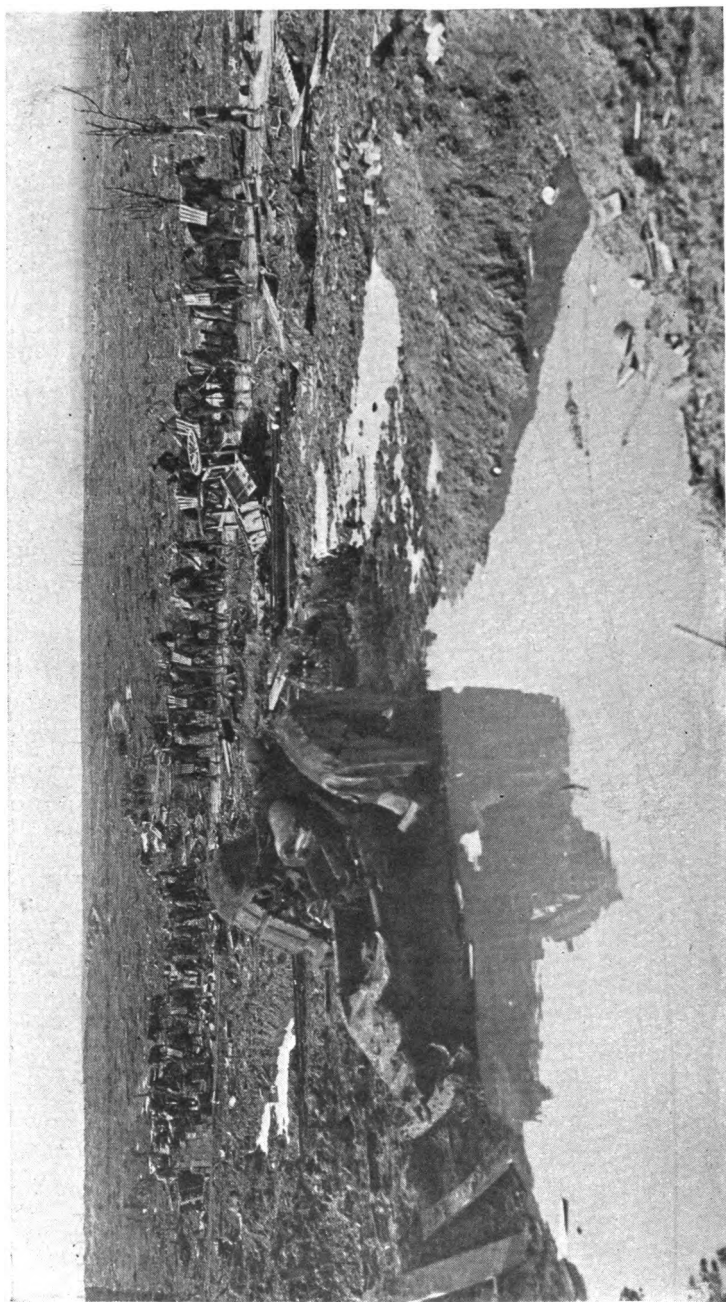
Here the battalion spent another very happy two months, and every week expected to be called upon to go forward, but the call came not, and July passed into August, and the battalion was still enjoying the benefits of the spell.





*Australian Official Photographs*

## **Birr Cross Roads—Ammunition Dump**



*Australian Official Photographs*

## **Difficulties in Transport, Westhoek Ridge**

Constant reinforcements and little wastage by casualties soon brought the battalion nearer to full strength than it had been for many a day.

Training was constant, and the weather good, the people hospitable, and the war very far away.

Two raiding parties 150 and 100 strong, under Captains Campbell, M.C., and Hurcombe, were trained here.

The raiders rose early, and after a brisk walk or double bathed every morning, "Y" in baths close by, "X" in a canal not far from their billets.

The men were in perfect condition after so long a spell with such fine training, and the war was almost forgotten.

But, like all good times, this had to come to an end. Early in September it became known that an attack was to be made on the Passchendaele Ridge with a view to gaining the high ground dominating Ypres both for comfort and safety during the winter, and to make a good basis for the spring operations.

The sector allotted to the battalion was that in the vicinity of Nonne Boschen and Polygon Wood, and opportunities were made for most of the officers concerned to see the actual ground or else the relief maps which had been constructed for instructional purposes.

On the 13th (after having won the Brigade Drill Cup) the battalion left this area—which, when next they saw it, some seven months later, was in the hands of the Boche—and worked its way forward by short stages *via* Caestre, Connaught Lines, Cornwall Camp, and finally Château Segard, at which place the final preparations were made. It was a very busy time indeed.

The cooks were busy night and day cooking and preparing food, and when the men left the camp they carried with them enough food for 48 hours, including sandwiches and chocolate.

Nothing was forgotten, everything was provided for ; **Château Segard**  
all that organisation could do had been done—it now remained for the men to do the rest.

Messages had been received from the Divisional and Brigade Commanders urging the men to remember and uphold the traditions which they themselves had made.

Late on the night of the 19th—20th, at 23.30, after having had a hot meal, and in rain that was, to say the least of it, not cheering, the battalion left Château Segard,



Polygon  
Wood  
Sept. 20

and at 3 A.M. reached the assembly tape, and formed up into position.

At this time came an event which put to the test the training and the men. Either from accident or design the enemy dropped a barrage right along the ground on which the men were assembled, causing for a time many casualties and slight disorganisation.

However, by the splendid work of the officers and men order was restored, and at 5.40, zero hour, the men went forward under as perfect a barrage as they had yet seen.

So opened for us the Third Battle of Ypres, one of the most terrific battles in the history of the war. The concentration of artillery on both sides was without parallel—the ground, a mass of shell holes and craters from battles that had been waged around this historic spot, was again return and recharged.

This small salient, which had cost both sides more lives than either cared to remember, was to exact a yet further toll ere the struggle was over.

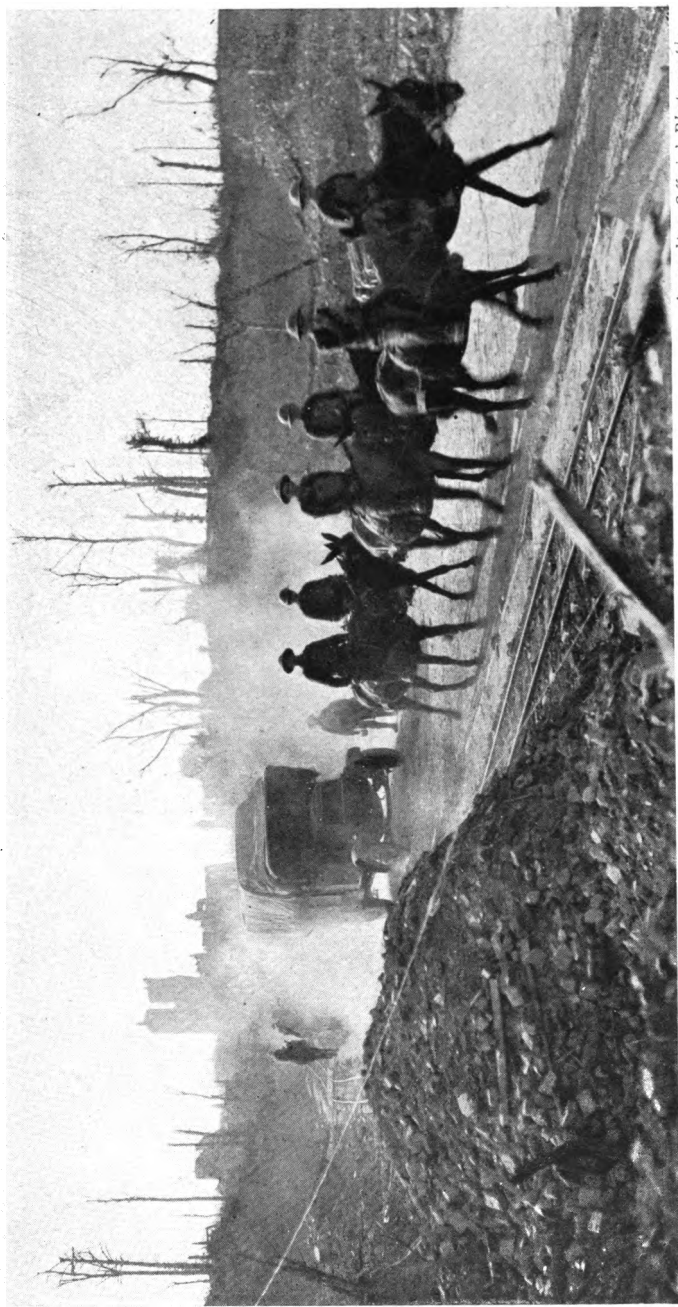
In the advance, the 11th and 12th Battalions, who were to take the 1st and 2nd objectives, met strong opposition at Glencourse Wood, but despite this the 2nd objective was reached, and here, while the barrage rested on the 3rd objective, the battalion reorganised into its previous formation ready for the final attack.

This was no small task. The noise was deafening, casualties constantly occurring, men of all battalions hopelessly mixed had to be resorted and re-organised, but by the extraordinary abilities of Captains Campbell, Hurcombe and Cornish, and the other officers, the work of organisation was completed, and while the men waited for the barrage to lift they filled in their time by reading papers and eating what they needed of their sandwiches.

On the barrage lifting, "X" and "Y" Companies moved forward, and established themselves in the 3rd objectives.

Had the troops been available much more ground could have been taken, and what would have happened would have been interesting to know.

In the afternoon and evening the enemy delivered counter-attacks, but the quick response and accurate shooting of our artillery, together with that of our own men from their good position, beat the enemy back, and



*Australian Official Photographs*

## **Menin Gate, Ypres**



*Australian Official Photographs*

**Mud and Desolation of Ypres Battlefield**

neither on the first or second day did he reach our front line.

In this action 506, Pte. Inwood, did the magnificent work for which he was awarded the V.C. On the 20th "He moved forward through our barrage *alone* to an enemy strong post, and captured it together with nine prisoners, killing several of the enemy. In the early morning of September 21st, Pte. Inwood located a machine-gun which was causing several casualties. He went out alone and bombed the gun and team, killing all but one, whom he brought in as prisoner, with the gun." **Inwood, V.C.**

After a week's spell in the Steenvoorde area the battalion was back again, not to attack this time, but to hold the line, while the 1st Brigade passed through. On the 4th October, under a barrage which carried all before it, the 1st Brigade advanced, and by midday the prisoners had mounted to thousands. **Zonnebeke**

And now came the worst part of all, our men, relieving the attacking brigade, had to face the counter-attacks of the enemy in weather and country much resembling Gueudecourt.

On the whole front there were but two or three main roads over which it was possible to take traffic, and these the enemy knew as well as we, and night and day he shelled them with shrapnel and H.E. Off the roads traffic was impossible. Corduroy tracks were laid by the engineers, and as far as possible kept in repair, but as often as not they were blown up as fast as they were made.

Blocks in the traffic were inevitable and constant. At times as far as the eye could see the main arteries of communication would be blocked, while the enemy rained his iron hail on to the living target which he could hardly miss.

Whole teams of wagons were killed, to be dragged out of the way and the vehicle pushed into the mud, to allow the living to pass.

Horses, dead and mangled, lay many to the yard in places along a track of three or four miles, and guns, wagons, limbers and ambulances by the hundred were to be found in a more or less whole condition along the track.

Before leaving this period there is one incident worthy of mention. To gain information, to create a diversion

and draw fire, and to deceive the enemy into thinking the attack was to be made at one point, Celtic Wood, while the real attack was to be made at another, a raiding party consisting of five officers and 80 other ranks was quickly organised. The date fixed was the morning of the 10th.

**October 10**  
**Celtic Wood**

At 05.20, after a few rounds of 18-pounders, these men went over the top and made for Celtic Wood.

Supported by trench mortars they worked through the wood, and, despite a withering fire from many machine guns, attacked the enemy trenches, where they put up a magnificent fight; but, when everything seemed going well, and retirement was being made, the enemy, now thoroughly roused, poured in a terrific and accurate fire. A few managed to get back, but that was the last that was seen or heard of the majority of the men. Of the five officers, the O.C., Lieut. F. Scott, and another officer were killed, one was missing, the other two wounded. About 19 other ranks returned.

One good effect, however, the raid had. The enemy were deceived into thinking that a great attack was to be delivered at this point and sent troops and a barrage on to this spot, while the attack was made elsewhere. The men, far from being depressed by the raid, seeing what a grand fight had been put up against such impossible conditions and overwhelming odds were filled with a great admiration for the men who had fought so well. So the fighting wore on through October and November, the high ground by this time had been practically all won, but nothing in the shape of a break through had been obtained.

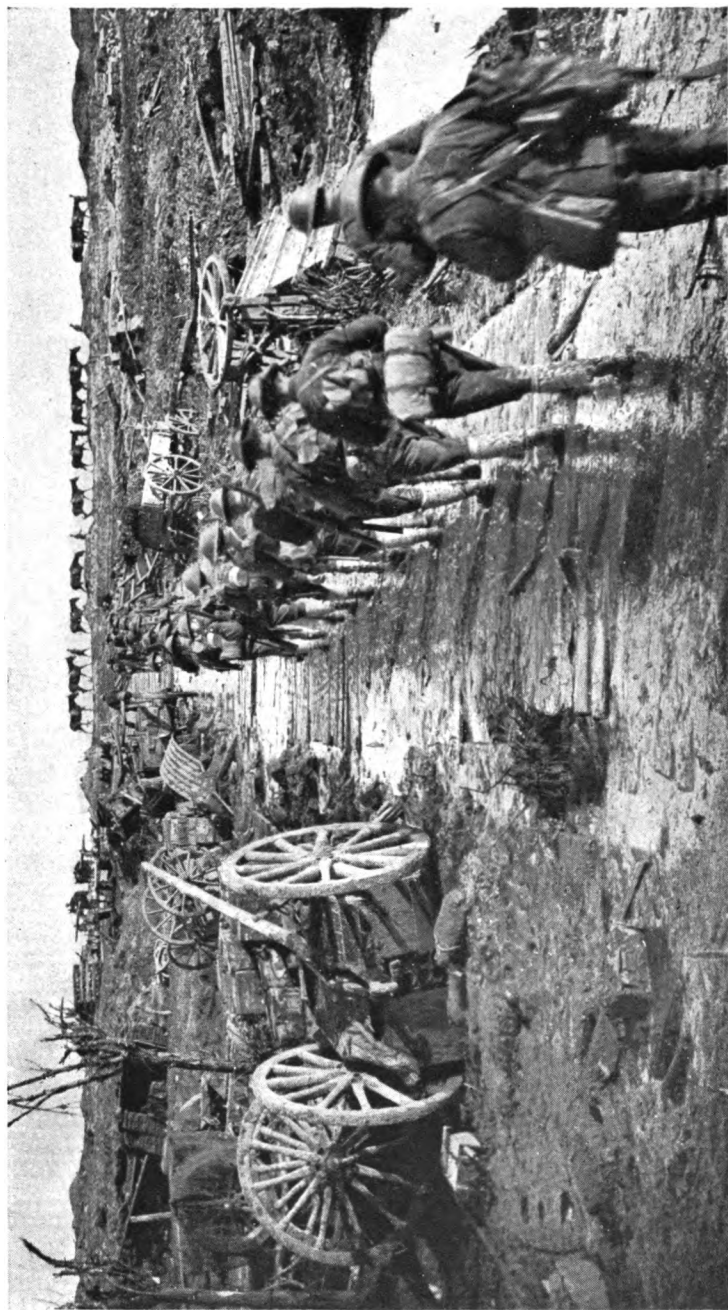
The ridge was ours, but at what a cost. In twenty days in the forward area this battalion alone had lost nearly 500 men.

However, though they knew it not, this was the last great battle of the kind they were to fight.

Never again were the troops of either side to be massed on so small a front for an attack, nor was the mode of attack the same.

It had been found that it was practically impossible for either side with such a concentration of men and artillery to obtain a break through.

The method of pounding the enemy's communications to powder defeated its own ends, roads over which the enemy could not retire were useless to us in advance,



*Australian Official Photographs*

## **Idiot Corner, Ypres**



*Australian Official Photographs*

## **Near Railway Embankment, Bullecourt**

and, no matter how good a modern army may be, it is impossible for it to go on for long without its transport.

That was the last glimpse the battalion had of that sector, nor were they sorry to leave it. Later on the battalion occupied sectors some distance further South, but never returned to that spot.

After this the whole division spent the best part of a month in the Boulogne area, and, with the rest and change, with much keen rivalry in sport, the battalion was soon itself again.

As usual all sorts of rumours were afloat—"No more line work till the Spring," "South of France," but on the 13th the battalion was again on the move East, and on the 16th relieved the 31st battalion in the line at

**December  
Messines**

Messines. In this area (though not always the same sector) the battalion remained until the beginning of April—sometimes out, but more often in the forward zone—and, though the sector was a quiet one, the fatigues which were long and tiring gave little rest for either officers or men.

On Christmas morning (25th December) the battalion was relieved in the line by the 12th, and the men, trudging wearily back into their dugouts and shelters at Wolverghem, were glad to pass their Christmas day in rest and sleep.

January passed away in this area, though during the month the battalion was transferred to another sector

**Wytschaete**

Wytschaete, which was very quiet and even better than the last. On January 31st the battalion proceeded to Aldershot camp, reaching it in the early hours in the morning, chilled to the bone by an ice-cold journey in open trucks, but not too cold to make caustic remarks about the engine driver and the military in general.

At this camp, though the fatigues were still fairly constant, the battalion enjoyed a month's spell, and boxing and football were organised. Cinemas, dinners, and concerts were frequent, and on the 16th February the Battalion celebrated its Christmas day, which it had been unable to do before on account of being in the forward area. Prizes were given for the best decorated huts, and keen was the competition.

**February**

Men sat up practically all night in order that their



blankets could be sewn together and used as decorations, and the huts looked more like draped shop-windows than living apartments of the "Diggers."

For a short time they became boys again, and the parcels which were distributed were opened with as much zest as they would have been ten years previously.

Sports in the afternoon completed a very happy day. Here the football team won the 3rd Brigade Cup, and bade fair to bring off the Divisional Competition, but was beaten in one match by the 8th battalion, which was successful right through.

On the night 1st—2nd March the battalion, leaving Tournai Camp, went into the line in Hollebeke sector, and remained in the forward area until relieved at the beginning of April.

It was about this time that the enemy—known to be holding huge reserves of troops, released from the Russian front—was, at any moment, at almost any place, expected to attack. "Stand to's" were the order of the day.

The first night, just as the relief was taking place, a raid, estimated at about three officers, 129 other ranks, was made by the enemy on our front.

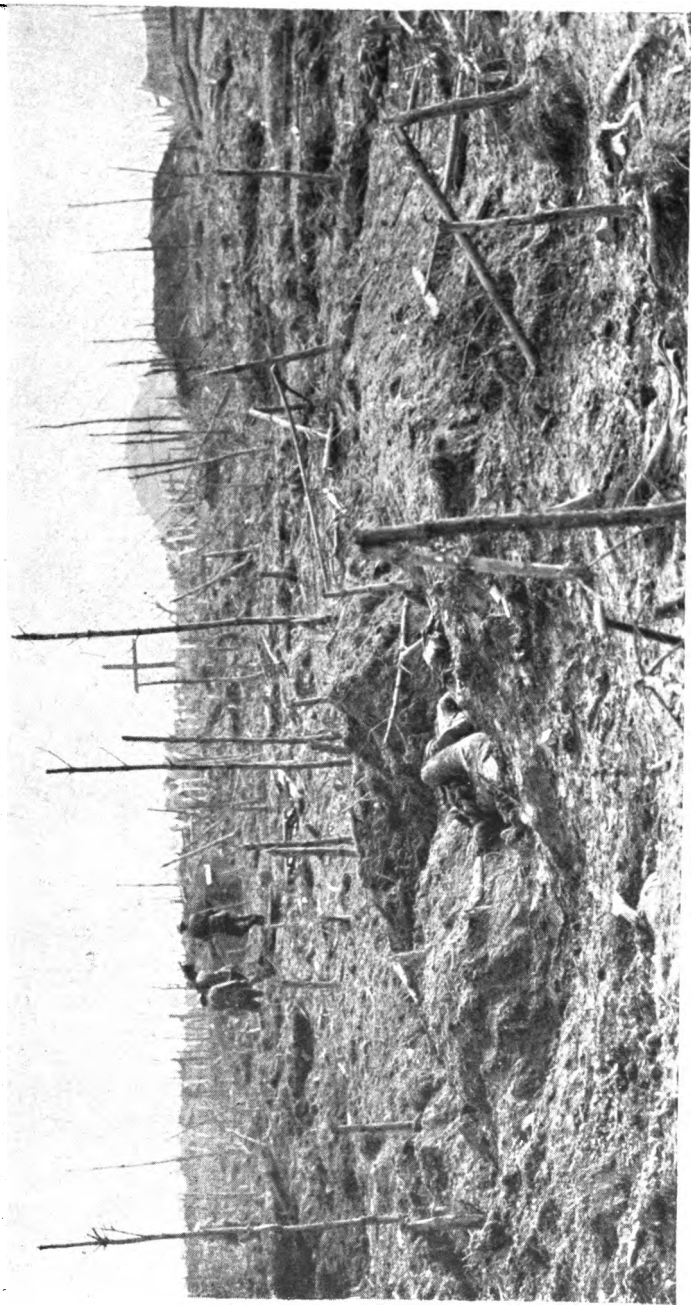
The time was awkward, but by the excellent work of Lieut. C. Scott (for which he was afterwards awarded the M.C.) and the support platoons, the attack was beaten off with heavy casualties, but not before they had reached "D" Company's Headquarters, capturing and carrying off Major Henwood, the Company commander, who was killed on his way over No Man's Land.

Seven other ranks were missing but no information of importance was obtained. All maps and important documents were afterwards found under the bed in the dugout.

It was at this time, too, that the back areas, camps and transport lines were constantly and consistently shelled, and many horses and men were killed and wounded.

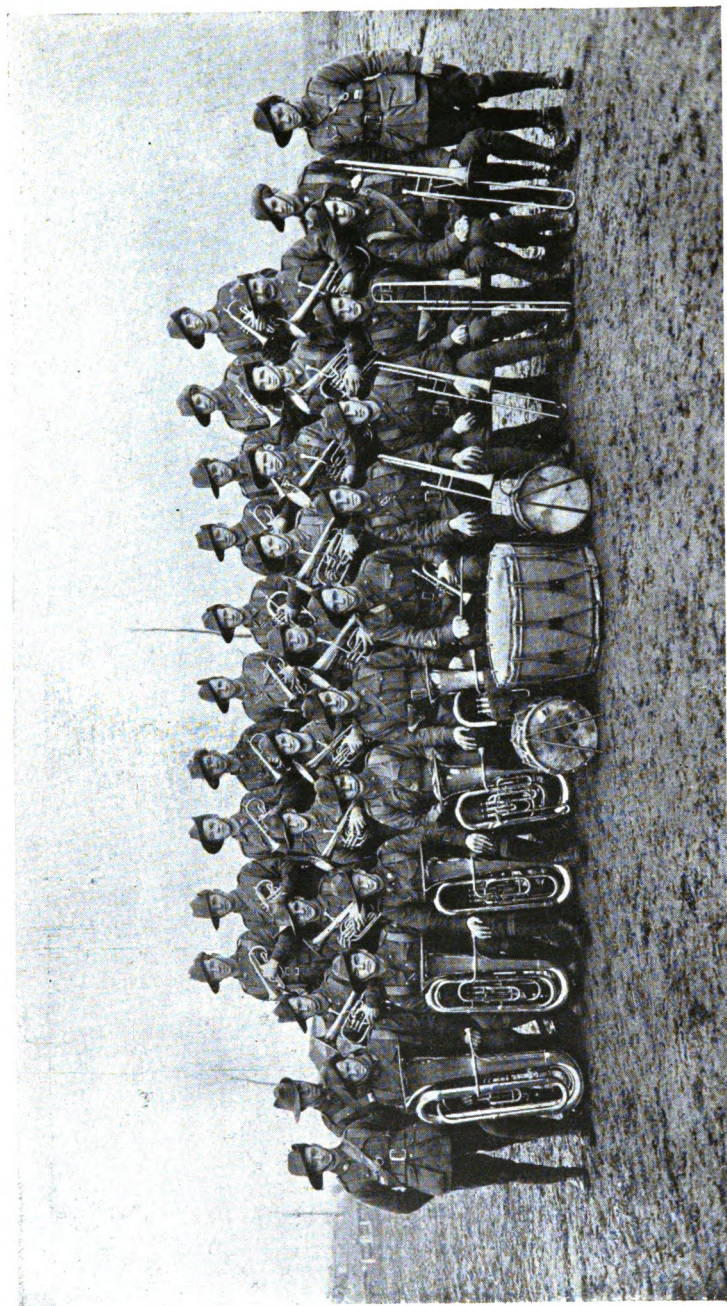
Events were certainly pointing to an offensive by the enemy, but the points of attack were doubtful.

The doubt, however, did not last for long. On March 21st the enemy attacked on an unparalleled scale, with something like 40 divisions on a 50-mile front on the Somme, and by the 27th had reached Albert, having captured some 50,000 prisoners and 600 guns. (Ground



*Australian Official Photographs*

## **Cemetery at Polygonveld**



*Australian Official Photographs*

**Band at Aldershot, February 23rd, 1918**

which had taken months of heavy fighting and hundreds of thousands of lives gone within a week). Near Albert, however, he was met by some of the Australian divisions, rushed down to fill a gap that had become serious, and was likely to turn the tide of the whole war.

**1918  
March  
Offensive  
Somme**

What they did is now a matter of history—by a wonderful stand against overwhelming odds they held their ground not far from Albert despite strong and repeated counter-attacks, thus saving Amiens.

In the meantime, the battalion, as soon as the division could be relieved by broken units from the Somme, was also hurried south, to the assistance of the other divisions, if need be, and by the 6th of April was in reserve in the Poulanville area.

But now, the worst being over, the advance held, and the enemy still with many reserve divisions untouched, the question arose as to where the next blow would be delivered. Whether the enemy knew of the Australian relief from Belgium and the holding of the line there by the badly disabled battalions from the Somme or not, here it was he launched his second great offensive.

Within a week from the time it had left the North the 1st Division was back again—detrained at Hondelghem (near Caestre) late at night, and held a hurried conference at which information was obtained that the enemy had bent back the front line, and was somewhere in the vicinity of Vieux Berquin, marching on Hazebrouck.

**April  
Offensive  
Belgium**

The night was black, and maps few, and guides not to be had. Guns seemed to be firing from every direction. All superfluous gear was dropped, and the battalion marched away in silence and perfect order to support the 1st and 2nd Brigades near Borre—they were going to something they knew not what—but something outside the usual routine of trench warfare, and were pleased at the change.

They dug in in rear of the Dieppe forest—but were never called upon to defend these positions.

The advance here, as on the Somme had been held, and the enemy was baulked of the fruits of his victory, obtaining neither a break through to the coast nor even a break through our line.

The front now roughly was Kemmel, Dranoutre, Bailleul, Meteren, Strazeele, Vieux Berquin, and Merville,

Places which less than a week ago had been back areas, in which several times the battalion had been billeted during rests, were now in the process of being pounded and mutilated out of all recognition. The Belgian and French inhabitants, with the exception of one or two who could not bring themselves to leave, had left long ere this, carrying with them what they could. It was a piteous sight to see whole families stranded on the roadside with little or nothing to eat and without the means of getting it, with no place to which they could turn for shelter, and their homes and farms, the work of a lifetime, being slowly but surely wiped off the map.

Much of their livestock was collected and sent back to the rear, but much that couldn't be removed was used by the troops.

The smell of some roast, neither bully nor frozen meat, often assailed the nostrils of the passer-by at this time.

At one time while in the forward area, two "Diggers," evidently carrying a wounded comrade to the aid post, were stopped by an officer desiring to know the identity and nature of the casualty. To satisfy his thirst for knowledge he pulled back the covering disclosing the head of a huge pig. However, the funeral cortège was allowed to proceed without molestation to the cookhouse, where to the accompaniment of several pianos from neighbouring barns, it was duly roasted.

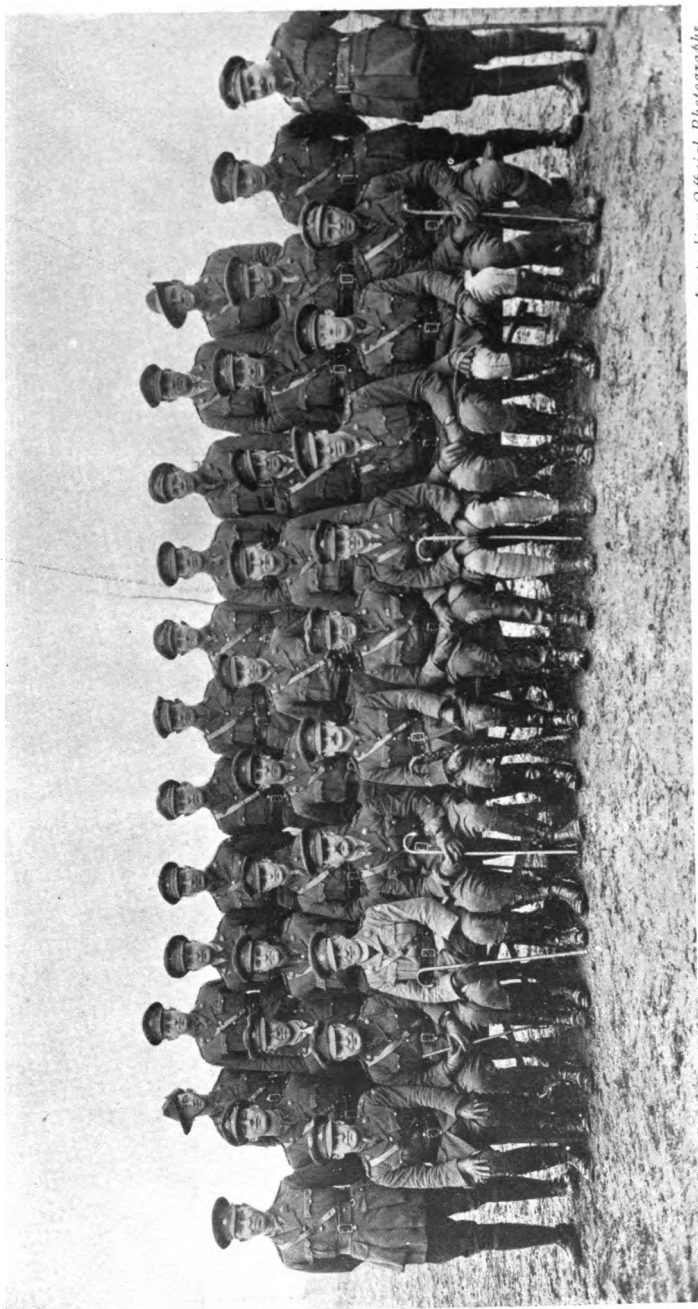
On the night 24th—25th, being in the trenches in front of Meteren, the battalion attempted, in conjunction with the 9th on the right, to take this town from the enemy by an outflanking movement. The attack, however, unsupported by artillery fire, and following on one made the previous night, was expected, and though the line was advanced, the town remained in the hands of the enemy, and our casualties were heavy.

The next three months the battalion was in much the same area but on sectors more to the right near Strazeele and Merris, and by constant attacks snatched position after position of strategical importance from the enemy, and so wore him down that he had constantly to put in fresh divisions and change his plans.

**3rd V.C.**

Here the 3rd and last V.C. of the battalion was won.

"During a minor operation Cpl. Philip Davey, to silence a machine-gun that was causing heavy casualties, moved



*Australian Official Photographs*

**Officers at Aldershot, February 23, 1918**





*Australian Official Photographs*

## The Somme Canal

forward alone in the face of a fierce point-blank fire, and attacked the gun with hand grenades, putting half the crew out of action.

"Having used all available grenades, he returned to the original 'jumping off' trench, secured a further supply and again attacked the gun, the crew of which in the meantime had been reinforced. He killed the crew, eight in all, and captured the gun, then mounted the gun in the new position, and used it to repel a very determined counter-attack, during which he was severely wounded."

The constant fighting, however, cost the battalion some of its finest officers and men. Lieuts. Hill, Corcoran, Scott, McInerney, among others, paid with their lives for the victories gained.

At the same time, besides acting on the offensive, the division had to be prepared at any time for the next blow by the enemy, who was still strong enough to warrant the taking of every precaution against attack. Several periods of "wind-up" were passed through, but this time the blow fell not on the British, but on the French, who were finally driven back till Paris itself was threatened.

In the meantime preparations were proceeding for the capture of Merris, and on the night of 29th—30th of July, by a beautifully neat piece of work, Merris was captured with 187 prisoners, by two companies, "A" and "B," at the cost in the actual operation itself of about three casualties.

**Capture of  
Merris**

During these operations hot meals, two per night, were delivered to the front line company headquarters by pack, and during one period of ten days in the line the labour of 800 men was saved in hot meals alone, in addition to the ammunition carried forward.

Congratulations flowed in from all sides on the successful issue of these operations, the Divisional, Corps and Army Commanders coming in person to see for themselves the work done. Before, however, the battalion had time to recover from its last venture it was whirled back by bus to Heurighem, a village in the vicinity of St. Omer, and hopes began to rise at the prospect of what seemed a good spell coming.

**Heurighem**

For six days the battalion remained in this area, but on the 6th of July entrained at Wizernes for the south



to join the Australian Corps from which the 1st Division had been absent for some months.

Detraining at Port Remy about 5.30 A.M. on the 7th and proceeding by route march and bus, the battalion, worked its way forward, arriving at the "Village of the Fires" (Poulanville) early in the morning of the 8th.

**August 8**

Rumour began to get abroad about great attacks, and before the village was left that day large batches of enemy prisoners passed through. It was the famous 8th of August battle—the British Armies, including the Australian and Canadian Corps, had attacked that morning early, on a wide front, and by evening had advanced many miles.

The battalion spent the two days (8th and 9th) trying to keep up with the advancing troops, passing Corbie, Warfusée-Abancourt, Bayonvillers, Guillaucourt.

On the evening of the 9th, the battalion, having settled down several times previously, only to receive orders to move on and occupy a fresh position—spent the night in hastily dug shelters just south of Harbonnières.

**August 10**

At 6.30 A.M. the advance started again in artillery formation, the battalion supporting the 9th Battalion.

Opposition was met near "Crepey Wood," and the 9th Battalion having swung out of true direction, "A" Company, under Captain McCann, was sent to clear it up.

Under a heavy fire, and losing many men, the wood was cleared, and four posts were established on the outskirts of the wood.

At 4 o'clock in the afternoon after a heavy bombardment during which two out of the four posts were completely blown out—the enemy delivered a strong counter attack against the remnants of the company, but the wood was not to be theirs. With one officer and 7 other ranks, Captain McCann, putting up a magnificent fight, held back the enemy, and when at the end of an hour they retired, they left 90 of their dead behind. For this Captain McCann, recommended for the highest decoration, received his D.S.O.

**August 11**

The next day, early in the morning, two companies of the 10th in conjunction with the 12th Battalion, after a fierce fight, took and passed through Lihons, and, despite a counter-attack on a flank in the air which was discovered just in time to prevent disaster, held on to the ground, causing many casualties and taking many prisoners.



*Australian Official Photographs*

## The Brigade Refilling Point



*Australian Official Photographs*

## Hun Prisoners taken on the Somme

After a spell of five days at Vaire on the Somme—spent in resting, bathing, sports and reorganisation, and despite the fact that the men had been fighting continuously for nearly five months, the battalion moved forward ready for the attack of the 23rd at Proyart.

**Proyart**

**August 23**

Though not intended to be in the initial stages of the attack, the battalion had to send one company ("A") to make good the flank which the loss of direction on the part of the attacking units had left untouched. In addition to this, before the operation was finished, the battalion had advanced nearly 6,000 yards, and taken many woods and the high ground near Cappy, together with many prisoners.

**Cappy**

Less than a month had elapsed when the battalion, after a hot meal, left Jeancourt just before 07.00 on the 18th of September. They passed through the 12th at the first objective, retaining perfect formation (except in one or two cases where it was necessary to deploy to overcome some opposition), and, by 1 o'clock in the afternoon, had advanced 5,000 yards on a 1,000-yard front, and had consolidated its gains, and, before the line was vacated a few days later, had pushed the line right into the heart of the outposts of the Hindenburg system.

**Sept. 18**

**Jeancourt**

It was typical that this, their last operation in the war, should be an attack, and one as important as it was successful. Like the other operations of the last five months it was neither an accident nor a fluke. It was the outcome of months of the most careful organisation and attention to detail. The men were lectured by companies, and, where possible, by platoons—their difficulties solved, suggestions listened to, and explanations rendered where possible—giving rise to a feeling of trust and confidence in themselves and their leaders whom the men were ready to and did follow anywhere they were asked to go.

All of them, officers, non-commissioned-officers and men had lost relatives and friends, old and intimate, but realised that "*The game is more than the player of the game,*" and that it was for those who remained to carry on where the others had left off, and ready always if necessary to give their lives too in the cause of the battalion for Australia and for the Empire.

Towards the close of this last operation the remainder of the men, some 30 in number, who came away in 1914,

left for Australia. It is a curious and fitting fact that before they left they had seen the last operation of the battalion in the war.

The next few weeks, till the end, our rôle in the great offensive was a minor one.

It had at last been found possible to give the Australian corps a much-needed and well-earned rest, but before the last came out they had, in conjunction with the American Army, attacked and breached the Hindenburg line itself. The turn of the tables since March 21st was almost complete. The end was in sight, and while the battalion was at Brucamps (near Abbeville) resting, and training in sport and matters military, the final scenes of the four years' drama were being enacted.

The sideshows much criticised, not understood and often roundly condemned, began to bear fruit. Bulgaria, pressed until she could withstand no longer, was the first to succumb—Turkey, with its Army practically wiped out of existence by the brilliant work of General Allenby in Palestine, was the next to follow.

Austria, threatened with invasion, from the south, driven back by the Italians from territory she had occupied since the beginning of the war beaten, routed, utterly demoralised, was the next to throw up her hands, leaving Germany alone.

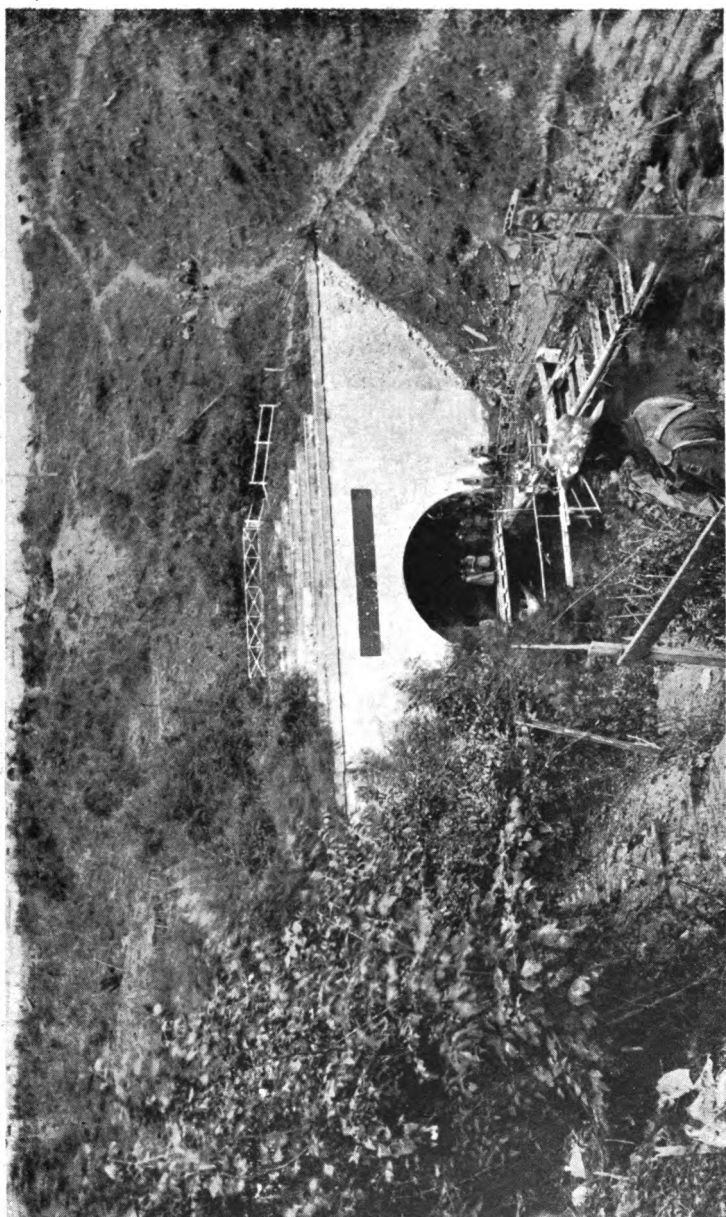
Realising that her hour had come—knowing that the time could be counted in hours, when the foes which she had hated, despised and underestimated would be on her own soil, and overhead making her beautiful cities into the hell she herself had made of France, Belgium, and Serbia, she asked for an armistice.

The armistice was presented—terms, unconditional surrender. The battalion with the Corps moving forward in anticipation of a refusal, was relieved to find that the armistice had been signed. The curtain had been dropped.

With the feeling of relief, however, was mingled one of disappointment and disgust. Disappointment that Germany could not now be made to feel and suffer something of the pain and misery she had inflicted upon France, Belgium, Serbia, and Roumania.

Disgust at the realisation that she would not stand and take the beating that was due to her, but at the first serious menace to herself, even before the Allies had set foot on her territory, had hoisted the white flag.

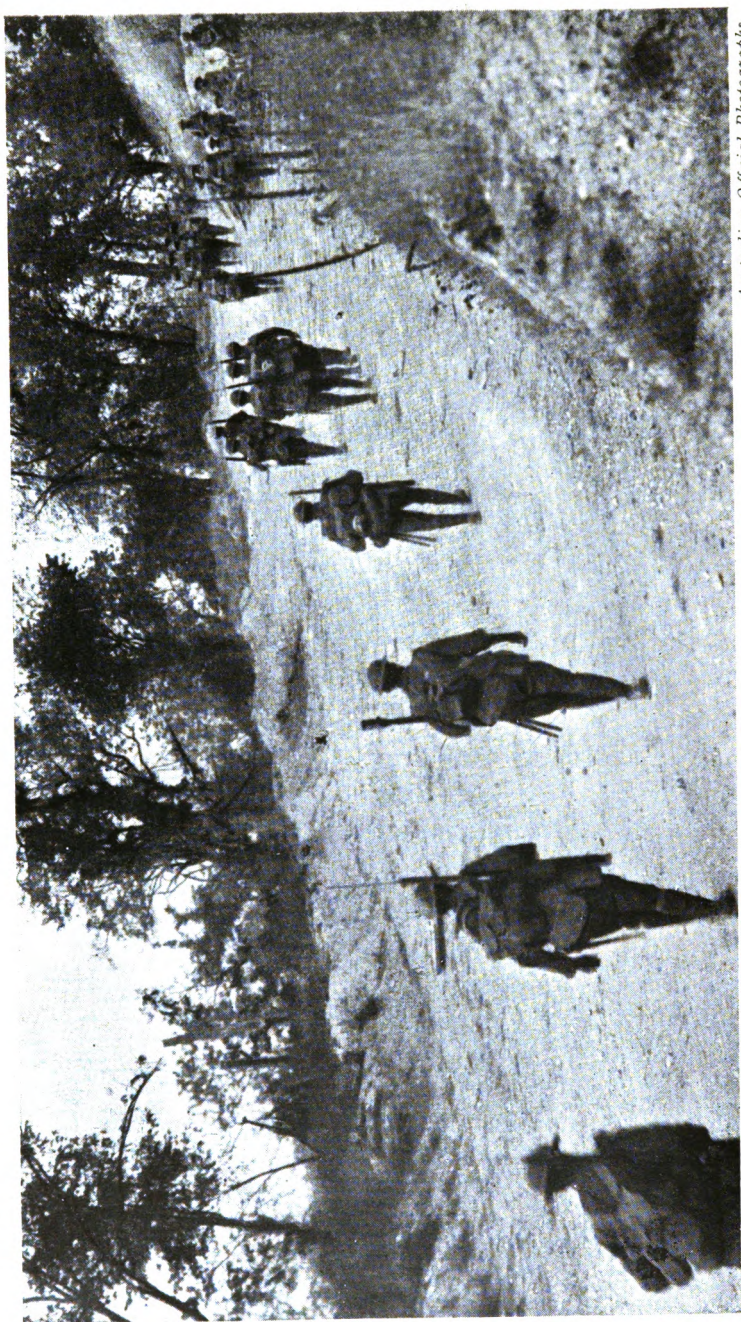
Armistice  
Nov. 11  
1918



*Australian Official Photographs*

## Part of St. Quentin Tunnel





*Australian Official Photographs*

**Supports Climbing the Hill near Chuignoles about an hour after the initial attack**

The whole Central edifice, built upon the uncertain foundations of corruption, lies, greed and distrust, collapsed at the first serious breath of ill-fortune, and, collapsing, the central columns were the worst damaged.

So the Allies, fighting for the cause of liberty and humanity, after a titanic struggle, which at times threatened their very existence, paying with their best blood, one in defeat and triumph, have emerged victorious.

Britain of history, Britain still greater. Australia, one of the youngest of her colonies, comes out of the war with a name which any country might be proud to possess.

So the battalion, from the first moment when it assailed the vaunted impregnable heights of Gabe Tepe, until near Bellicourt it drove its assault into the very heart of the Hindenburg system (afterwards to be broken by our own men) has never looked back.

Perhaps the spirits of the men who fell at the Dardanelles, and those who followed later in France and Belgium, jealous for the cause for which they gave their lives, keeping constant patrol, have inspired the men who survived to carry on the work which had been so well begun.





# 

## APPENDIX I—DIARY

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Place</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
1914			
Aug. 4		Adelaide	War declared.
16	09.00	„	Lt.-Col. Weir informed to take command 10th Battalion.
17	10.00	„	Lt.-Col. Weir proceeded to Keswick to select officers (Maj. Hurcombe, S.M. ; Capt. Lorenzo, Adj. ; Capt. Minigal, Q.M.).
19	10.00	Morphettville	Mr. Hawkes' estate: commenced enrolling and attesting.
Oct. 20	4.30 P.M.	OUTER HARBOUR S.S. <i>Ascanius</i>	Sailed. Total embarked, 31 officers 969 other ranks, 1 Y.M.C.A. man, 2 sister nurses, 1 man excess.
			Transport under command Lt. F. Owen Smyth and 22 other ranks embarked in <i>Saldanha</i> , 108 horses.
25	8 A.M.	Fremantle	Arrived Fremantle: Lt.-Col. Johnston, 26 officers and 759 men of 11th Battalion, 2 sisters, and 2 chaplains.
Nov. 2	..	„	Left Fremantle and joined main convoy on 4th.
9	7.15	At sea	H.M.A.S. <i>Sydney</i> steamed west. 11.15 A.M., message, " <i>Emden</i> beached and done for."
15	12.00	Colombo	Arrived Colombo. Left on 17th.
25	..	Aden	Collision with <i>Shropshire</i> .
26	..	„	Arrived Aden.
30	..	Suez	Left Aden.
Dec. 1	..	„	Arrived Suez.
2	..	Port Said	Left Suez.
4	..	„	Arrived Port Said.
5	7 P.M.	Alexandria	Left Port Said.
6	4 P.M.	„	Arrived Alexandria.
7	..	Mena	Reached wharf.
			Disembarked and entrained to Calrô, Mena Camp.
1915			
Feb. 7/28	..	Alexandria	Left Mena, marched to Cairo, entrained to Alexandria.
	..	<i>Ionian</i>	Embarked with 9th Battalion.
Mar. 1	8 A.M.	„	
2	..	„	Left Alexandria.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Place</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
1915			
Mar. 4	7 P.M.	Lemnos	Arrived Lemnos (about 2,000 troops; transport in separate ship).
	6 ..	„	9th Bn. disembarked, 10th remained on <i>Ionian</i> (7 weeks).
	23 ..	..	Training; practising landings, etc.
	31 ..	..	Big Australian mail.
April 7	..	..	
	10 ..	Lemnos	3rd/10th, reinforcements arrived.
	14 ..	..	About this time came to know of "landing on Gallipoli."
			Battalion issued with <i>colours</i> , purple and blue.
	24 ..	..	B and C Coys. to H.M.S. <i>Prince of Wales</i> .
			A and D Coys. to torpedo destroyer.
	about 3 A.M.	Anzac Cove	(Sunday) Landed on Gallipoli (3rd Bde.), 29 officers, 921 other ranks.
	Night	„ „	Battalion relieved by Marine Division. Men thoroughly exhausted.
	A.M.	„ „	Bivouacked in Shell Green. Roll call: 13 officers, 380 other ranks present.
			Casualties up to 30/4/15, 13 officers, 453 other ranks.
May 1	..	..	Relieved 9th Battalion on extreme right flank.
	7 ..	..	100 reinforcements and Lts. Cornish and Cullen.
	19 ..	..	Water getting scarce. Heavy Turk attack.
	22 ..	..	Transports steamed off to Lemnos and Imbros; submarine scare.
	23 ..	..	German plane: dropped first bomb.
	24 ..	..	Armistice arranged, 7.30 A.M. to 4.30 P.M.
	25 ..	..	H.M.S. <i>Triumph</i> sunk off Gaba Tepe. Still in same position, 11th, 10th, 12th, 9th.
June 4/5	..	Anzac	5/10, Reinforcements arrived; very hot; flies pest.
	13 ..	„	Bread issued for first time.
	30 ..	„	Both sides digging.
July 1	9 A.M.	„	Battalion relieved by 9th; rest in rear of trenches.
	8 3.30 A.M.	„	18 officers and 500 other ranks went to Imbros.
	11 11 P.M.	..	Returned to Anzac.
	13 ..	..	10th relieved 11th Battalion.
Aug.	..	..	Suvla landing; Lone Pine; Chunuk Bair in the second great attempt to open the Narrows to the Fleet. Attempt failed, though ground was won and lost.
	16 ..	..	Men getting sick and run down; 45 per cent. diarrhoea.
Sept. 2	..	..	Health of men very bad.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Place</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
1915			
Sept. 2	..	..	Reports sent by M.O. to C.O. A.D.M.S. <i>re</i> need of rest and change of food.
11	..	..	Col. Weir acting Brigadier.
16	..	..	Evacuating 10 men per day ; dysentery.
17	..	..	117 men 7/10 arrived.
18	..	..	3rd Bde. now divisional troops. Strength of battalion, 21 officers, 575 other ranks.
Oct. 1	..	Anzac	Bde. still divisional troops.
13	..	"	Gen. Walker wounded.
20	..	"	Major Beevor and Capt. R. B. Jacobs returned from England.
			12th Bn. relieved 10th in line.
21	..	"	Aeroplane over.
Nov. 3	..	"	9th Bn. relieved by 1st Bde.
12	..	"	Enemy digging on Gaba Tepe.
14	..	"	10th and 12th Bns. now in the line. 9th and 11th in reserve.
			Advanced parties left for Lemnos.
15	..	"	Move of 9th and 11th Bns. postponed ; weather too rough.
16	21.00	"	9th and 11th embarked for Mudros.
17	..	"	10th and 12th in reserve.
19	..	"	" Beachy Bill " very active (96 hrs.).
21	..	Mudros	10th Battalion embarked for Mudros. Arrived Mudros. Bitterly cold. Effective strength, 15/11/15: 25 officers, 540 other ranks.
Dec. 26	..	..	10th Battalion left Lemnos on S.S. <i>Scang Bee</i> .
29	..	..	Arrived Alexandria.
30	..	..	Arrived Tel-el-Kebir.
1916			
Jan.	..	Tel-el-Kebir	Bde.-Gen. McLagan resumed command of Brigade.
15	..	"	Review by Sir Archibald Murray.
25	..	Serapeum	Moved to Serapeum.
28	..	Habieta	2 Coys. moved to Habieta.
30	..	"	Strength, 27 officers, 950 other ranks.
Feb. 1	..	"	Bn. H.Q. and 2 remaining Coys. to Habieta ; building trenches.
9	..	"	10th Bn. invented sledge box for removing sand.
			Water scarce.
11	..	"	Gen. Birdwood visited Brigade.
26	..	"	500 all ranks proceeded to join 50th Bn. ; Major Lorenzo to command 49th.
28	..	"	6 officers, 461 other ranks joined.
Mar. 4	..	"	Col. Weir returned to Battalion.
9	..	Serapeum	10th Bn. arrived Serapeum staging camp.
13	..	"	Gen. Birdwood visited lines.
19	..	"	Bde. Church Parade. March past G.O.C. 1st Anzac and H.R. Highness Prince of Wales.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Place</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
1916			
Mar. 25	..	Serapeum	Transport entrains for embarkation on <i>Maryland</i> .
26/27	..	Alexandria	Bde. entrains for Alexandria.
27	..	"	9th and 10th and Bde. H.Q. embark on <i>Saxonia</i> .
28	8.30 A.M.	"	Left Alexandria.
31	..	..	Off Malta.
April 2	..	Marseilles	10th arrive at Marseilles.
2/3	..	"	1st train, Bde. H.Q. and 9th.
3, 4, 5	..	Train	2nd train, 10th Bn.
5	..	Godewaersvelde	Through Orange, Montereau, Epluges, Abbeville, Hazebrouck.
6/30	..	"	Arrived and detrained.
7	..	"	Billeted near Strazeele, Moolenacker.
20	..	Sailly	Training ; gas-helmet practice.
25	..	"	Transport arrives.
27	..	"	10th, 11th, and 12th march to billets at Sailly, Divisional Reserve.
May 12	..	"	Anzac Day. Inspection by Gens. Plumer, Walker, McLagan.
18	..	Pétillon Sector	Inspection by Sir D. Haig.
19	..	" "	Training continued.
(N.) 30	..	" "	Gen. Birdwood visits Brigade.
June 6	..	Line Fleurbaix	10th and 12th Bns. relieve 1st and 2nd Bns. in reserve billets.
16	..	"	Billets shelled. 2 officers, 1 other rank killed, 7 other ranks wounded.
(N.) 28/29	..	Sailly	Raid made on 11th Bn.
July 1	..	"	Battalion went into line.
1/22	..	"	Gas alarm ; no gas.
9	..	"	Relieved by 51st Bn. ; A.I.F. proceeded to billets west of Sailly.
(N.) 10/11	..	Godewaersvelde	Bn. marched from Sailly to Moolenacker.
11	..	"	Organising and training raiding party.
12	..	Naours	Marched to Mt. Des Catts ; billeted night.
16	..	Herissart	Marched to Godewaersvelde and entrained for Doullens.
18	..	Forceville	Marched to Halloy.
19	..	"	Marched from Halloy to Naours.
20	..	"	Marched to Herissart.
22	22.00	"	Marched from Herissart to Forceville.
22/25	..	Pozières	Marched from Forceville to Albert.
25	..	"	Billeted.
Aug. 1	..	Berteaucourt	Marched from Albert to Sausage Valley.
			Proceeded via Black Watch Alley to attack Pozières.
			1st Pozières. Capt. Blackburn recommended for V.C.
			Relieved by 5th and 17th Bns.
			Total casualties for operation, killed, wounded, and missing, 350.
			Bn. at Berteaucourt.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Place</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
1916			
Aug. 9	..	Bonneville	Marched from Berteaucourt to Bonneville.
14	..	Toutencourt	Marched from Bonneville to Toutencourt.
15	..	Vadincourt	Marched to Vadincourt Wood.
16	..	Brickfields	Left Vadincourt for Brickfields (near Albert).
18	..	Sausage Valley	Bn. marched to Sausage Valley.
(N.) 19/20	..	" "	Relieved 3rd Battalion.
19/23	..	Mouquet Farm	2nd Pozières.
23	24.00	" "	Relieved by 21st Battalion.
			Entrained, Doullens.
		Belgium	Detrained, Proven.
Sept. 1	..	Kenora Camp	Near Poperinghe, Belgium.
2	..	Ottawa Camp	Marched to Ottawa Camp.
7	..	" "	Col. Weir left for England.
8	..	" "	Bomb accident ; 21 casualties.
9	..	" "	(T. Capt.) Lt. Blackburn. V.C., left Battalion.
13	..	Château Belge	Moved to reserve position, Château Belge.
19	..	Rly. Dug-outs	Moved to railway dug-outs.
(N.) 24/25	..	Line Hill 60	Col. Denton, C.O.
30	..	" "	Col. Redburg returned ; took over from Col. Denton.
Oct. 12	21.20	" "	Bn. relieved from Hill 60 ; trained to Brandhoek, Halifax Camp.
(N.) 9	..	Ottawa	Battalion moved to Ottawa Camp.
12	09.00	Steenvoorde	Marched to Steenvoorde (billets).
13	..	Oosthouck	Marched to Oosthouck.
14	..	Mouille	Marched to Mouille.
15	..	Tournehem	Marched to Tournehem.
20	..	Arduicq	Marched to Arduicq and entrained for Somme.
21	..	Pt. Remy	Detrained Pt. Remy ; march to Buigny-le-Abbaye, 12.00.
23	..	Buire	Moved by bus to Buire.
24/30	..	..	Marched to Fricourt ; fatigues.
30	..	Bernafay	Marched to Bernafay Wood (6 hrs.).
Nov. 1/5	P.M.	"	Fatigues.
6	..	Line	Mud ; trenches in shocking state.
6/11	..	Gueudecourt	150 evacuated, feet trouble.
12	..	Bernafay W.	Marched to Bernafay Wood.
13	..	Fricourt	Marched to bivouac, Fricourt. Big Australian mail.
14	..	Dernancourt	Marched to Dernancourt (billets).
17	..	Buire	Marched to Buire.
18	..	Cardonette	Embussed to Cardonette.
30	..	Franvillers	Battalion marched to Franvillers.
Dec. 1	..	Dernancourt	Marched to Dernancourt.
3	..	Fricourt	Marched to Fricourt.
4	..	Bernafay	Marched to Bernafay.
5	..	Flers	Marched to Flers.
12	..	Line Flers	Bn. moved into line, Flers. Three hot drinks per day.
(N.) 22/23	..	" "	Bn. relieved by 9th Bn. ; moved to Bazentin House.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Place</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
<b>1916</b>			
Dec. 23	..	Bazentin	Col. Redburg evacuated; Major Rafferty temp. command.
24	..	"	Christmas parcels. Fatigues.
25	..	"	Christmas Day. Fatigues.
<b>1917</b>			
Jan. 1	..	Hobart Camp	Opposite Bazentin-le-Grand. Fatigues.
6	..	Dernancourt	Left by train to Meaulte; marched to Dernancourt.
14	..	Bresle	Marched to Bresle.
24	..	Albert	Marched from Bresle to Albert.
Feb. 1	..	"	Training.
		Bazentin	Marched to Bazentin-le-Petit.
4	..	"	Col. Jacobs assumed command.
11	..	Hexham Road	Bn. moved into supports. Fatigues.
19	..	" "	Relieved 12th; went into Le Barque line.
25	..	Le Barque	Attacked and occupied Le Barque "switch."
25	24.00	"	Relieved by 12th Battalion.
26	..	Supports	Fatigues.
27/28	10 P.M.	Bazentin-le-Petit	Relieved by 1st Bn. by 10 P.M.; moved to Bazentin-le-Petit.
28	..	" "	Congratulations from Army Corps and Div. Commanders.
Mar. 1	..	Dernancourt	Bn. moved from Bernafay Wood to Dernancourt.
8	..	Shelter Wood	Bn. moved to Shelter Wood Camp.
23	..	Bresle	Bn. moved to Bresle.
24/31	..	"	Training.
29	..	"	Platoon competition.
April	..	"	
4	..	Montauban	Marched to Montauban.
5	..	Frémicourt	Marched to Frémicourt (relieved 29th Bn. Corps Reserve).
7	..	<i>Line</i>	Louveral. Marched to line Louveral; relieved 12th Bn. (2 Coys.).
8, 9, 10	..	..	Line advanced.
(N.) 11/12	..	..	Relieved by 11th Battalion.
12	..	Bde. support	
15	..	Lagnicourt	Heavy enemy attack on front line.
16/17	..	"	Relieved by 7th Battalion.
17	..	Le Bucquière	Moved to Le Bucquière.
24	..	"	Moved to Bancourt (billets).
27	..	"	Col. Jacobs proceeded on leave; Major Steele temp. command.
29	..	"	Voting.
May 1/4	..	"	Fatigues and salvage.
4	..	..	Bn. moved via Frémicourt to trenches.
5/9	..	Bullecourt	Relieved night 8/9 by 53rd Bn.
		"	Arrived camp and rested.
10	..	Bapaume	Moved to camp near Bapaume.
19	..	"	Battalion sports.
22	09.00	Bazentin	Left Bapaume; marched to Bazentin.
23	09.00	Ribemont	Left Bazentin; marched to Ribemont.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Place</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
1917			
May 28	..	Ribemont	Battalion champ. in Bde. 10th, 17 pts. (1st); 12th, 11 pts. (2nd). Casualties for operation at Bullecourt, 7 officers, 174 other ranks.
June 1/6	..	„	Training and Coy. competitions: results, D, C, A, B.
		„	Battalion competition: result, 9th (1), 10th (2).
12	..	Henencourt	Marched Henencourt; bivouacked.
13	..	„	Div. sports ("Ochre" 1st).
14	..	Ribemont	Returned to Ribemont.
20	..	„	Final of Div. Coy. competition: "D" Coy. second in Division.
23	..	Mailly Maillet	Col. Jacobs to O.T.B., Major Neligan in command.
24	..	„	Marched to Mailly Maillet.
24/31	..	„	Training.
July 1/5	..	„	Training.
6	..	Ribemont	Marched to Ribemont; Major Giles returned.
8	..	„	Pozières memorial unveiled.
12	..	„	Inspection by H.M. the King.
13	..	Bray	Marched to Bray.
15	..	„	About this time Col. Neligan assumed command.
26	..	Albert	Marched to Albert to entrain.
27	..	Staple	Detained Steenbecque; marched to Staple.
30	..	Senninghem	Bn. moved by bus, transport by road to Senninghem.
Aug. 1	..	„	Training.
6	..	Staple	Returned to Staple.
9	..	Bleu	Marched to Bleu.
10/31	..	„	Training.
22	..	„	Brigade sports.
24	..	„	Inspection by G.O.C. 2nd Army (Gen. Plumer).
Sept. 6	..	„	Bde. Drill Cup won by 10th Bn.
13	..	Caestre	Marched to new area near Caestre.
14	..	Connaught Cp.	Marched to Connaught Camp.
16	..	Cornwall	Marched to Cornwall Camp.
18	..	Château Segard	Marched to Château Segard.
(N.)19/20	23.30	„	Left Château Segard and marched to hopping-off line.
20,	05.40	Polygon Wood	
(N.)21/22	24.00	„	Bn. relieved night 21/22.
23	..	Steenvoorde	Bn. embussed for Steenvoorde.
29	..	„	Bn. embussed to Château Segard.
30	..	Line	T.L. near Château Segard.* Moved into line at midnight.
Oct. (N.) 1/2	..	„	Battalion in line.
(N.) 2/3	..	China Wall	Bn. came out to China Wall; hot feeds.
(N.) 3/4	..	Anzac Ridge	Bn. left for Anzac Ridge.
4	..	„	1st Bde. stunt; many prisoners.
(N.) 5/6	..	Line	Relieved 1st Brigade.
7	..	„	Relieved 12th Battalion.

\* T.L., Transport Lines.



<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Place</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
1917			
Oct. 9	05.20	Celtic Wood	Celtic Wood raid. 5 officers, 80 o.r.
9/10	02.45	" "	Relieved by 32nd.
11	..	<i>Dominion Lines</i>	Bn. at Dominion lines.
20	..	" "	9th and 10th sports; 9th 1st.
24	..	Kruisstraat	Moved to Bde. Reserve line near Ypres (Kruisstraat).
30	..	Railway dug-outs	Moved to Bn. Reserve area; relieved 7th Bn. (3)
Nov. 1	..	Anzac Ridge	Bn. moved to support at Anzac Ridge; relieved 12th Battalion.
5	..	Westhoek	Bn. moved back to Reserve (4th Bn.).
9	..	Halifax	Relieved by 66th British Division and moved to Halifax Camp.
10	..	"	Transport left, by road, for Boulogne area.
11	..	Renescure	Bn. left by bus to Renescure.
13	..	Vaudrighem	Bn. marched to Vaudrighem (20 miles).
18	..	Bourthes	Bn. marched to Bourthes.
19	..	Bezinghem	Readjustment of Bn.: " Z " Coy. formed (140 men).
27	..	Enquin	Readjustment of billets: B.H.Q. to Enquin.
27/30	..	" "	Training.
Dec. 3/4	..	Enquin	Bde. competitions: Transport successful. Strength, 34 officers, 723 other ranks.
6	..	"	Voting for Referenda.
13	..	Vaudrighem	Marched to Vaudrighem. Transport to Elnes.
14	..	Remilly	Marched to Remilly. Transport to Staple.
15	..	Wizernes	Marched to Wizernes; entrained to Lindenhoeck. Transport to Bleu.
16	..	<i>Line</i> Messines	Relieved 31st Bn. Quiet sector. Transport arrived 12.00. T.L. Neuve Eglise.
(N.)24/25	..	Wulverghem Camp	Relieved by 12th Bn.; came out to Wulverghem.
25	..	" "	Christmas Day; very cold.
26/31	..	" "	Fatigues; very cold. Strength with unit, 33 officers, 637 other ranks.
1918			
Jan. (N.) 1/2		<i>Line</i> Messines Sector	Relieved line Battalion in evening. Strength with unit, 33, 559
(N.) 9/10	..	Wulverghem	Relieved by 12th Battalion.
16	..	Rossignol Camp	Left Wulverghem for Rossignol Camp, Kemmel.
16/22	..	" "	Working parties.
23/24	..	Wyt-schaete	Bn. went into line in front of Wyt-schaete; very quiet.
(N.) 31/1	..	Aldershot Camp	Bn. relieved by 31st Bn. Moved to Aldershot Camp; Strength, 39 officers, 741 other ranks.
Feb. 1	..	" "	Fatigues; training; T.L. Neuve Eglise.
24	..	" "	Alarm given; 20 minutes everything ready.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Place.</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
1918			
Feb. 28	..	..	Bn. moved to Tournai Camp. During month 10th Bn. won Bde. Football Cup.
March			
(N.) 1/2	..	Hollebeke	Took over line; raid at time of relief; Major Henwood killed.
(N.) 9/10	..	Crater Dug-outs	Relieved by 12th Bn.; proceeded to supports Crater Dug-outs.
(N.) 24/25	..	Line (Hollebeke)	Relieved 12th Bn. in line. Casualties for March, 141 other ranks.
April			
(N.) 3/4	..	Hollebeke	Bn. relieved by British Division; moved to Dezon Camp; strength, 39—764.
4	..	Dezon Camp	Bn. left Dezon Camp for Caestre by bus.
(N.) 5/6	..	Caestre	Bn. entrained at Caestre and left for Somme.
6	..	Poulanville	Detrained at St. Roch (Amiens); moved to Poulanville. First fire.
7	..	"	Resting. Second fire.
8	..	"	Resting. Third fire.
9	..	Vignacourt	Marched to Vignacourt.
10	..	Rainneville	Marched back to Rainneville.
12	..	"	Bivouacked outside Amiens.
(N.) 12/13	9 A.M.	St. Roch	Marched to Station in morning 13th; entrained for the North.
(N.) 13/14	11 P.M.	Hondeghem	Detrained at Hondeghem about 11 P.M. Very dark. Boche near Strazeele.
		Near Borre	Battalion marched to near Borre in supports. T.L. Morbecque.
(N.) 19	..	Meteren Sector	Bn. relieved Support Bn. of 33rd Div. near Besace Farm, S.
(N.) 23/24	..	Line Sector	Bn. relieved 11th Bn. in the line.
(N.) 24/25	..	" "	Meteren Stunt. Total casualties, April, 169 other ranks.
(N.) 28/29	..	" "	Bn. relieved by 2nd Bn.
30	..	Strazeele	Bn. moved to Divisional Reserve in Strazeele Sector.
May 1/3	..	..	Bn. in Reserve.
4	..	Strazeele Sector	Bn. relieved 5th Bn. in Reserve.
(N.) 8/9	..	" "	Bn. relieved 12th Bn. in line (Right Sector).
12	..	" "	Col. Jacobs, Capt. Cornish, evacu- ated. "Flu" very bad.
(N.) 13/14	..	" "	Bn. relieved by 6th Bn.; proceeded to Hondeghem Camp.
18	..	Sercus	Bn. relieved by 3rd Bn.; moved to Sercus (Div. Reserve area).
21	..	"	Col. Neligan returned.
23	..	"	Bn. Sports.
26	..	La Krule	Relieved 6th Bn. near Hondeghem. T.L. near Hazebrouck.
(N.) 27/28	..	Merris Sector	Relieved 2nd Bn. in line.
30	..	..	Minor operation; 60 casualties.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Place</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
1918			
May 31	..	..	Congratulations from Army Corps Div. Bde. Commanders.
June 1/3	..	Merris Sector	Bn. in line.
(N.) 2/3	..	Line	Co-operation with 11th; 8 machine guns, 31 prisoners.
3/4	..	Pradelles	Bn. relieved by 11th Bn., moved to support at Pradelles.
(N.) 4/5	..	Rouge Croix	Bn. relieved by 8th Bn., moved to Rouge Croix.
7	..	Sercus	Bn. relieved by 4th Bn., moved to Sercus.
10	..	Blaringhem	Bn. moved to Blaringhem. Sports.
11	..	Sercus	Bn. moved back to Sercus.
12	..	"	Bde. Sports, 10th Bn. winning Challenge Cup.
15	..	..	Marks—10th, 49 ; 12th, 26 ; 9th, 22 ; 11th, 11.
16	..	La Krule	Precautionary stage adopted ; moved to La Krule ; bivouacked.
17	..	Borre (near)	Nothing happened.
18/25	..	..	Bde. in line ; Bn. in reserve. T.L. near Hazebrouck.
(N.) 25/26	..	Line Merris	Training ; fatigues.
28	..	..	Bn. relieved 11th Bn. Casualties for month, 204 other ranks.
			Minor operation. Transport 1st delivered rations to Coy. H.Q.
			Congratulations from Army and Corp Commanders.
July 1/5	..	Line Merris	In line still.
(N.) 4/5	..	" "	Raid on our lines attempted ; beaten back.
(N.) 5/6	..	Hondeghem	Bn. relieved by 4th Bn. ; moved to camp near Hondeghem.
8	..	"	Review Parade in honour of G.O.C. 3rd A1 Bde. Transport present.
21/22	..	Line Merris	Bn. moved to line ; relieved 11th Bn.
(N.) 29/30	..	" "	Merris captured ; casualties very slight ; 187 prisoners.
30/31	..	Hondeghem	Bn. relieved by 8th Bn. ; moved to Hondeghem.
Aug. 1	..	..	Bn. relieved by 8th Bn. ; moved to Hondeghem.
		Heurighem	Strength, 45 officers, 715 other ranks.
			Left Hazebrouck 8.30 p.m. Bn. left in buses, arrived 11 p.m.
6	18.15	Wizernes	Marched to Wizernes ; entrained for Somme.
7	05.30	Pt. Remy, Cocquerel Poulanville	Detrained Pont Remy ; marched to Cocquerel.
			Bn. left Cocquerel by bus, Transport by road. Arrived Poulanville, 01.00.
8	..	Hamel	Left Poulanville 14.30 ; arrived at trenches near Hamel about 22.00.
9	..	Harbonnières	Left Hamel - Bayonvillers - Gilleducourt ; bivouacked near Harbonnières.
10	06.30	Line Crepey Wood, Lihons	Bn. started for line ; Crepey Wood trouble.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Place</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
1918			
Aug. 11	..	Lihons	Lihons taken.
11/12	..	..	Relieved by 2nd Bn.
(N.)12/13	..	Line	In line again.
(N.)14/15	..	Supports	Bombs in Transport lines; 5 men, 8 horses wounded. Bn. back to supports again.
(N.)15/16	..	Vaire	Left Harbonnières for Vaire.
21	..	Morcourt	Left Vaire; Bde. Reserve near Morcourt.
(N.)22/23	..	Proyart	Bn. went forward to jumping-off line.
23/27	..	Proyart	Advanced line in front of Proyart-Olympia Wood, Cappy.
26/27	..	Cappy	Bn. relieved by 21st Bn.
27	..	Cerisy	Moved to Cerisy area.
27/31	..	"	Training, bathing, etc. Strength, 39 officers, 597 other ranks.
Sept. 6	..	"	Bde. competition, rifle and Lewis gun; won by 10th Bn.
7	..	Peronne	Bn. moved up to Peronne area.
10	..	Tincourt	Bn. moved up to Tincourt area.
13	..	..	Four enemy planes brought (down) during raid.
(N.)17/18	..	Jeancourt	About 8 P.M. Bn. moved to Jeancourt area.
18	01.00 about	"	Hot meal by limber.
	07.00	"	Bn. left Jeancourt, and by 1 P.M. adv. 5,000; and consolidated line.
21/22	..	"	Relieved by 12th Bn. A.I.F.; moved to supports.
23/24	..	Tincourt Wood	Relieved by 4 Coys. American 59th; Bde. moved to Tincourt Wood.
25	..	..	Transport left Tincourt; 3 days' "trek."
26	7 P.M.	Longpré	Bn. left Tincourt by train; moved to Brucamps 11 P.M.
26/30	..	..	Training and resting.
30	..	..	Strength, 35 officers, 482 other ranks. Casualties for month, 140.
Oct. 1/31	..	Brucamps.	Training. Sports.
11	12.00	"	Brigade Transport competition; 10th Bn. won Cup.
16	..	..	About this time Ostend, Lille, Douai, Roubaix, Turcoing taken
30	..	..	Divisional Musketry competitions; 12th Bn. 1st.; 10th very good shooting.
Nov. 5	..	Brucamps	Preparing to leave Brucamps. Move postponed 24 hours.
8	about 2 P.M.	..	Left Brucamp for Hangest, to entrain about 6 A.M. 9th.
9	17.00	..	Train late; left at 5 P.M. in evening. Rumours <i>re</i> Armistice.
10	..	..	Stopped at Ham—St. Quentin—Roisel—Epehy.
11	06.00	..	Detrained at Epehy. ARMISTIC SIGNED.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Place</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
1918			
Nov. 11	11.30	..	Left Epehy 11.30; Bn. by bus, Transport by road. Bn. went to Mazinghem, Transport to Premont.
12	13.00	Mazinghem	Transport rejoined Battalion.
14	09.30	„	Bn. left Mazinghem for Bohain; arrived 16.30.
22	..	Bohain	Bn. left Bohain for Mazinghem.
23	..	Cartignies	Bn. left Mazinghem for Cartignies.
24	..	Beugnies	Bn. left Cartignies for Beugnies.
Dec. 1	..	„	Inspection by H.M. the King.
2	..	„	Lecture by Bishop Long on the British Empire.
3	..	„	Lecture by Col. Ross on Regimental Traditions.
5	..	„	10th Bn. v. 11th Bn. (football). 10th won.
6	..	„	Lecture by Major Flood, "My Experience while a Prisoner in the Raider Wolf."
17	..	Barbençon	Bn. moved from Beugnies area to Barbençon.
18	..	Gourdonnes	Bn. moved from Barbençon area to Gourdonnes.
19	..	Châtelet	Bn. moved from Gourdonnes area to Châtelet.
25	..	„	Christmas dinner.
30	..	„	Investiture of medals by H.R.H. Prince of Wales

## APPENDIX II—HONOURS AND AWARDS

<i>Date</i>	<i>Action</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>Rank</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Honour awarded</i>
1915					
April	Gallipoli		Pte.	Rule, C.	M.M.
25	Landing	456	Pte.	Weatherall, J.C.	D.C.M.
	"	121	"	Green, C. P.	D.C.M.
	"		Sgt.	Leane, B. B.	M.i.d.
	"		Maj.	Hurcombe, F. W.	M.i.A.C.R.Ors.
	"		Capt.	Lorenzo, F. M.	"
	"		"	Jacob, R. B.	"
	"		"	Herbert, M. J.	"
	"		Lt.	Hancock, F. H.	M.i.d.
	"		S.S.V.	Sawer, E. G.	"
	"		2nd Lt.	Heritage, F. A. G. N.	"
	"		C.S.M.	Henderson, I. J.	"
	"	1157	R.S.M.	McDonald	"
	"		Lt.	Rumball, C.	"
May	"		Capt.	Giles, F. G.	"
19	"		S.S.M.	Sawer, E. G.	"
	"	931	L.-Cpl.	Pritton, R. H.	"
Nov.	"		Maj.	Lorenzo	D.S.O.
	"	547	Sgt.	Montgomery, W.	M.M.
	"	1157	Cpl.	MacDonald, I.	D.C.M.
	"	882	Pte.	Baker, G. E. A.	"
	"	617	C.S.M.	Ebborn, W. H.	M.M.
1916					
May-June			Col.	Price Weir, S.	D.S.O.
July	Pozieres I.		Capt.	McCann W. J.	M.C.
	"		Lt.	Blackburn, A. S.	V.C.
	"	3041	L.-Cpl.	Jacob, D. C.	M.M.
	"		Maj.	Shaw, G. D.	M.i.d.
	"	2566	L.-Cpl.	Barr, D.	M.M.
	"		Capt.	Magenis, G. C.	M.i.d.
	"	2593	Pte.	Bonython, R. L.	D.C.M.
	"	1342	"	Footte, G. F.	M.M.
	"	2948	"	McKenzie, D. H.	D.C.M.
	"	3210	"	Bosna, W. E. J.	M.M.
	"	2761	"	Pike, G. L.	M.M.
	"	2745	"	MacMillan, J.	M.M.
Aug.	Mouquet		Capt.	Campbell, G. C.	M.C.
19/23	Farm		"	Magenis, G. C.	D.S.O.
	"	324	Sgt.	Mead, F. J. L.	D.C.M.
	"	890	Cpl.	Edwards, H. J.	M.M.
	"		L.-Cpl.	Turpin, R.	"
	"	333	Cpl.	Coffey, S. C.	"
	"	771	Pte.	Straney, P.	"
	"	1474	"	Russell, J.	"
Sept.	Ypres,		Lt.	Montgomery, W.	M.C.
	" Hill 60 "				
1917					
Jan.	Pozieres	403	C.S.M.	Holland, E. A.	M.M. (F.)
Feb.	Le Barque		Capt.	Rumball, C.	M.C.
24/25	"	3970	Pte.	Witte, R. F.	M.M.
	"	4472	"	Glanville, J. V.	"
	"	1456	L.-Cpl.	Davey, C.	"

<i>Date</i>	<i>Action</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>Rank</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Honour awarded</i>
1917					
Feb.	Le Barque	815	Pte.	Attwood, W. C.	M.M.
24/25	"	2587	L.-Cpl.	Davey, R.	"
Mar.	Half Yearly				
	"		Maj.	Minagal, C. F.	M.i.d.
	"		"	Giles, F. G.	" D.S.O.
	"		Lt.	Scott, F.	"
	"	470	R.S.M.	Guthrie, G.	M.C.
	"	531	S.S.	Randall, E. L.	M.i.d.
	"	84	C.Q.M.S.	Klenner, A. G.	"
April	Louverval		Lt.	Dougall, N.	M.C.
15/17	"		"	Walsh, D. J.	"
May	Bullecourt	2128	L.-Cpl.	Cook, C. C.	Decoration Militaire
	"	5184	Pte.	Purvis, H. J.	M.M.
	"	2714	Sgt.	Mitchell, R. E.	"
	"	2700	Cpl.	Williams, C. A.	"
April	Louverval	1585	C.S.M.	Towner, S. H.	M.I.A.I.F.Ors.
15	"	4640	Cpl.	Marion, J. M.	M.M.
	"	5713	Pte.	Humphries, R. K.	"
	"	3948	"	Von Duve, A. F.	"
	"	6081	"	Marks, J. R.	"
	"	3734	Cpl.	Duncan, A. J.	"
	"	3813	Pte.	Mitchell, C.	"
	"	2622b	"	Crisp, W. B.	"
	"	3634b	Sgt.	Young, J.	"
	"	2454	"	Milton	"
15/17	Boursies		Lt.	Hill, A. T.	M.C.
May	6 Bullecourt		"	Inglis, E. M.'	"
4/9	"		Capt.	Cornish, W. G.	"
6	"		Lt.	McNeil, A.	D.S.O.
7	"		"	Mills, S. S.	M.C.
	"		T.-Cpl.	Sprott, J.	M.M.
	"	116	Sgt.	Wilson, E. G.	"
6/9	"		Pte.	Fisher, R.	"
6	"		Sgt.	Radbone, H.	"
6/9	"		"	Allchin, F. E.	"
	"		Pte.	Buck, A.	"
7/9	"		"	Giles, T. R.	"
6/9	"		"	Palmer, H. T.	D.C.M.
7	"		L.-Cpl.	Turpin, R.	Bar to M.M.
6/9	"		Pte.	Sailing, H. C.	M.M.
5/9	"		"	Montgomery, R. R.	"
	"	6068	"	Halliday, B. J.	"
	"	5765	L.-Cpl.	Varcoe, R.N.	"
	Service in		Sgt.	Henry, J.	C. de G. (B.)
	France		"	Earl	"
May	Bullecourt	694	C.S.M.	Lewis, E. L.	D.C.M.
5/9	"	4594	Pte.	Wallace, C. R.	M.M.
1918	New Year's		Maj.	Minagall, C. F.	D.S.O., M.i.d.
	Honours		Lt.	Corcoran, T. L.	M.i.d.
	"		C.S.M.	Dyer, S. H.	"
	"		Pte.	Swanson, A. W.	"
	"		"	Slocombe, W. G.	"
	"		L.-Cpl.	Harrison	M.M.
1917					
Sept.	Polygon Wood		Capt.	Campbell, G. C.	Bar to M.C.
19/22	"		Maj.	Appleyard, H.	D.S.O.
	"		Lt.	Sanders, M. G.	M.C.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Action</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>Rank</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Honour awarded</i>
1917					
Sept.	Polygon Wood	506	Pte.	Inwood, P. R.	V.C.
19/22	"	1228	Cpl.	Cook, C. C.	M.M.
	"	2829	Sgt.	Cowley, L. M.	"
	"		L.-Cpl.	Rawlins, W. J.	"
	"	6301	Pte.	Morris, J. P.	"
	"		"	Fidge, E. O.	"
	"	9	Sgt.	McIvor, C. B.	"
	"	5026	Pte.	Allbrecht, W. D.	"
	"	3469	Cpl.	Chinner, W. P.	"
	"	116	C.S.M.	Wilson, E. G.	D.C.M.
	"	772	Cpl.	Bradley, F. M.	M.M.
	"	6218a	"	Rigney, S. C.	"
	"	5351	Pte.	Davis, G. W.	"
	"	144	Sgt.	Becker, J. P.	"
	"	551	Pte.	Bates, G. R.	"
	"	4390b	"	Buik, A. M. M.	Bar to M.M.
	"	5242	"	Wilkins, H. L.	M.M.
	"	5338	Cpl.	Adcock, R.E.	"
	"	2700	Sgt.	Williams, C. A.	Bar to M.M.
	"		Lt.	Scudds, H. W.	M.C.
	"		"	Klenner, A. G.	"
	"		Capt.	Hurcombe, R. K.	"
Sept.	Zonnebeke		Lt.	Reid, H. W.	"
30	"	3686	Pte.	Bell, R. M.	M.M.
Oct.	"	4578	"	Smith, A. T.	"
2/9	"	6584	"	Spencer, H. E.	"
	"	2817b	"	Vale, A.	"
	"	1010	Sgt.	Jackson, A. H.	"
	"	3242	"	Wood, F. T. A.	"
9	"	2860	L.-Cpl.	Easther, G. T.	"
	"	4638	Pte.	Scobie, J. W. R. L. C.	"
9	Celtic Wood	5282	"	Toll, C. C.	"
	"	1194	Cpl.	Williams, E.	"
	"	3582	Pte.	Rhodes, D. A.	"
	"	1841	"	Wilson, T.	"
	"	493	"	Green, L. A.	"
1918					
Jan.	Warneton	1327	L.-Cpl.	Davey, P.	"
3	"	2860	Cpl.	Easther, G. T., M.M.	Bar to M.M.
Mar.	Hollebeke	2246	Sgt.	Ball, S.	M.M.
1/2	"	5410	Pte.	Kotz, G. F. J.	"
	"	2849	L.-Cpl.	Baker, F. J. J.	"
	"	3734	Cpl.	Duncan, A. J., M.M.	Bar to M.M.
	"		Lt.	Scott, C. J.	M.C.
	"	7288	Pte.	Roach, F. J.	M.M.
	Half-yearly		Lt.	Corcoran, F. L.	M.C.
	(Birthday)	371	T./R.Q.M S	Boyle, J.	M.S.M.
	"		Lt.	Limb, A.	M.i.d.
	"		Capt.	Cornish, W. G.	"
	"	531	S.Sgt.	Randall, E. L.	M.S.M.
May	Merris		Lt.	Blake, W. H.	M.C.
20/30	"	2647b	Pte.	Fyfe, H.	M.M.
	"	1959	"	Holt, C.	"
	"	3181	"	Musgrave, M.	"
	"	503	R.S.M.	Holland, E. A.	D.C.M.
29/30	"	362	Sgt.	King, R.	M.M.
	"	7437	"	Mitchell, W. J.	"
	"	113	Pte.	Fry, L.	"



<i>Date</i>	<i>Action</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>Rank</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Honour awarded</i>
1918					
June					
1/2	Merris		2nd Lt.	Orman, E. P.	M.C.
2/3	"		Lt.	Mead, F. J. I., D.C.M.	"
	"	2242	L.-Cpl.	Wright, W. V.	M.M.
	"	2381	Cpl.	Hansen, W. E.	"
	"		Lt.	Stephens, L. R.	M.C.
	"	963	Sgt.	Partridge, J. L.	M.M.
	"	2813	Pte.	Morris, T.	"
	"	2760b	"	Phillips, J. H.	"
	"	6089	"	Perkins, T.	"
	"	2765b	Sgt.	Pullen, E. A.	"
28	"	1327	Cpl.	Davey, P.	V.C.
	"		Lt.	Limb, A.	M.i.d.
	"		"	Davidson, J.	"
	"		"	Scudds, H. W.	Bar to M.C.
	"	3126	L.-Cpl.	Harris, A. K.	M.M.
	"	2187	Sgt.	Leathley, P. C.	"
	"	6244	L.-Cpl.	Edwards, E. M.	"
	"	6463	Pte.	Groves, G.	"
30	"	952	Dvr.	Jacobs, H. E.	"
	"	7334	Pte.	Hall, V. A.	"
	"	5404	"	Mitchell, J. R.	"
	"	5187	L.-Cpl.	Quinn, J. H.	"
	"	700	Pte.	Ryan, T.	"
	"	217	Sgt.	Mooney, T.	"
July					
22/23	"		Lt.	Smith, R. G.	M.C.
22/24	"	1769	Pte.	Lorymer, H.	M.M.
	"	630	"	Fry, F. W.	"
	"	355	Sgt.	Faint, W.	"
	"	7103	L.-Cpl.	Beatty, R. S.	"
29/30	"	2700	Sgt.	Williams, C. A., M.M. and Bar	2nd Bar to M.M.
	"	2739	L.-Cpl.	Melville, D. J.	M.M.
	"	5340	Pte.	Bache, A.	"
	"	9	Sgt.	McIvor, C., M.M.	Bar to M.M.
	"	2057	L.-Cpl.	Elvidge, F. T.	M.M.
	"	131	Sgt.	Neave, A. G. P.	"
	"	3684	Pte.	Beaton, H. E.	"
	"	255	Sgt.	Faint, W.	Bar to M.M.
26	"	6606	"	Warner, A.	M.M.
	"	7219	Pte.	Cilento, W. A.	"
	"	1469	Sgt.	Mann, E.	"
	"	6607	Cpl.	Bassham	"
	"		Lt.	Sharland, W. D.	M.C.
	"	964b	Pte.	Winter, D.	M.M.
	"		Lt.	Pennington, F. E.	M.C.
	"		"	Lightbody, G. S.	"
	"		Capt.	Hurcombe, R. K., M.C.	Bar to M.C.
	"		"	McCann, W. F. J., M.C.	"
Aug.					
10	Lihons		"	McCann, W. F. J.	D.S.O.
11	"		2nd Lt.	Collett, L. W.	M.C.
	"		Lt.	Mining, A. E.	"
	"	1959	Pte.	Holt, C., M.M.	Bar to M.M.
	"	6574	L.-Cpl.	Quicke, S. H.	M.M.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Action</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>Rank</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Honour awarded</i>
1918					
Aug.	Lihons	3	Sgt.	White, R. T.	M.M.
11	"	3504b	"	Green, H. A.	"
	"	1935	L.-Cpl.	Howe, C. T.	"
	"	3267	Pte.	Nutt, G. G.	"
	"	1316	L.-Cpl.	Busbridge, C. W.	"
	"	6969	Pte.	Brooks, R. P. S.	"
	"	2609b	Cpl.	Clarke, G. F.	"
	"	6508	Pte.	Fisher, A. R.	"
	"	5170	"	Olds, P.	"
	"	1795	Pte.	Pitick, J. W.	"
	"	2761b	Cpl.	Pike, G. L., M.M.	Bar to M.M.
	"	3477	Pte.	Davis, J. F.	M.M.
	"	3460b	"	Bott, C. J. S.	"
	"	7313	"	Williams, F. L.	"
	"	4446	"	Broadbent, L. H.	"
	"	6988	"	Cain, F.	"
	"	6783	"	Manser, W. C.	"
	"	6174	"	Pearman, R. H.	"
1916-1918					
	Service in	2791b	C.S.M.	Slocombe, W. G.	C. de G. (Fr.)
	France		Lt.-Col.	Wilder-Neligan, M.,	C. de G. (Fr.),
				C.M.G., D.S.O.,	Bar to D.S.O.
				etc.	
Aug.	Luc Wood		2nd Lt.	Cooper, W. O.	M.C.
23	Justice Wood		"	Bennett, W. S.	"
Sept.	Villeret		Lt.	Bennett, W. S.	D.S.O.
18	Jeancourt		Capt.	Perry, W. H.	M.C.
	"		Lt.	Searcy, J. W.	"
	"	2630b	Pte.	Dowd, P. J.	M.M.
	"	3585b	Cpl.	Priest, J. H.	"
	"	244	"	Glover, A.	"
	"	3864	L.-Cpl.	Beaton, H. E., M.M.	Bar to M.M.
	"	7103	"	Beatty, R. L., M.M.	D.C.M.
	"	3451	Cpl.	Zwolsman, J. F.	M.M.
	"	2865b	Pte.	Simpson, R. J.	"
	"	2263	L.-Cpl.	Curyer, S.	D.C.M.
	"	3553b	"	Murphy, B. P.	M.M.
	"	2568b	Sgt.	Schenscher, F.B.S.	"
	"	6464	L.-Cpl.	Heffernan, J. J.	"
1919	New Year's				
	Honours		Lt.	Davidson, J.	M.C.
	"		Lt.-Col.	Wilder-Neligan, M.	M.i.d.
	"		Lt.	Limb, A.	"
	"		Sgt.	Bartlett, R.	"
	"	967	Sgt.	Coffin, H. H.	M.S.M.
	"	5186	"	Pyle, W. D.	"
	"	3632	"	Barker, C.	"

<i>Date</i>	<i>Action</i>	<i>V.C.</i>	<i>C.M.G.</i>	<i>D.S.O.</i>	<i>Bar</i>	<i>M.C.</i>	<i>Bar</i>	<i>D.C.M.</i>	<i>M.M.</i>	<i>Bar</i>	<i>M.I.D.</i>	<i>M.in A.C.R.O.</i>	<i>M.S.M.</i>	<i>Fr. Croix de Guerre</i>	<i>Bel. Croix de Guerre</i>	<i>Fign. Order of St. Anne.</i>	<i>Belgian M.M.</i>	<i>French M.M.</i>
April 25	Landing	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	1	7	..	..	..	..	..	..
May, 1915	Gallipoli Landing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
" "	" "	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aug., "	" "	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nov., "	" "	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
June, 1916	Half-yearly ..	..	..	1	..	1	..	2	6	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
July "	Pozières 1 ..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aug. "	Pozières 2 ..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sept. "	Ypres ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Feb., 1917	Le Barque ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mar. "	Half-yearly ..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	5	1	..	..	..	1	..	..
April "	Louveral and Boursies	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
May "	Bullecourt ..	..	..	1	..	4	..	2	15	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sept. "	Polygon Wood ..	..	..	1	..	4	1	1	15	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
" "	Zonnebeke ..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	13	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..
" 1918	Service in France	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
N.Yr. "	New Year ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jan. "	Warneton ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mar. "	Hollebeke ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	4	1	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..
" "	Half-yearly ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
May "	Merris ..	..	..	..	..	4	..	1	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
June "	" "	1	..	..	..	4	1	1	10	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
July "	..	..	..	..	..	4	2	..	14	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aug. "	Lihons ..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	18	2	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..
" "	Cappy ..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sept. "	Jeancourt ..	..	..	1	..	2	..	2	8	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Year	New Year ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Totals		3	1	9	1	34	4	13	140	11	23	11	2	3	3	1	2	1
		TOTAL 260																

### APPENDIX III

#### ROLL OF HONOUR (DEATHS IN FRANCE)

The *figures* only for Gallipoli are available at present. The *names* of deaths in France are given below.

#### TOTAL CASUALTIES

DIED				
		<i>Officers</i>	<i>Other Ranks</i>	<i>Total</i>
Gallipoli Peninsula		9 ..	208 ..	217
France	.. ..	48 ..	701 ..	749
		<hr/> 57	<hr/> 909	<hr/> 966
WOUNDED				
		<i>Officers</i>	<i>Other Ranks</i>	<i>Total</i>
Gallipoli	.. ..	6 —	283 ..	289
France	.. ..	285 ..	1,969 ..	2,254
		<hr/> 291	<hr/> 2,252	<hr/> 2,543
		<i>Officers</i>	<i>Other Ranks</i>	<i>Grand Total*</i>
Total casualties	.. ..	348 ..	3,161 ..	3,509

#### FRANCE

(K.i.A., killed in action ; D.o.W., died of wounds ; D.o.D., died of disease.)

<i>No.</i>	<i>Rank</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Record</i>	<i>Date</i>
2704	Pte.	Kindler, R. G.	K.i.A.	20/4/16
2784	"	Schroeder, S. H.	D.o.W.	"
..	Capt.	Bates, C. J.	K.i.A.	19/5/16
..	2nd Lt.	Shaw, H. B.	"	"
3750b	Pte.	O'Malley, T. C.	"	"
2583b	"	Barry, J. J.	D.o.W.	24/5/16
418	"	Watherston, C. A.	K.i.A.	26/5/16
2675b	"	Heath, C. R.	"	7/6/16
2612	"	Cole, S. J.	D.o.W.	8/6/16
3941	"	Trevilyan, H.	K.i.A.	10/6/16
2819b	"	Weitsh, W.	"	11/6/16
3779	"	Hunn, S. E.	"	"
3068	"	Hayes, R.	"	13/6/16
3539b	"	Marcus, D. R. S.	"	19/6/16
2357	"	Dadliff, H. J.	"	"
3630b	"	White, F. E.	"	"
2150	"	Francom, R. C.	"	20/6/16
2753	"	Symonds, W. E.	"	21/6/16
1941b	"	Jones, E. V.	"	26/6/16
3963	"	Williams, N. L.	"	28/6/16
2599b	"	Brown, W. H.	"	29/6/16
675	"	Bradley, C. E.	"	25/7/16

\* Not including sickness.

No.	Rank	Name	Record	Date
2116	Pte.	Brown, J. C.	K.I.A.	25/7/16
2600b	"	Brown, S. F.	"	"
2821	"	Chambers, E. E.	"	"
2125	"	Codling, S. J.	"	23/7/16
2123	"	Cochrane, G. V.	"	25/7/16
2347	"	Coles, L. C.	"	23/7/16
3713	"	Christie, R. E.	"	"
3726	"	Davenport, A. J.	"	25/7/16
3727	"	Deacon, S. J.	"	"
617	"	Ebborn, W. H.	"	"
4469	"	Erskine, L. V.	"	23/7/16
1339	"	Fowler, J. F.	"	22/7/16
744	"	Field, E. R.	"	23/7/16
2615	"	Gardin, R. V.	"	"
2660b	"	Gray, S. J. O.	"	"
..	Lt.	Hillier, B. R. J.	"	25/7/16
..	Capt.	Hoooper, C. W.	"	"
2890	Pte.	Harrison, S.	"	"
3224	"	Hewett, H. B.	"	23/7/16
3031	"	Howard, L. C. J.	"	"
1961	"	Hurrell, H.	"	"
2678b	"	Heuzenroeder, G. L.	"	"
1533	Sgt.	Inwood, R. M.	"	24/7/16
2622	"	Jeffrey, F. S.	"	23/7/16
1967	"	Keen, J.	"	25/7/16
2712b	"	Laycock, J.	"	23/7/16
3220	L.-Cpl.	Langley, J. C. R.	"	24/7/16
3124	Pte.	Maloney, J. L.	"	25/7/16
1991	"	Marlow, K. C. D.	"	"
3538b	"	Manoel, E. J.	"	"
3550b	"	Munro, B.	"	23/7/16
263	Sgt.	McLaren, C. R.	"	"
3822	Pte.	Mugford, A. J.	"	"
1577	L.-Cpl.	O'Connell, M.	"	"
904	Pte.	Pagan, J. B.	"	25/7/16
831	Cpl.	Player, H. J.	"	"
3083	Pte.	Polglaise, W. J.	"	"
2759	"	Petherick, O. L.	"	23/7/16
1069	"	Plew, W. J.	"	8/7/16
3861	"	Pfuhl, W. T.	"	25/7/16
3884	"	Rhodes, A.	"	"
738	L.-Cpl.	Sandford, A. W.	"	"
1091	T.-Cpl.	Sellick, G.	"	"
3592b	Pte.	Sandercock, W. J.	"	"
2864b	"	Sheahy, W. P.	"	24/7/16
669	T.-Cpl.	Switzer, W. A.	"	22/7/16
1511	Pte.	Trinne, B. W.	"	"
3621b	"	Thorn, R. S.	"	24/7/16
1077	"	Thomas, H. J.	"	"
2230	"	Vincent, W. G.	"	"
2822b	"	Volbrecht, H. R.	"	23/7/16
855	Sgt.	Willcock, J.	"	25/7/16
1443	Cpl.	Williams, H.	"	"
979a	Pte.	Wade, E. R.	"	"
2836b	"	Williams, F.	"	23/7/16
2685b	"	Hollywood, L. F.	D.O.W.	24/7/16
2858b	"	McAskill, A. G.	"	22/7/16
2342	"	Butterick, G. A.	"	23/7/16
449	"	Wood, G. J. T.	"	"

No.	Rank	Name	Record	Date
4312	Pte.	Zimmerman, C. R.	D.o.W.	23/7/16
3626	"	Walsh, J. J.	D.o.D.	6/7/16
3540	"	Marsh, Jas.	D.o.W.	30/7/16
2666b	"	Hales, S. R.	"	25/7/16
337	"	Warning, F. J.	"	6/8/16
1733	L.-Cpl.	Clark, A. E.	"	24/7/16
1780	Pte.	Meadows, A. P.	"	26/7/16
..	Lt.	Sandland, A. C.	"	4/8/16
3761	Pte.	Groves, J. F.	"	14/8/16
823	Sgt.	Paul, J.	"	15/8/16
..	Lt.	Walker, A. R.	"	23/8/16
..	2nd Lt.	Crowle, H. W.	"	25/8/16
2104	Pte.	Allen, D. W.	"	20/8/16
1321	"	Coates, E.	"	23/8/16
765	"	Hewett, R. S.	"	24/8/16
3210	"	Bosna, H. J. W.	"	25/8/16
4608	"	Wright, J. H.	"	23/8/16
3609b	"	Smith, T. G.	"	"
2224	"	Threadgold, E. W. S.	"	"
4621	"	Miller, W. H. M.	"	24/8/16
2635b	"	Ellaway, E. J.	"	"
2807	"	Brown, F.	"	25/8/16
3883	"	Riley, F. W.	"	22/8/16
3564b	"	Neary, J.	"	26/8/16
3726	"	Davenport, A. J.	"	26/7/16
..	2nd Lt.	Baker, W.	K.I.A.	22/8/16
..	"	Kent, E.	"	"
3465	Pte.	Burrett, J. R.	"	23/8/16
3681	"	Barber, A. D.	"	22/8/16
3702	"	Buder, W. A.	"	20/8/16
3689	"	Birkin, E.	"	23/8/16
2582	"	Cameron, K.	"	20/8/16
4456	"	Coffey, T. J.	"	21/8/16
1134	"	Dumbrill, H. W.	"	23/8/16
2146	"	Fisk, C. J.	"	"
2330	"	Baker, H. F. C.	"	22/8/16
96	"	Goodyear, H.	"	23/8/16
2663b	"	Grigg, W. J.	"	"
1344	"	Grivell, A. C.	"	"
1565	"	Hooper, F. R.	"	19/8/16
2676	"	Heuzenroeder, H.	"	22/8/16
4498	"	Hurling, D. H.	"	20/8/16
826	"	Games, T.	"	23/8/16
4505	"	Kent, R. H.	"	"
955	"	King, L.	"	21/8/16
1975	"	Leach, H. J.	"	23/8/16
3546b	"	Millord, ..	"	"
1988	"	Maben, D.	"	20/8/16
1391	"	MacDonald, R. D. S.	"	"
2267	"	Mara, J. C.	"	23/8/16
3888	"	McBeath, R. D.	"	22/8/16
4515	"	Maddison, J. F.	"	"
1157	"	McDonald, V. G. R.	"	21/8/16
3565b	"	Nicholson, E. J.	"	23/8/16
3075	"	Pownall, F. I. H.	"	"
3571	"	Palmer, A. E.	"	"
1806	"	Reidal, C. W.	"	21/8/16
1413	"	Ronald, A.	"	23/8/16
4563	"	Roberts, R. L.	"	20/8/16

No.	Rank	Name	Record	Date
4562	Pte.	Roberts, S. A.	K.i.A.	20/8/16
3886	"	Robinson, W. J.	"	23/8/16
2056	"	Shepery, R. B.	"	20/8/16
2575	"	Story, A. G.	"	22/8/16
2807b	"	Thomas, D. C.	"	20/8/16
3936	"	Thompson, J.	"	"
1584	"	Taylor, J. S.	"	23/8/16
2971	"	Wald, S. L.	"	"
2041	"	Ween, A. R.	"	"
1838	"	Winton, L. M.	"	"
1017	"	Walker, H. S.	"	22/8/16
3964	"	Williams, W.	"	"
3312b	L.-Cpl.	Yuill, J. A.	"	"
4595	Pte.	Warner, E.	"	20/8/16
175	"	Winfield, H. M.	"	23/8/16
804	Cpl.	Zander, C. O.	"	22/8/16
2213	Pte.	Roberts, H. E.	"	23/8/16
2036	"	Williams, J. H.	D.o.W.	10/9/16
2145	"	Forse, J.	D.o.D.	11/9/16
2905	"	Leak, H. P.	K.i.A.	5/8/16
4551	"	Pearson, T.	D.o.W.	22/9/16
4747	"	Caskey, J. P.	"	2/10/16
2613b	"	Collison, F. N.	K.i.A.	1/10/16
3515	"	Hatch, J.	"	21/8/16
2588	"	Bell, W. S.	"	"
3063b	"	Nairne, W. F.	Died in Germany	21/9/16
5237	"	Webb, G. F. H.	D.o.W.	15/11/16
1140	"	Oldem, J. P. H.	"	11/11/16
5450	"	Wooding, W.	"	16/11/16
3876	"	Rignier, H. B.	K.i.A.	8/11/16
2837b	"	Williams, L.	"	"
2665b	"	Gunther, E. A.	"	9/11/16
1313	"	Brook, L. S.	Acc. killed	10/10/16
5168	"	Noyes, K. H.	D.o.W.	8/11/16
5742	"	Norton, B. H.	D.o.D.	11/12/16
4459	"	Datson, V. W.	K.i.A.	13/12/16
5106	"	Gurr, J. H.	"	"
5246	"	Wood, A.	"	"
725	"	Duffy, J. P.	K.i.A.	"
4629	"	Walker, C. L.	"	"
5120	"	Hill, W. C.	"	19/12/16
3700	"	Brownette, R.	"	"
1913	"	Brock, C. H.	D.o.D.	5/12/16
5052	"	Bailey, R. E.	K.i.A.	17/2/17
472	"	Pack, S. G.	"	"
2249	"	Fels, R. C. C.	"	"
3885	"	Robinson, A. W.	"	"
1822	"	Trenwith, A. A.	"	"
5808	"	Robertson, J.	"	"
5434	"	Swain, L. A.	D.o.W.	26/2/17
1832	"	Vogel, F.	"	"
3899	"	Scott, D.	K.i.A.	25/2/17
4547	"	O'Brien, J.	"	"
2948	"	McKenzie, D. H.	"	"
4185	"	Guthrie, D. G.	"	"
4533	"	McBeath, W. H.	"	"
3737	"	Dunstan, E. T.	"	"
5449	"	Williams, D. N.	"	27/2/17

<i>No.</i>	<i>Rank</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Record</i>	<i>Date</i>
..	2nd Lt.	Whiteford, E. G.	K.i.A.	25/2/17
..	Lt.	Collison, H. J.	"	"
3074	Pte.	Pym, P. L.	D.o.W.	2/3/17
4436	"	Bellis, T. H.	"	4/3/17
4588	"	Thomas, W.	D.o.D.	13/3/17
4475	"	Fuller, F. C.	K.i.A.	25/2/17
4452	"	Load, R. B.	"	"
2428	"	Pyne, O.	D.o.W.	17/3/17
1011	L.-Cpl.	Marshall, A. K.	K.i.A.	25/2/17
187	"	Barker, A. O. M.	"	"
..	2nd Lt.	O'Brien, W.	"	9/4/17
..	"	Fordham, R. O.	"	8/4/17
2649	Sgt.	Mahoney, J. O.	"	"
882	L.-Cpl.	Baker, G. E.	"	"
4495	Pte.	Holland, J. W.	"	"
5802	"	McFarlane, A. H.	"	"
1907	"	Buther, A.	"	"
5063	"	Carmen, R. C.	"	"
5093	"	Eyre, G.	"	"
701	"	Roke, J.	"	"
5045	"	Bishop, R. A. R.	"	"
3925	L.-Cpl.	Stevens, C. J.	"	"
3470b	Pte.	Clase, R. B.	"	"
2178	"	Jamison, R. G.	"	"
5049	"	Boyce, W. A.	"	9/4/17
5862	"	Twigden, C. K.	"	10/4/17
5409	"	McCartney, J.	"	"
5413	"	McLeod, D.	"	"
5154	"	Mills, H.	"	"
5164	"	Nelson, E. W.	"	"
5219	"	Swanson, A. W.	"	"
316	"	Freeman, F.	"	"
3528b	"	Johnson, K. E.	"	"
3880	"	Revell, C. H.	D.o.W.	8/4/17
3617b	"	Tait, A. S.	"	"
6109	"	McDonald, G.	D.o.D.	14/4/17
2221b	Sgt.	Rowe, R.	D.o.W.	10/4/17
5092	L.-Cpl.	Elliot, L. O.	"	13/4/17
2809b	Pte.	Thomas, W. V.	"	18/4/17
6703	"	Edwards, W.	"	14/4/17
3678	Cpl.	Arnold, F. W.	"	15/4/17
1553	Pte.	Hurchanson, A. W.	"	"
5185	"	Pyle, J.	K.i.A.	"
455	"	Rule, C.	"	"
6098	"	Simmonds, J. A.	"	"
3471b	"	Colbert, E. J.	"	"
473	"	Carter, S. M.	D.o.D.	4/5/17
..	Lt.	Dougall, N.	K.i.A.	6/5/17
..	2nd Lt.	Wendt, K.	"	"
427	Cpl.	Smith, F. R. T.	"	7/5/17
941	L.-Cpl.	Jackson, H. E.	"	"
1067	Pte.	Sale, C.	"	6/5/17
1149c	"	Lloyd, S. C.	"	7/5/17
1456	Cpl.	Davey, C.	"	6/5/17
1595	Pte.	Batchelor, W. H. E. C.	"	"
1937	"	Turner, S. G.	"	"
2412	"	Morley, W.	"	7/5/17
3274	"	Cotton, E. A.	"	6/5/17
3648b	"	Martin, E.	"	"



<i>No.</i>	<i>Rank</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Record</i>	<i>Date</i>
3720	Pte.	Cornish, L. F.	K.i.A.	6/5/17
3757	L.-Cpl.	Goodenough, E. W.	"	"
4283	Pte.	Cronin, E. T.	"	7/5/17
4462	"	Dew, H. C. L. G.	"	"
4570	"	Savage, C.	"	"
4589	"	Thompson, P. J.	"	"
5037	L.-Cpl.	Barnes, W. H.	"	"
5099	Pte.	Giles, W. B.	"	9/5/17
5123	"	Hoyle, F. S.	"	7/5/17
5330	"	Compton, H.	"	"
5646	"	Bullock, F. M.	"	6/5/17
5743	"	O'Reilley, E.	"	"
6117	"	Meyers, H. L.	"	7/5/17
6298	"	Mepstead, P.	"	"
6481	"	Box, S. J.	"	9/5/17
6516	"	Grottwick, R. W.	"	7/5/17
6236	"	Docking, F. A.	"	6/5/17
6237	"	Docking, L. T. C.	"	"
6594	"	Von Dittner, H. J.	"	"
6618	"	Mann, W.	"	7/5/17
6708	"	Brannon, E. H.	"	"
6745	"	Franklin, C.	"	6/5/17
6592	"	Treglown, G.	D.o.W.	7/5/17
3679	"	Baker, H. E.	"	6/5/17
5973	"	Bralla, E.	"	"
5419	"	Noble, A. C.	"	9/5/17
6457	"	Bolton, F. L.	"	12/5/17
6581	"	Sampson, C. K. C.	"	15/5/17
3011	"	Chapman, S. H.	"	12/5/17
1098	C.S.M.	Watson, J. C.	"	"
6541	Pte.	Mills, A. E.	K.i.A.	6/5/17
3973	"	Woodings, G. W.	"	"
6040	"	Bartsch, T. B.	"	"
6756	"	Groves, P. W.	D.o.W.	18/5/17
836	Sgt.	Hunter, A. C.	"	22/5/17
6872	Pte.	Riley, B.	"	17/5/17
2566	L.-Cpl.	Barr, D.	K.i.A.	9/5/17
580	Pte.	McKay, A. J.	D.o.W.	15/6/17
3577 <i>b</i>	"	Hill, N.	K.i.A.	22/7/16
2423 <i>b</i>	"	Neilson, W. E.	"	25/7/16
3568 <i>b</i>	"	O'Keefe, W. P.	"	"
1193	"	Wiggins, P. F.	"	22/8/16
2435 <i>b</i>	"	Triste, J. N.	"	"
3517 <i>b</i>	"	Pentecost, A.	"	"
1362	"	Hunt, H. P.	"	23/8/16
..	2nd Lt.	Dey, G. R. M.	"	"
856	Pte.	Watherston, E. A.	"	23-25/7/16
2000	"	Mayfield, A. J.	"	"
2191	Sgt.	McKecknie, J. H.	"	"
2723	Pte.	King, F. R.	"	"
2765	"	Dighton, H. J.	"	"
2799	"	Streeter, W.	"	"
3066	"	Niemann, O. C.	"	"
3501	"	Goodall, C. E.	"	"
3520	"	Hughes, L. H.	"	"
3548	"	Moore, C. T.	"	"
3732	"	Dowdell, R. T.	"	"
3907	"	Shiers, W. N.	"	"
3846	"	Oakes, H. L.	"	"

No.	Rank	Name	Record	Date
92	Sgt.	Pickering, R.	K.i.A.	19-23/8/16
608	Pte.	Needham, H. O.	"	"
1508	"	Rattroy, F. M.	"	"
1793	"	Pederson, W.	"	"
1813	"	Stewart, G.	"	"
2481	"	Habner, N. F.	"	"
2585	"	Beale, L. C.	"	"
2601	"	Buckenora, L. A.	"	"
2740	"	McDonell, P.	"	"
2756	"	Pearse, E. L.	"	"
2787	"	Simpson, A. A.	"	"
2788	Cpl.	Brown, L. Y.	"	"
2794	Pte.	Smelt, C. H.	"	"
2812	L.-Cpl.	Shimmin, W. J.	"	"
3156	Pte.	Pearce, A. J.	"	"
5491	"	Stevens, A.	"	"
3495	"	Garner, F.	"	"
3536	"	Malcoln, G. J.	"	"
3629	"	Welch, F. A.	"	"
3819	"	Moore, S. R.	"	"
3857	"	Pearson, E. V.	"	"
4477	"	Gillispie, T. H.	"	"
2843b	"	Wyllie, P. S.	D.o.W.	6/10/17
387	Sgt.	Ash, A. A.	K.i.A.	25/2/17
..	2nd. Lt.	Wickham, L. C.	"	25/7/16
3505b	L.-Cpl.	Green, H. F.	"	20/9/17
2731	Pte.	Britten, N.	"	21/9/17
1343	"	Gray, J.	"	20/9/17
6789	"	Mangelsdorf, W. A.	"	"
..	Lt.	Martin, F. W. S.	"	"
3838	Cpl.	McNaughton, E. T.	"	20-21/9/17
6287	Pte.	Madland, W. S.	"	"
7047	"	McMillan, W.	"	"
7092	"	Wye, S. W.	"	"
7108	"	Waters, M. S.	"	"
6948	"	Hoss, A. F.	"	"
5440	"	Tyrr, G.	"	"
6105	"	Watkins, E. B.	D.o.W.	22/9/17
6248	"	Ford, T. P.	"	20/9/17
893	Cpl.	Child, A.	K.i.A.	2/10/17
5357	L.-Cpl.	Eckert, J. G.	"	1/10/17
2643b	Pte.	Foggo, R. A.	"	"
6998	"	Freeman, C.	"	2/10/17
3756	"	Gollan, S.	"	1/10/17
5331	Cpl.	Holliday, W.	"	"
2693b	Pte.	Jackson, A. H.	"	2/10/17
7032	"	Lester, F. J.	"	1/10/17
2715	"	Langley, C. F. T.	"	"
6088	"	O'Boon, H. M.	"	3/10/17
2758	"	Pengel, A.	"	2/10/17
3590	L.-Cpl.	Reach, E.	"	"
2803b	Pte.	Tidswell, C. T.	"	"
3120	Cpl.	Williams, R. W.	"	1/10/17
886	Pte.	Burton, R.	D.o.W.	2/10/17
486	Sgt.	Connock, E.	"	1/10/17
7000	Pte.	Forbes, D. M.	"	2/10/17
6751	"	Fairbairn, E. C.	"	15/10/17
2006	L.-Cpl.	Perry, F.	"	2/10/17
3612	Sgt.	Spurritt, H. K.	"	"

No.	Rank	Name	Record	Date
558	Pte.	Sutherland, J. D.	D.o.W.	4/10/17
..	Lt.	Dodson, W. F. L.	K.i.A.	19-20/9/17
4918	Pte.	Ford, C. K.	D.o.W.	1/10/17
6707	"	Allen, E. R.	K.i.A.	6/10/17
5030	"	Arring, C. H.	"	7/10/17
2780	"	Adams, C. J. J.	"	8/10/17
551	"	Bates, N. R.	"	"
5672	"	Champion, P.	"	6/10/17
466	Sgt.	Cole, W.	"	8/10/17
5351	Pte.	Davis, G. W.	"	"
3092	"	Deans, A.	"	"
6999	"	Finch, W. G.	"	6/10/17
..	Lt.	Ford, R. P.	"	7/10/17
4771	Pte.	Fergusson, R. A.	"	8/10/17
2662b	"	Green, E. L.	"	"
4490	"	Henry, C.	"	7/10/17
66	T.-Sgt.	Jacobs, A. A.	"	"
4551	Pte.	Larkin, J. P.	"	"
6305	"	Neil, W.	"	9/10/17
7110	"	O'Sullivan, E. A.	"	6/10/17
..	2nd Lt.	Rae, A. N.	"	8/10/17
7071	Pte.	Stringer, H. E.	"	6/10/17
..	Lt.	Scott, F. J.	"	8/10/17
6821	Pte.	Shillabeer, A. W.	"	"
6122	"	Thomas, S. J.	"	"
5763	"	Thomas, R. G. A.	"	"
1192	"	Welch, W. J.	"	7/10/17
6966	"	Buck, A. H.	"	8/10/17
5349	"	Duck, N. R.	"	21/9/17
2747b	"	Neale, A. E.	"	8/10/17
6100	"	Smith, J.	"	2/10/17
6254	"	Grey, F. T. R.	"	21/9/17
3810	"	Milne, A. L.	"	"
6282	"	Llewelyn, D. L.	"	"
6135	"	Pratt, W. F.	"	"
2771	"	Gill, G. C.	"	"
5240	"	White, W. A.	"	"
1715c	"	Vigor, L. J.	D.o.W.	"
3645	"	Williams, A.	"	24/9/17
2771b	"	Riebe, R. H.	"	4/10/17
1920	"	Campion, G. G.	"	10/10/17
6846	"	Brady, R. N.	"	16/10/17
6217	"	Bleechmore, E. F.	"	14/10/17
6779	"	Leak, K. A.	"	9/10/17
6810	"	Patzel, L. R.	"	12/10/17
1362	"	Sample, H. E.	"	14/10/17
..	Lt.	Smith, C. M.	"	1/10/17
2439	Pte.	Slade, H.	"	19/8/16
4885	"	Taylor, A. J.	"	16/7/16
2366	"	Fechan, M	"	22/9/16
2167	L.-Cpl.	Hannaford, J. C.	"	27/10/16
505	Pte.	Hunter, T.	"	31/7/16
5840	"	Huppet, F. E.	D.o.D.	16/12/16
124	"	Manuel, W. O.	"	24/12/16
6957	"	Allen, C.	"	27/2/17
1569	"	Johnson, A.	"	6/3/17
5742	"	Norton, B. H.	Buried	"
1913	"	Bock, C. H.	"	13/12/16
5854	"	Shepherd, T. F.	"	2/8/16

No.	Rank	Name	Record	Date
2703	Pte.	Kenneth, E.	Died	31/3/17
1832	"	Vogel, F.	Buried	"
5449	"	Williams, D. N.	"	"
5808	"	Robertson, J.	"	"
6796	"	McLeod, L. L.	D.o.D.	14/6/17
6995	"	Davies, G.	D.o.W.	1/11/17
2821b	"	Vigor, O. V.	K.i.A.	9/10/17
6713	"	Allchurch, C.	"	21/9/17
3705	"	Bryan, T.	"	7/11/17
6496	"	Duncan, H. E.	"	3/11/17
5378	"	Hockey, L. J.	"	"
1547	"	Warhurst, F. K.	"	"
5453	"	Winckel, A. O.	D.o.W.	6/11/17
1579	L.-Cpl.	Parker, C. A.	K.i.A.	8/10/17
4530	Pte.	Murphy, J. C.	"	"
303	Cpl.	Cox, A.	"	6/5/17
1575	L.-Cpl.	Nicholls, E. J.	"	9/5/17
3220a	Pte.	Norris, F. J.	"	7/5/17
3419	"	McInerney, L. L.	"	23-25/7/16
4449	L.-Cpl.	Campbell, J.	"	8/4/17
4541	Pte.	Nation, C. S.	"	6/5/17
5799	"	Moss, W. J.	"	8/4/17
6503	"	Edwards, A. J.	"	6/5/17
..	2nd Lt.	Virgoe, R. G.	"	21/12/17
6856	Pte.	Briggs, O. L.	"	17/12/17
1743	"	Ely, C.	"	"
7025	"	Lawrie, A. H.	"	20/12/17
..	Lt.	Cruickshank, E.	"	25/12/17
1025	Cpl.	Wood, R.	"	29/12/17
872	Pte.	Jenkins, S. H.	"	3/1/18
3584	"	Prettijohn, H. C.	"	6/1/18
959	L.-Cpl.	Lee-Thomas, H.	"	8/1/18
6224	Pte.	Charlesworth, M. W.	"	21/9/17
6487	"	Carrison, A. W.	D.o.W.	9/1/18
2664b	"	Gross, R. .C.	"	2/3/18
6483	"	Burnett, L. W.	"	1/3/18
1933	T.-Sgt.	Dallas, J. D.	K.i.A.	21/3/18
6829	Pte.	Swift, L.	"	"
6597	L.-Cpl.	Ward, H. L.	D.o.D.	22/3/18
6803	Pte.	Newbery, R. G.	K.i.A.	26/3/18
2867	"	Foster, C.	"	27/3/18
1195	"	Williams, E. G.	"	"
2973	"	Wills, R. R.	D.o.W.	"
755	Cpl.	Eyre, L. F. R.	"	30/3/18
2383	Pte.	Henderson, J.	"	21/3/18
1878	"	Atkinson, E. A.	K.i.A.	18/4/18
128	Sgt.	Taylor, G. C.	"	16/4/18
3089	Pte.	Cameron, H.	"	"
2444	L.-Cpl.	Dunham, C. W.	D.o.W.	21/4/18
2446b	Pte.	Wood, W. R.	"	17/4/18
1725	"	Bryant, H.	"	11/4/18
2793b	L.-Cpl.	Small, G.	K.i.A.	20/4/18
..	Lt.	Jackson, A. H.	"	24/4/18
..	"	Sprott, J.	"	"
18	Pte.	Wemyss, R.	"	"
915	Stf.-Sgt.	Thomson, I. W. W.	"	"
1153	Pte.	Lees, D.	"	"
1992	L.-Cpl.	Moore, R.	"	"
2214	L.-Sgt.	Robinson, F.	"	"

No.	Rank	Name	Record	Date
2257	Pte.	Westerberg, H.	K.i.A.	24/4/18
2783	"	Archibald, C. K.	"	"
3478	"	Davis, F.	"	"
5121	L.-Cpl.	Horner, E. G.	"	"
5220	Pte.	Taylor, J. J.	"	"
5832	"	Corn, J. P.	"	"
6229	"	Crabb, M. J. R.	"	"
6475	"	Ovason, L. L.	"	"
6728	L.-Cpl.	Barclay, P. J.	"	"
6793	Pte.	Norris, R. F.	"	"
7116	"	Voumard, W. H.	"	"
7119	"	Weatherspoon, H. L.	"	"
7559	"	Townsend, B. B.	"	"
7561	"	Turner, C. E.	"	"
7565	"	Warnest, J. E.	"	"
7579	"	Findlay, V. J.	"	"
6248	"	Ford, T. B.	Buried	"
6844	"	Vawser, W. H.	"	"
886	"	Burton, R.	"	"
1362	"	Sample, H. E.	"	"
3001	"	Brecken, H. E.	"	"
2843a	"	Wylie, P. S.	"	"
7000	"	Forbes, D. M.	"	"
580	"	McKay, A. J.	"	"
7479	"	Donelly, D. D.	D.o.D.	10/3/18
1301	"	Althorp, A. H.	Buried	"
2664	"	Gross, R. C.	"	"
..	Maj.	Henwood, H. N.	"	"
2973	Pte.	Wells, R. R.	"	"
..	Lt.	Laurie, L. B.	D.o.W.	27/4/18
5273	L.-Cpl.	James, F.	K.i.A.	24/4/18
7382	Pte.	Riches, L. W.	"	"
2047	"	Johnson, W.	"	"
3961	Dr.	Williams, C. J.	"	28/4/18
7491	Pte.	Green, H. W.	"	"
7087	"	Wellham, G. W.	"	30/4/18
791	Cpl.	Moore, A. J.	"	12/5/18
3496	Pte.	Garnish, W. J.	"	3/6/18
6580	"	Smith, L. B.	"	12/5/18
7486	"	Fitzgerald, F. H.	"	9/5/18
923	Cpl.	Lovell, F. C.	"	30/6/18
1126	L.-Cpl.	Crowhurst, V. P.	"	9/5/18
1800	C.Q.M.S.	Radbone, H. G.	"	30/6/18
1992	L.-Cpl.	Moore, R.	"	"
4467	Pte.	Edson, R. L.	"	4/7/18
4524	"	Morgan, H. C.	"	30/6/18
7076	"	Tamblyn, C. D.	"	"
7065	"	Scott, S. K.	"	9/5/18
7360	"	Pascall, H. H.	"	"
2411	"	Morey, J. L.	"	"
..	Lt.	Hill, A. T. (M.C.)	"	30/5/18
1499	Pte.	Larkin, T.	"	28/5/18
3331	"	Henley, D. H.	"	"
3651	"	Wicks, G.	"	30/5/18
3856	"	Pearce, G. D. B.	"	3/6/18
4549a	Cpl.	Pade, C. V.	"	30/5/18
5254	Pte.	Price, W. H.	"	"
6318	L.-Cpl.	Rolfe, R. J.	"	3/6/18
6793	Pte.	Morris, R. F.	"	"

No.	Rank	Name	Record	Date
7039	Pte.	Mildren, F. O. H.	K.i.A.	9/5/18
7438	Sgt.	Giles, R. S.	"	30/5/18
7509	"	Kockna, O. H.	"	"
7234	Pte.	Frost, F. F.	"	"
7530	"	North, C. J. R.	"	4/6/18
755	"	Davis, J.	"	30/5/18
2258	"	Williams, J. H.	"	"
2897	"	Keough, K. A.	"	"
1964	"	Pederson, L. C.	"	"
4460	"	Davis, A. R.	"	"
6745	"	Estick, S. W.	"	"
7465	"	Canny, F. J.	"	4/6/18
7518	"	Mackereth, S. R.	"	24/7/18
1946	"	Griffiths, T. E.	"	"
3712	"	Cass, T.	"	"
315	"	Donald, G. H.	"	"
1960	"	Hurn, G. S.	"	5/7/18
7008	"	Halpin, J.	"	30/7/18
7017	"	Jackson, L. E.	"	"
2423	Cpl.	Penna, H.	D.o.W.	5/5/18
..	Lt.	Mills, S. S.	K.i.A.	20/9/17
3182	Cpl.	Keley, A. H.	"	21/9/17
3569b	Pte.	Olston, F. A.	"	"
5072	L.-Cpl.	Corrie, A. E.	"	"
5746	Pte.	Picken, J.	"	"
6497	"	Dolling, S. H. E.	"	"
6993	"	Dally, C. F.	"	"
5798	"	Meyr, W. C.	"	"
6031	"	Warren, F. O.	"	"
6473	"	Adams, T. C.	"	"
6507	"	Ferres, E. L.	"	"
6831	"	Seigert, G. W.	"	"
6982	"	Christian, W. L.	"	"
..	2nd. Lt.	Wilsden, W. H. (D.C.M.)	"	8/10/17
949	Sgt.	Page, W. L.	"	"
6719	Pte.	Buder, E. W.	"	21/9/17
2108	"	Barrow, H. W.	"	8/10/17
2778b	"	Rowney, A. R.	"	"
3370	"	Doig, J. J.	"	"
5673	"	Charters, W. W.	"	"
5716	"	Johns, H. N.	"	"
2051	"	Campion, W. E.	"	"
6563	"	Pendle, H. McL.	"	1/10/17
3931	"	Sutcliffe, W.	"	6/11/16
150c	"	Pybus, F. H.	"	8/10/17
3449	"	Whitford, R. V.	"	6/10/17
2398	L.-Cpl.	Lanchester, J. A.	"	"
6805	Pte.	Newton, H.	"	8/10/17
3707	"	Higgs, H.	D.o.W.	7/10/17
7059	"	Phillips, A. V.	"	21/9/17
3254	"	Little, A.	K.i.A.	4/16/18
3365	"	Davis, W. C.	"	30/5/18
5366	"	Gill, L. I. M.	"	4/6/18
..	Lt.	Corcoran, T. L.	D.o.W.	30/5/18
1974b	Pte.	Rees, F. S. W.	"	3/6/18
..	Lt.	McInerney, J. M.	K.i.A.	28/6/18
7538	Pte.	Pickering, A. C.	"	26/6/18
3163	"	Williams, E.	D.o.W.	5/6/18
761	"	Thorne, G. W.	K.i.A.	28/6/17

No.	Rank	Name	Record	Date
6544	Pte.	Matthews, E. A. W.	K.i.A.	27/6/18
5178	"	Phillips, G.	"	28/6/18
7331	"	Hocking, S. R.	"	"
7364	"	Bravenboer, W.	"	"
7512	"	Lambert, T.	"	"
7533	"	Oswald, J. L.	"	"
1506	"	Rise, D. W.	"	30/6/18
3809	"	Millhouse, R. V. M.	"	"
4596	Cpl.	Wark, R. F.	"	"
6133	Pte.	Mattinson, E. V.	"	"
6792	"	Mitchell, F. W.	"	4/7/18
7508	"	Knight, J. G.	"	"
772	Sgt.	Bradley, F. M. (M.M.)	"	30/6/18
1946	Pte.	Whiting, J. F.	"	4/7/18
3331b	"	Hanley, D. H.	D.o.W.	2/7/18
7481	"	Dyson, L. D. A.	"	30/6/18
..	Lt.	Scott, C. J.	K.i.A.	22/7/18
7551	Pte.	Smith, P. J. A.	"	"
1146c	"	Hurrell, G. E.	"	"
7051	"	Opie, P. J.	"	23/7/18
7061	"	Randell, J. C.	"	"
6498	"	Durkley, L. L.	"	24/7/18
2104	"	Best, G. H.	"	"
6020	"	Skuse, A. F.	"	"
619	Sgt.	Sinclair, J. M.	"	30/7/18
649	Cpl.	McDonald, R. F.	"	"
2416	L.-Cpl.	Nelson, F. D.	"	"
5088	Cpl.	Dunn, G. A.	"	"
5765	"	Varcoe, R. N. (M.M.)	"	26/7/18
7017	Pte.	Jackson, N. E.	"	30/7/18
7289	"	Ramsay, G.	"	"
7510	"	Kreuger, A. R. H.	"	"
..	2nd Lt.	Pearce, A. A.	"	10/8/18
7306	Pte.	Smith, F. H.	D.o.W.	30/5/18
..	Lt.	Younger, J. J. A.	K.i.A.	10/8/18
178	Sgt.	Steer, G. C.	"	"
355	"	Faint, W.	"	11/8/18
1110	"	Brown, H. C.	"	10/8/18
1336	C.S.M.	Dyer, S. A.	"	"
1903	Pte.	Baker, H.	"	"
2381	Cpl.	Hansen, W. E.	"	"
6463	Pte.	Groves, G. E.	D.o.W.	(31/7/18)
2450a	L.-Cpl.	Cole, J.	K.i.A.	11/8/18
3333	"	Green, H. T.	D.o.W.	30/7/18
2576b	Pte.	A'hearn, J. P.	K.i.A.	11/8/18
2700	Sgt.	Williams, C. A.	"	"
3469b	"	Chenir, W. P. (M.M.)	"	10/8/18
3493b	L.-Cpl.	Freeman, B. (M.M.)	"	"
3494b	"	Gardner, E.	"	"
3651b	Pte.	Oldfield, S. H.	"	"
3824	"	Mumford, L. R.	"	11/8/18
3968	"	Winckler, C. W.	"	"
4468	"	Ellis, T. G.	"	10/8/18
5251	"	Lober, T. N. R.	"	11/8/18
5370	"	Guy, P. G.	"	10/8/18
2800b	L.-Cpl.	Suttcliffe, A.	"	11/8/18
5969	"	Bawden, H.	"	10/8/18
6110	Pte.	Bennett, F.	"	"
6128	"	Gibbs, W. C.	"	"

<i>No.</i>	<i>Rank</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Record</i>	<i>Date</i>
6130	Pte.	Campbell, D. T.	K.i.A.	11/8/18
6480	"	Bagley, C. J.	"	10/8/10
6567	"	Pitt, R. H.	"	11/8/18
6575	L.-Cpl.	Rhue, T. E. L.	"	10/8/18
7216	Pte.	Campbell, W. Y.	"	"
7494	"	Harrison, F. F.	"	11/8/18
7541	"	Regan, J. E.	"	10/8/18
1050	"	Marshall, A.	D.o.W.	24/8/18
1993	"	Morris, A. H.	"	15/8/18
3547 <i>b</i>	Cpl.	Miller, A.	"	11/8/18
3573 <i>b</i>	Pte.	Palmer, S. J. T.	"	17/8/18
4606	"	Wise, F. S.	"	14/8/18
5410	"	McKay, R. J. L.	"	15/8/18
6235	"	Dennis, D. E.	"	19/8/18
7284	"	Retchford, L. L. A.	"	28/8/18
2875 <i>a</i>	"	Witcombe, J. F. T.	"	27/8/18
..	Lt.	Angove, E. L.	K.i.A.	23/8/18
..	2nd Lt.	Coombe, H. H.	"	"
..	"	Sharpe, F.	"	"
1461	L.-Cpl.	Fuller, R.	"	"
5085	Pte.	Dawson, A. H.	"	26/8/18
6955	L.-Cpl.	Atkinson, F. J. E. R.	"	"
7205	Pte.	Bowden, H. L.	"	"
3697	"	Brown, A. T.	D.o.W.	"
..	Capt.	Young, R. P.	K.i.A.	18/9/18
1544	Pte.	Shipley, A. E.	"	"
2860	Cpl.	Easther, G. (M.M.)	"	"
3842	Pte.	Norman, R. S.	"	"
4446	L.-Cpl.	Broadbent, L. H.	"	"
4555	Cpl.	Picker, W. P.	"	"
6816	Pte.	Roberts, J.	"	(3-9)/10-17
5456	"	Kneale, R. R.	"	"
6132	"	Maloney, J. J.	"	18/9/18
6783	"	Manser, W. C.	"	"
6981	"	Collins, W. G.	"	"
7213	"	Barnes, E. W.	"	"
6150	"	Townsend, A. J.	"	"
7468	"	Cave, G. A.	"	"
7489	"	Goodier, F. H.	"	"
..	Lt.	White, A. D.	D.o.W.	"
185 <i>c</i>	Pte.	Taylor, W.	"	"
2119	"	Burrows, P. C.	"	"
3556 <i>b</i>	"	McCawley, J. J.	"	19/9/18
3603 <i>b</i>	"	Simpson, F.	"	18/9/18
3847	"	O'Brien, C.	"	20/9/18
7313	"	Williams, H.	"	18/9/18
7327	"	Carter, W.	"	"
7526	"	Miller, E.	"	29/9/18



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